

THE NAPANEE

Vol. L] No 35 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA.



**JOY'S
Brick and
Block
Yard.**

Now is the time to build and make your repairs, while material is cheap and plentiful. JOY & SON have a large stock on hand, and are prepared to fill all orders on the shortest notice, for Brick, Concrete Blocks, and all kinds of Ornamental Stone for verandah construction.]

A Full Line of Sewer and Drain Tile on Hand.

Well Curbing for all size wells.—We build a fireproof and indestructible Chimney which any handy man can put in place.—We wholesale and retail Portland Cement. Special prices in car lots.—Estimates furnished for all kinds of buildings. Give us a call. Office and factory near G. T. R. bridge.

JOY & SON.

THE NEW SANITARY MEAT MARKET

opposite Town Hall.

Everything spotless and clean.
Choice western beef always in stock.
Beef all government inspected.
Choice spring lamb and mutton, veal and pork and home-made lard.
Choice line of cooked meat, jellied beef, jellied pork, veal, ham and tongue, veal and tongue, roasted ham, boiled ham, and English corn beef—all government inspected.
Fearman's hams and bacon.
Davies hams and bacon.
Fowler's hams and bacon.

Prompt delivery.

A. KELLY.

Phone 135.

15th

**CLOVER,
ALSIKE,
—and—
TIMOTHY SEED
—ALSO—
FARMER'S
DRIED APPLES
—WANTED AT—
OVRNINOTONIC**

NOTICE is hereby given that a court will be held pursuant to the Ontario Voters' Lists Act by His Honour the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the Village of Bath, on the 18th DAY OF AUGUST, 1911, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters List of the Municipality of Bath for 1911.

Dated at Bath this 1st day of Aug. 1911

E. P. SHEPARD,
Clerk of Bath.

VOTERS' LISTS, 1911.

Municipality of the Township of Denbigh Abinger and Ashby,
County of Lennox and Addington.

Notice is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of "The Ontario Voters' Lists Act" the copies required by the said sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the list made pursuant to the said Act of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said municipality to be entitled to vote in the said municipality at elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections, and the said list was first posted up in my office at Tamworth on the 31st day of July, 1911, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law,

PAUL STEIN,

Clerk of the said Municipality.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1911.

**ALBERT
COLLEGE
BELLEVILLE, ONT.**

Over 300 students enrolled annually, half of whom are young ladies. Highest advantages in all departments. Buildings heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Will re-open Monday, September 11th, 1911.

DR. JOHN P. VROOMAN

**Nominated by the Liberals
of Lennox and Addington**

HON. WM. PATTERSON

ADDRESSES THE MEETING.

On Tuesday morning over one hundred and fifty representatives from the various polling divisions in the county, assembled in the opera house to nominate a candidate to represent the Liberal interest in the present Dominion campaign. Only one gentleman was nominated, Dr. J. P. Vrooman, nominated by Messrs. F. S. Wartman and F. F. Miller. Mr. Vrooman was therefore tendered the unanimous nomination, which he accepted in a few words. Short addresses were made by a number of the representatives present and the meeting was adjourned until the afternoon at 2 p. m.

Mr. H. B. Sherwood, president of the Liberal Association of Lennox and Addington presided, and promptly at 2 p. m., opened the afternoon meeting in a forceful address, strongly criticized Hon. J. P. Whiting's speech at Toronto and made timely references to the Reciprocity agreement on which the present election campaign must be fought out, speaking of wheat, Mr. Sherwood showed that in a few years Canada may be producing more wheat than the British market can consume and we must look to the United States for a market where in a few years they will not produce enough wheat for home consumption.

Dr. J. P. Vrooman spoke but briefly. He said he knew more about pills than politics at present but expected to know something of politics very soon. Mr. Vrooman declared his firm faith in the government's policy and noted the foolish inconsistency of those who urged the annexation cry against the Reciprocity agreement. He also expressed his firm belief that the Reciprocity agreement was the best thing ever offered the farmers of Canada. Mr. Vrooman expects to meet the farmers at meetings in the various polling divisions and would leave the present meeting in the hands of Mr. Patterson. He closed with the statement that he had not yet met a man who believed in the annexation cry.

Mr. Chas. Anderson made a brief common sense speech. He was on the platform in the interest of common humanity. As a farmer delegate to Ottawa some months ago, one of the requests made by the farmers of the government was this very Reciprocity agreement and he was not now going back on what he advocated then. Reciprocity will be a good thing for this country. He had made a study of the question from a farmer's standpoint. Canada can market her produce in the Eastern states much cheaper than the farmers in the Western states. Does any farmer, business man or mechanic leave well enough alone? Do we not all of us seek to improve our condition each year. Mr. Anderson wished to appear on the platform to show which side he was on and did not consider himself a traitor to the conservative party in supporting reciprocity and furthering the interests of himself and brother

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber, Napanee,
Aug. 7th, 1911.

Council met in regular session, Mayor A. S. Kimmerly presiding.

Present—Reeve Alexander, and Councillors Stevens, Waller, Steacy, Dickinson and Denison.

The minutes of the last regular session were read and confirmed.

A communication was read from the School Board asking the council to provide for the raising of the sum of \$4300 to provide for improvements to the West Ward School. Filed.

A communication was read from H. M. Deroche stating that Mrs. P. Booth intended to bring action against the town for injuries sustained in a fall on a defective sidewalk on the north side of Water street. The accident on or about June 24th, and the injury sustained caused Mrs. Booth to give birth to a still born child. Mr. Deroche advised that the town financially reimburse the lady for injuries sustained.

Laid on the table until later in the evening.

Messrs. D. C. McNaughton, John S. Ham and N. J. Sills petitioned the council for a four foot granolithic walk on the south side of Dundas street, between Union and Donald streets.

Referred to the Streets Committee to report.

The Chairman of the Fiance Committee presented the Treasurer's monthly report which was adopted.

The Streets Committee asked for further time to report on the matter of the canal at the approach to the Gibbard furniture factory. Granted The Town Property Committee reported that, with the approval of the council, they had rented to Mr. T. Windover the property on the west side of the market for the sum of seven dollars per month.

A by-law to authorize the issue of debentures of the Town of Napanee to the amount of \$4500 for the purpose of raising \$4500 to provide for the cost of installing a system of heating and ventilating in the West Ward School was introduced and finally passed.

Mr. Brodie, representing the Sawyer Massey Co., of Hamilton, addressed the council in reference to the purchase of a road roller. The price asked was \$2700, the town having the option of either paying cash or buying it on the installment plan.

The by-law between the corporation of the Town of Napanee and the Seymour Power Co., for the sale of the town's electric plant, having received the assent of the voters of the town, was given its third reading and finally passed.

On motion of Coun. Stevens, seconded by Reeve Alexander, the communication from H. M. Deroche re Mrs. Booth, was ordered filed.

Dr. Stratton addressed the council on the matter of slaughterhouse within the town limit. All places for slaughtering cattle within the limits of the town had been closed up and it was up to the town to provide a public abattoir, and provide for the inspection of all meat which is sold in the town of Napanee. This is a question of vital importance and needs immediate attention. The doctor stated that statistics showed that about 60 per cent of all cattle, and 50 per cent of all milk cows are infected with tuberculosis. He hoped that instead of the council pursuing the usual course of taking no action, it would give this

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FARMER'S DRIED APPLES

—WANTED AT—

SYMINGTON'S.

Why Not send China

for weddings—you can send no more appropriate gift than a piece of

FINE CHINA

We have an immense range of fine articles, either separately or in sets, that would be most suitable for wedding or other gifts. In fact our china is too good for the regular trade and our intention is to sell out the whole lot. To accomplish this we will inaugurate

On June 1st

and for 30 days after a

Great Clearing Sale

at prices never before heard of. Come early and get first choice.

A. E. PAUL,

Paul's Bookstore.

THIS IS WHY

we sell more Regina's than Walthams, Elgins, or other American makes — any of which we will sell you, if you prefer.

They are the only 3 years universally guaranteed
Watch you can buy

This means 450 of the best jewellers in Canada will take care of our guarantee to you if you are away travelling, etc.

ALL parts factory finished and interchangeable, making repairs easy.

They are made by the most skillful watch mechanics in the world.

Marvellous timekeepers.
Hardly ever break mainsprings

REMEMBER we keep and can sell you all other makes of watches.

F. CHINNECK

Optician and
Jeweller.

Asphalt boiling over caused serious loss by fire to plants of Union Construction Co. and Ottawa Stone & Brick Co. at Ottawa.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy-Spread Lamination.

Over 300 students enrolled annually, half of whom are young ladies. Highest advantages in all departments. Buildings heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Will re open Monday, September 11th, 1911. For Calendar or room address

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D.

LICENSE DISTRICT OF ADDINGTON.

Notice is hereby given that Michael J. Fitzgerald, of the Village of Tamworth, has made application for permission to transfer his Tavern License for the premises in the Village of Tamworth, known as the Queen's Hotel, to Levi Bradshaw, of Tweed, and that application will be considered at the meeting of the Board of License Commissioners to be held at Richard Mahony's Hotel, in the Village of Erimville, on the 24th day of August, 1911, at 11 o'clock a.m.

All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

Dated at Tamworth, this 28th day of July, 1911.

JAMES McI. WHEELER.

31c Inspector for District of Addington.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of John George Smith, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129, of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John George Smith, late of the Town of Napanee, in the County of Lennox and Addington, carpenter, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of December, A.D. 1895, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to Uriah Morley Wilson, Napanee, Ontario, Solicitor for Edith Ann Smith, administratrix of the estate of the said John George Smith, deceased, on or before the 19th day of August, A.D. 1911, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 19th day of August, A.D. 1911, the said Administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which she shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands she has not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

U. M. WILSON,

Solicitor for the said Administratrix.

Dated this 2d day of August, 1911. 31c

EXECUTORS' NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Estate of Frederick William Creighton, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 129 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, Section 38, and amending acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Frederick William Creighton, late of the Township of Fredericksburgh, in the County of Lennox and Addington, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the 5th day of July, 1911, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to T. B. German, Napanee, Ont., Solicitor for the Executors, on or before the 25th day of August, 1911, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified and the nature of the security (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 25th day of August, 1911, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they have not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

T. B. GERMAN,

Solicitor for the Executors, George A. Creighton and Henry Creighton.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1911. 29d

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

When Frederick Blackman, a ventriloquist, threw his voice into the chimney corner, in Winsted, Conn., and cried "help" a group of frightened farmers tore the wall down trying to rescue the crying prisoner.

No spoiled fruit when you use the "Perfecto" fruit Jar Rings. When properly adjusted they will not allow the air to penetrate. You get them at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

than the farmers in the Western states. Does any farmer, business man or mechanic leave well enough alone? Do we not all of us seek to improve our condition each year. Mr. Anderson wished to appear on the platform to show which side he was on and did not consider himself a traitor to the conservative party in supporting reciprocity and furthering the interests of himself and brother farmers. He would like the farmers of Lennox and Addington to show the country that there were enough patriots in this county to elect a supporter of reciprocity.

HON. WM. PATTERSON.

Mr. Patterson in opening his address noted that his first visit to Napanee in 1878 had been a strenuous one. He had been received with cries of "throw him out," but fortunately no blood was shed. A local conservative with more zeal than discretion interrupted Mr. Patterson somewhat and threats were made to eject him bodily.

Mr. Patterson dealt almost exclusively with the reciprocity issue, directing his argument to the general aspects of the question, pointing out the illogical character of the stock Opposition criticisms of the pact, clearing away the many misrepresentation as to its real import, and asking the electors in conclusion simply to give a fair trial to a trade agreement, simple in essence, in consonance with the policy of both parties in Canada for the past forty years, in the interests of producers and consumers alike, and which, even if it did not gratify the well-founded claims of its advocates, could be rescinded at any time without any possible serious danger to either national or Imperial interests.

The opportunity, he said, was offered for the securing of a near and great market of ninety millions of people without sacrificing any interest of either the home or the British market. Were the opportunity let pass it might be years before it was again offered on terms so mutually advantageous. The advantages were obvious, the disadvantages chimerical. It surely was worth a trial. The real cause of the Conservative party's opposition to the agreement was he believed, in the last analysis, simply because Fielding and Patterson, representing a Liberal Government, had obtained without solicitation a far better agreement than that which the Conservative Governments of Sir John Macdonald, Sir John Thompson and Sir Charles Tupper had vainly sought for decades. He believed the two old ladies who had been asleep for thirty years, to quote Mr. E. B. Osler's dignified description of the representatives, had made a common-sense agreement with President Taft, which if now ratified by the people would make the greatest forward step taken by Canada in fifty years.

Dr. J. P. Vroomen is undoubtedly the very strongest candidate that could have been selected. A leading physician, well-known and popular throughout the whole riding where he has spent his whole life, on the personal equation side alone he is assured of a considerable support from his conservative friends.

With reciprocity as the issue in the border constituency, where the farmers still have a vivid recollection of the golden days when they shipped their barley, hay, apples and other farm produce into the freer American market and got highest prices for them; with Conservative farmers appearing on the Liberal platform in active support of the pro-reciprocity candidate; with a solid and well organized Liberal vote behind him, and with a conservative majority of only 152 at the last election to overcome, the indications were never brighter for the capture of the seat, which has always been good Liberal fighting ground.

No Express next week.

See our beautiful pianos at A. E. Paul's book and music store, Napanee.
VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow.

was up to the town to provide a public abattoir, and provide for the inspection of all meat which is sold in the town of Napanee. This is a question of vital importance and needs immediate attention. The doctor stated that statistics showed that about 60 per cent of all cattle, and 50 per cent of all milk cows are infected with tuberculosis. He hoped that instead of the council pursuing the usual course of taking no action, it would give this question immediate attention.

Moved by Coun. Stevens, seconded by Reeve Alexander, that the question of the purchase of a steam road roller be left in the hands of the Streets Committee to report at the next session of council.

Moved by Coun. Denison, seconded by Reeve Alexander, that the proposed five foot cement walk on the north side of Bridge street, between John and East streets, be placed outside the trees. Carried.

Moved by Coun. Stevens, seconded by Coun. Steacy, that the local papers be used to advertise for sale the debentures for raising money for the improvements to the West Ward school, said advertisement to run for three weeks. Carried.

The following accounts were ordered paid:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| A. VanLaven..... | \$ 50 |
| A. VanLaven..... | 1 25 |
| M. Maracle..... | 45 00 |
| T. Windover..... | 2 08 |
| Fred L. Hooper..... | 1 70 |
| F. S. Wartonian..... | 1 50 |
| Boyle & Son..... | 4 15 |
| P. Bergin..... | 48 25 |
| C. F. H. Edgar..... | 5 65 |
| C. F. H. Edgar..... | 5 65 |
| Electric Light Commissioners— | |
| Streets..... | 271 06 |
| Town hall..... | 17 10 |
| Fire hall..... | 9 80 |
| Harvey Warner Park..... | 24 00 |
| Town clock..... | 13 00 |
| G. C. Wright..... | 374 50 |
| E. J. Pollard..... | 31 75 |
| Napanee Beaver..... | 171 80 |
| Registry Office..... | 7 50 |
| The Graham Co..... | 50 |
| Chas. Stevens..... | 37 75 |

The following accounts were referred: Fred L. Hooper, \$1.00, Poor and Sanitary Committee with power to act; Gas Co., \$25.22, Finance Committee with power to act; Boyle and Son, \$6.35, Fire, water and Light Committee with power to act; Chas. Stevens, \$37.75, Streets Committee with power to act.

Council adjourned.

THE NAPANEE CHEESE BOARD

Cheese Sold at 12 1-4c and 12 5-16c.

The Napanee cheese board met in the Council Chamber at 2 p. m., President Chas. Anderson presiding. Fourteen factories offered 1585 cheese for sale of which 610 were white and 975 colored. Bidding opened at 12½c and closed at 12 5-16c, at which price 255 cheese were sold, and 890 cheese were sold at 12½c. The following factories boarded:

| | White | Col |
|---------------------|-------|-----|
| Emsey..... | 40 | |
| Kingsford..... | 75 | |
| Forest Mills..... | 130 | |
| Odesa..... | 280 | |
| Excelsior..... | 125 | |
| Farmers Friend..... | 20 | 95 |
| Marlbank..... | 70 | |
| Palace Road..... | 140 | |
| Centreville..... | 100 | |
| Selby..... | 155 | |
| Deseronto..... | 125 | |
| Metzler..... | 80 | |
| Wilton..... | 80 | |
| Whitman Creek..... | 70 | |

Another shipment of that Imported Pure Cattle Soap just received at Hoopers—Napanee's Largest, Drug Store. Ask for "Shell Brand."

Anyone willing to part with his right index finger can make a fortune, Mrs. Reginald Waldorf, Philadelphia, had her finger amputated and has advertised for a new one.

THE EXPRESS

A QUARTER OF A CENTURY

finds us in the lead for
Plumbing, Steam, Hot
Water and Hot Air
Heating.

M. S. MADOLE

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

NAPANEE—FRIDAY, AUGUST 11th, 1911

J. L. BOYES' SUMMER CLEARING SALE

Every Man or Boys' Suit in the store marked in plain figures at Reduced Prices from 25 to 33 per cent.

Straw Hats at 30 and 40 per cent. reduction.

Boys' Shirt Waists at ½ price. Regular 75c for 38c, 50c for 25c.

Men's Soft Shirts, regular value 75c, \$1, and \$1.25 —at 47c

J. L. BOYES,

TAMWORTH.

Sunday School Union Picnic will be held at Beaver Lake on Aug. 16.

C. H. Rose and wife are visiting his brother, Sidney Rose at Lynn, Mass.

Messrs. Shorey's of Newburgh are calling at Beaver Lake.

Miss Henry, of Vancouver, is visiting her parents, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Henry.

W. A. Fuller and Sons of Brockville are visiting friends in Town.

The storm of Sunday last done considerable damage in this Section to Barns and other Buildings. Jas. Lynch lost a large barn struck by lightning and 25 tons of Hay. Mr. Quin of Croydon lost a valuable barn.

John Coulter and son, of Watertown, are visiting his sister and mother.

Miss Blanche Hunter has gone to Toronto for her holidays.

Mr. Pringle and Wickem Brothers with their wives, of Rochester, N. Y., are camping at John Woodcocks.

Dr. Beeman and family of Newburgh are camping at Beaver Lake.

H. E. Thornton and party have gone camping to test their New Patent Stove.

Rev. Jones and family are camping at Beaver Lake.

Mrs. George Taylor, Napanee, is visiting friends in Town.

Mrs. Joseph Teskey, of Wellington, is visiting friends in Town.

Huckle-berries have been very plentiful, thousands of pails have been shipped from this part.

Rev. Mr. Henry will accompany his daughter as far as St. Paul, en route to Victoria.

Girls and Boys Straw Hats at half

KINGSFORD.

Harvesting is almost completed in this section, and threshing has once more commenced.

Mrs. R. Abbott has gone to Beloit, Wis. to visit her son and other friends.

Miss M. Whiteman, Lonsdale has just heard of her success in securing her second class certificate.

Rev. D. O. McArthur, Iroquois has been spending the past week with Mr. and Mrs. Albert McCollough. Mr. McArthur was the former pastor of the Lonsdale Presbyterian church, and occupied that pulpit on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Huycke and little son, Henry, of Prince Edward county, have been visiting relatives here last week.

Some Deseronto people called on Mr. Geo. Sexsmith on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mothersell are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McHenry.

Mr. J. Brennan was at home on Sunday last.

Miss T. McNeil, has been hired as teacher for the coming year in school section No. 14.

Mr. L. McCullough Toronto, is now spending his holidays at his home at Kingsford.

An Ottawa boy, Frank Helman, aged thirteen, put his head out of a street car window and was fatally injured when another car whizzed by.

So successful have been the operations of the American Leper Settlements on the Island of Ceylon in the Philippines that the British government has formally requested permission to transport to that place for treatment about forty lepers now at British North Borneo.

Pictou, Aug. 8.—Lieut.-Col. Thomas Bog, Pictou's "grand old man," passed away this morning, aged 85. He had been failing for some months. Lieut.-Col. Bog was known as the father of the 10th Regiment. He was born in Montreal December 18, 1826. Col. Bog left Montreal in 1836 to live in Prescott. Here, as an eleven-year-old lad, he witnessed the battle of the Windmill, one of the most stirring events of the rebellion of 1837-38. Since 1842 Col. Bog's home has been in Pictou. In December, 1862, he was instrumental in raising the first company of volunteers forming the nucleus for the subsequent 10th Regiment.

HOW TO BECOME INVISIBLE.

A Sample of the Mummy Used in Ancient Witchcraft.

Some curious formulae of ancient witchcraft are given in Mr. A. E. Waite's "Book of Ceremonial Magic." Here is a recipe for becoming invisible:

"Begin this operation on a Wednesday before the sun rises, being furnished with seven black beans. Take next the head of a dead man. Place one of the beans in his mouth, two in his eyes and two in his ears. Then make upon the head the character of the figure which here follows. (Omitted.) This done, inter the head with the face toward heaven, and every day before sunrise for the space of nine days water it with excellent brandy. "On the eighth day you will find the head will be so water-soaked that it will sink into water."

DAFOE & WALLER

Lumber, Shingles, Lath, Posts, Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Etc.

AGENTS for Canadian Fairbanks Gas and Marine Engines.

AGENTS for Ruberoid Roofing and Flooring.

FACTORY next to the Big Mill. Phone 14

WANTED—Good general servant. Apply to P. O. Box 339, Napanee, Ont. 24

HOUSES TO RENT—Two desirable houses on Bridge street east. Apply to G. R. JOY. 50

TO RENT OR FOR SALE—Store occupied by the undersigned. Apply to F. CHINNECK. 31

FOR PRIVATE SALE—Household effects at residence of F. BURROWS, Robert street. 35 a p

STENOGRAPHER WANTED—Must be capable and quick. Apply to T. B. GERMAN, Napanee. 36

FOR SALE—The brick residence on East Street, formerly occupied by the late Mrs. J. D. Ham. Apply to HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE. 31f

WANTED AT ONCE—A good competent girl, must be able to cook. Highest wages paid. Apply to MRS. HERR. DALY, Bridge street. 35b

HOUSE FOR SALE, with two lots, new house 38 x 24, barn 28 x 24, electric light, hard and soft water, a splendid property at a low price. Apply to M. PIZZARIELLO. 11

THE ANDREWS PROPERTY. Piety Hill, is being offered at a sacrifice price. Large brick house, brick barn, and four full sized lots. Apply to MESSRS. HERRINGTON WARNER & GRANGE. 24 f

TO LET—9 Roomed Dwelling, square ceilings up stairs, good cellar and cistern, newly renovated, pleasant locality, corner Mill and West Streets. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent. 29

HOUSE FOR SALE—\$2500 will buy the large, modern, brick house on Bridge street, formerly the property of the late R. J. Wright. Large lot, modern conveniences, electric light, etc. Apply to S. C. DENISON, chairman Town Property Committee. 33

FOR SALE—The Willett Arnold farm at Forest Mills, 60 acres, part of lots 13 and 14, in the 8th concession of Richmond. Good building and choice land, and well watered. Will sell right as owner has moved to the Northwest. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Box 526, Grange Block, Napanee. 17f

40 FARMS FOR SALE in Napanee and Jelloville districts. Many of these are valuable farms, and at right price. Call at once or write for list. We can suit you, and you will save time and money. Also some

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee. Money to loan.

Telephones—Office 93, Residence 152.

Veteran Land Grants Wanted

Ontario or Dominion, located or unlocated

MULHOLLAND & CO.,

28-1-y McKinnon Bldg., Toronto.

DOXSEE & CO.

July Sale of Gloves, Blouses, Hosiery, and Millinery

commencing

Saturday, July 1st

Lisle Thread Gloves in White and Black elbow lengths, lace tops. Regular price 50c, SALE PRICE 38c.

Lisle in Black and Tan. Regular 80c, SALE PRICE 50c.

White, all lace. Regular 80c, SALE PRICE 50c.

MILLINERY

Large Sailors, in the latest New York designs. Regular price \$1.75, SALE PRICE \$1.00.

The Leading Millinery House

THE - DOMINION - BANK
NAPANEE BRANCH

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Capital Paid up..... \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... 5,300,000

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visiting friends in town.
Mrs. Joseph Teskey, of Wellington, is visiting friends in Town.
Huckle-berries have been very plentiful, thousands of pails have been shipped from this part.
Rev. Mr. Henry will accompany his daughter as far as St. Paul, en route to Victoria.
Girls and Boys Straw Hats at half price at Floyd & Co.

BAY CENTRE.

We had a very pleasant rain on Tuesday morning which was very acceptable.
Miss Magaie, Edgar, of Yarker, is spending a few days with Miss Emma McCabe.
Mr. and Mrs. E. O. McCabe, Bay Centre, Mr. and Mrs. Leonard McCabe, Napanee, and Mrs. Jas. Howes, of Winnipeg, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. McCabe last Sunday.
Mr. Lealand Perry returned home Monday evening after spending a few days in Picton.
Miss Gladys Scrimshaw, of Deseronto, is spending her holidays with her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. McCabe.
Master Walter Hambly and sister, Carmie, of Palace Road, are spending a few days with their grandmother, Mrs. Joseph Hambly.
Mrs. Albert Salisbury, Bethel, is spending a few days the guest of Mrs. W. T. McCabe.
The threshing machines are very busy in this locality.
Miss Maud Loucks, of Napanee, spent a few days of last week the guest of her cousin, Mrs. E. M. Huffman.
Miss Elsie Sherman returned to Kingston Monday after spending a couple of days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sherman.
Miss Clara Luffman is spending a few days in Napanee.
Mrs. A. Walker and children, of Brockville, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Damon Perry.

WILTON.

James Forsyth is again confined to his bed.
Reuben Hollingdale is suffering from a felon, and Erwell Miller is recovering from blood poisoning in the hand.
Mrs. Robert Miller and Miss Frankie Lake met with an accident near Bath, on Friday, on their return from Alfred Miller's, Sandhurst. The horse, becoming frightened at a traction engine upset the buggy breaking the shafts. Mrs. Miller received several cuts and bruises about the face, but Miss Lake escaped unhurt.
The preparatory meeting in the Presbyterian church, Friday evening, was addressed by Rev. Mr. Drennon, Sunbury.
A large number attended the annual excursion to the islands on Saturday, given by Rev. W. Wilson. During Mr. Wilson's absence, J. B. Sanderson conducted the services, on Sunday, at the appointments, and next Sunday, Jesse Lee will preach here.
Several of the ladies have been giving afternoon teas in honor of Miss Thompson, Chicago, and Miss Laura McClenaghan, Perth, who have been visiting at J. Carr's and H. Mills' respectively.
Mrs. Staples has returned to her daughter's, Mrs. W. H. Mills, after several months spent at her old home in Fredericton.
James Simmons and Stanley Macdonald went to the west, last week.
Visitors: Miss Moreland, is the guest of Miss Eva Gallagher; Mrs. Emerson and Mrs. (Dr.) Jaquith, at Guy Simmons'; Mrs. Summerby, Massey, and Mrs. E. Gandier, Newburgh, at J. Forsyth's; Mrs. C. W. Bulloch and two children, at W. H. Neilson's.

one of the beans in his mouth, two in his eyes and two in his ears. Then make upon the head the character of the figure which here follows. (Omitted.) This done, inter the head with the face toward heaven, and every day before sunrise for the space of nine days water it with excellent brandy.
"On the eighth day you will find the cited spirit, who will say unto you: 'What doest thou? You shall reply: 'I am watering my plant.' He will then say: 'Give me that bottle; I will water it myself.' You will answer by refusing, and he will again ask you, but you will persist in declining until he shall stretch forth his hand and show you the same figure which you have traced upon the head suspended from the tips of his fingers. In this case you may be assured that it is really the spirit of the head, because another might take you unawares, which would bring you evil, and, further, your operation would be unfruitful. When you have given him your vial he will water the head and depart. On the morrow, which is the ninth day, you shall return and shall find your beans ripe. Take them, place one in your mouth and then look at yourself in a glass. If you cannot see yourself it is good. Do the same with the rest or they may be tested in the mouth of a child."

ESKIMO WIDOWERS.

Six Weeks is the Limit They Will Wait Before Remarrying.
In civilization it is said that a wife does not always add to her husband's ease or render his life more supportable, but up on the barren grounds the worst of wives would be better than none.
There, among the heathen tribes, if a man's wife dies—provided he is not a polygamist, in which case, says the Wide World, there is less need for hurry—he often marries again within the week.
Even the Christian Eskimo widowers are with difficulty persuaded by the Moravian missionaries to allow six weeks to elapse between the death and remarriage. On the very day after the six weeks have lapsed the hunter presents himself with a new bride and asks that the marriage service may be speedily read.
The reason is not far to seek. It is said in civilization that "a woman's work is never done," and far more is that true of the helpmate of the savage and the semi-savage, the woman of the barren grounds or of the ice edge. She makes and breaks camp, cooks, cuts up and carries to camp her husband's kill. She dresses the skins of deer and seal.
She is responsible for the fashioning of footgear and clothes. On a journey she often paddles the canoe, and on portage she carries a heavy load. In fact, it is easier to write down the duties not expected of a squaw than those which by immemorial custom she must perform.

Thrashing Machine Supplies.
Our oils are good, Belting Smooth. Mitts that will last and Oilers that have good delivery at
BOYLE & SON.

Belleville, Aug. 8.—In face of threat of injunction from Thomas Manley against awarding the contract for the new school houses, the Board of Education held a special meeting last night and authorized the Chairman to sign the contract, which was done. Contractor Bennett to-day took out the permit for the buildings, which are to cost \$90,550, and are to be finished by August 1 next year.

Forest Mills, 40 acres, parts of lots 13 and 14, in the 8th concession of Richmond. Good building and choice land, and well watered. Will sell right as owner has moved to the Northwest. MANLY JONES, Insurance and Real Estate Agent, Box 526, Grange Block, Napanee.
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SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Extension to Tunnel Bay Dock, Brockville, Ont.," will be received at this office until 100 p.m. on Monday, August 21, 1911, for the construction of an extension to Tunnel Bay Dock, at Brockville, County of Leeds, Ont.
Plans, specifications and form of contract can be seen and forms of tender obtained at this department and at the office of J. G. Sing, Esq., Chief Engineer, Confederation Life Building, Toronto; and on application to the Postmaster, Brockville, Ont.
Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, stating their occupations and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation, and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank payable to the order of the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.
The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By order,
R. C. DESROCHERS,
Secretary,
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, July 24, 1911.
Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to the Ontario Voters' Lists Act, by His Honour the Judge of the County Court of the County of Lennox and Addington, at the town hall on the 22nd day of August, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of the Township of Adolphustown for 1911.
Dated the 8th day of Aug. 1911.
D. W. ROBLIN,
Clerk of the Municipality of the Township of Adolphustown.
We know of nothing better, for the troublesome cow fly than the Texas Fly Oil Mixture. You get it in any quantity at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office, - Winnipeg.

Authorized Capital, \$6,000,000. Paid Up Capital, \$2,200,000.

DIRECTORS:
President - Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.
Vice President - Capt. Wm. Robinson
Jas. H. Ashdown H. T. Champion Frederick Nation
D. C. Cameron W. C. Leistikow Hon. R. P. Roblin
General Manager - Robt. Campbell
Supt of Eastern Branches - V. F. Cronyn

A General Banking Business Transacted.
R. G. H. TRAVERS, - Manager Napanee Branch.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

Capital Paid up..... \$4,000,000
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits..... 5,300,000
Total Deposits by the Public... 49,300,000
Total Assets..... 62,677,820
Travellers and Commercial Letters of Credit issued available throughout the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,
Manager, Napanee Branch.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND RESERVE OVER \$10,900,000.
UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business Transacted.
Yarker Branch, **F. W. CLARKE, Mgr.**
Napanee Branch, **E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.**

Canada's Greatest Nurseries

Want a representative for Napanee and surrounding district

The reliability, healthy condition of our stock, as well as trustworthiness to name, must be appreciated by the public or they would not have helped us to increase our business yearly since 1837, the date of our establishment.

Our firm's name lends prestige to our representatives.

Complete line of Nursery Stock for 1911.
Write for full particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON,
The Fonthill Nurseries,
Toronto, Ont.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowel Laxative.

ROYAL PROCESSION AT ASCOT

INTERESTING SCENES AT THE FAMOUS RACECOURSE.

Planned by a Queen 200 Years Ago,
It Has a Brilliant
Record.

"Royal Ascot," as the English call the famous racecourse, has enjoyed the favor of kings and queens for 200 years. It was in the summer of 1711 that Queen Anne while driving across Ascot Heath noticed its fitness for her favorite sport of horseracing.

She stopped to size up the situation and forthwith ordered a "round heat" to be prepared and also announced her intention of presenting a plate to be raced for. The "round heat" was duly made and the Queen herself opened the racing life of Ascot by being present at the first meeting. From that time its history has been a brilliant one.

One of the great features of today is the so-called "Royal Progress," meaning the imposing arrival of the King and Queen with outriders and sundry trappings of more or less brilliance. The first real attempt at this Royal Progress was in 1814, but on that occasion the people were so enthusiastic over the fact that the allies had entered Paris and peace had been declared that they nearly swamped the carriage containing the royal party.

It was after the Prince Regent had ascended the throne as King George IV., says the Gentlewoman, that he instituted

THE ROYAL PROCESSION,

riding on to the course up the New Mile in a coach and four with a splendid retinue and attended by the master of the royal buckhounds.

A writer of the time makes a curious comment on the spectacle. He notes that "the uniform cleanliness of the servants and their appointments do infinite credit to the persons in charge of the establishment," and further informs us that the King afterward "ate potted meats and fruit at the royal stand."

During the reign of William IV. the brilliancy of Ascot waned considerably, but this was due more to lack of management than to lack of interest on the part of the King. Like his predecessor, he was a patron of the course and attended the meeting in semi-state.

It was in 1832, when he appeared with the Queen at the window of the royal stand to acknowledge the salutation of his subjects, that he was struck by a stone hurled at him by one of the crowd. There was considerable excitement at the time, but luckily the King escaped without injury and the incident produced a great burst of loyalty from the assembled crowd.

There were seven carriages and a phaeton in the procession of 1834. The occasion was especially interesting in that it was the first time that the young Princess Victoria had attended a race meeting. She was in the first carriage with the King and Queen and the Duchess of Kent.

In 1838, when the royal cavalcade of seven carriages drove up the New Mile and the

would attend the races in semi-state, accompanied by his bride, AN ENORMOUS CROWD assembled on the heath to welcome the royal couple. Headed by the Master of the Buckhounds, Lord Colville, wearing his silver couples (the badges of his office) and followed by the royal huntsmen and the whips, royal park keepers, footmen and postilions gay in uniforms of scarlet and gold, the procession of eight or nine carriages moved up the course amid tremendous enthusiasm.

With the abolition of the Royal Buckhounds ten years ago one picturesque item in the procession was lost, but King Edward continued the ceremony which has become so popular, and the spectacle lost little of its color. Accompanied by Queen Alexandra and our present King and Queen the procession usually consisted of eight carriages, each drawn by four bays with postilions in the familiar scarlet and gold livery and headed by outriders in scarlet.

The tradition was maintained with the usual distinction by King George and Queen Mary at the recent Ascot meeting.

CLEVER ANIMAL CRIMINALS.

How Birds, Dogs, and Monkeys Assist the Robber.

France has been laughing over Boschot and his crew. Boschot, a youth of eighteen, went into a grocer's shop in a suburb of Paris, and asked for some sugar. The shopkeeper, turning to get the article, was horribly startled by the sight of a large black crow sitting on a shelf with its head on one side and its beady eyes fixed upon him.

He made a rush to catch the bird, but it flapped away to the top of some cases, cawing loudly. Eluding a further effort to seize it, the crow flew out of the door. Boschot after it. It was not till bird and owner both had gone that the poor grocer found that his till had been rifled.

Paris is a favorite centre for the thief who uses animals for accomplices. About a year ago a foreign-looking man, rather flashily dressed, entered a jeweller's shop in the Rue de la Paix and asked to be shown some rings. A tray was placed before him, but he asked for another.

The shop attendant turned to get them. The man did not move; but, as it happened, there was a mirror in the opposite wall behind the counter, put there for the special purpose of detecting thieves. In this the attendant saw a tiny brown head poked out of the customer's pocket; then a long, spidery arm flashed out, seized two rings, and vanished.

The attendant touched an electric bell, which summoned help, and man and monkey were both arrested. The man turned out to be a Mexican. He had been travelling with a menagerie, had stolen the monkey, and taught the little animal to pick up any article which its owner had previously touched with his fingers. His lodgings were full of stolen lace and jewellery.

A jeweller in Budapest was asked by a customer to procure two fine diamonds, and obtained them from Amsterdam at a price of \$5,000 for the pair. The customer was examining them in a private room, when the jeweller was called away.

When he returned a few moments later the customer was sitting in his chair, but the stones had disappeared. A detective was sent for,

FROM MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

It is proposed to improve the sea front at Brighton at a cost of \$30,000.

Two unknown men jumped into the Thames near Blackfriars Bridge and were drowned.

Eleven chickens were recently attacked by bees at Bayford, Herts, every one being stung to death.

Falling out of bed caused the death of Mr. Francis Cottingham, a magistrate at Harwick (Essex).

Southampton bakers are asking for a maximum week of 54 hours and a minimum weekly wage of 28s.

A daring robbery of jewels of the value of \$4,000 from a commercial traveller was reported at Leeds.

By obtaining change on worthless cheques a well dressed foreigner has defrauded several florists in Surbiton.

A spark from a cigarette set fire to a boy's celluloid collar in Boy-road recently, and the boy was severely burned.

The sum of £68,207 was realized at a sale of a portion of the Duke of Bedford's Devonshire estate at Tavistock.

Hockford McHardy, an artist of Hysham, has been committed for trial charged with setting fire to his mother's house.

A hundred and one descendants are left by Robert Fryer, who has just died at Yarmouth, Norfolk, at the age of ninety-five.

Nineteen British vessels, with a net tonnage of 11,484, were reported lost during June, and the number of fatalities was seven.

Lieut.-Col. H. W. Madoc, late Acting Commissioner of the Transvaal Police, has been appointed chief constable of the Isle of Man.

The Rev. Arthur Ernest Goodman, formerly a Church of England missionary in India, was yesterday found dead in a pond at Oxted, Surrey.

For saving a boy from drowning, Richard Bowles, aged thirteen, of Peckham, S.E., has been awarded the Royal Humane Society's certificate.

A new dye-stuff of considerable commercial importance has been discovered by Dr. Hodgson, research chemist at Bradford Technical College.

Five and a half tons of cake and 3,700 gallons of ginger beer were consumed by the school children of Willesden, N.W., at their Coronation fete.

To the London Brigade equipment will shortly be added five petrol motor fire engines, three petrol motor escape vans, and one electrical motor turntable long ladder.

Four hours after the inquest on his wife, who was suffocated at a fire, a man named Jerome, of Wooton Bassett, Wils. died, having been partly suffocated at the same time.

Giving evidence at the inquest at Lambeth, S.E., on his wife, aged sixty-one, a workman said that she had had twenty-three children, seven of whom were living.

Pleading poverty, a woman said to the judge at Shoreditch County

MINING CAMP IN SCOTLAND

ELDORADO HIDDEN AWAY IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Features of Canadian North Produced on Duke of Sutherland's Estate.

In a remote Highland valley, by the side of a leaping salmon stream, a gold-mining camp has suddenly sprung up, bringing all the romance of the Klondike to this out-of-the-way corner of the British Isles.

The Duke of Sutherland, who owns nearly all the Highland country here for forty miles around, is the latest hobby of his son, the young Marquis of Stafford, who in his recent Parliamentary campaign in Sutherlandshire promised to test the local legends that an Eldorado is hidden away in the heart of the Scottish mountains, where the Suisgill and Kildonan burns rush down to Helmsdale River and the sea.

Forty years ago there was a gold rush to Kildonan when a miner, Gilchrist by name, then lately returned to his native village from the Ballarat diggings, discovered that the precious metal he had gone to Australia to discover was to be found in the brook outside his own cottage door at home.

Centuries before that stories had passed from father to son down the valley of Helmsdale that the Suisgill burn was

A GOLDEN STREAM,

and that Kildonan gold formed part of the Royal crown of Scotland.

So Gilchrist's discovery caused an immediate rush to the new-found British mining camp; a town of tents sprang up like mushrooms, and 600 amateur gold miners from all parts of Scotland, England, and Ireland tramped across the Scotch mountains to Kildonan.

Some heavy nuggets, one worth as much as \$75, were found, and gold dust in paying quantities was fished out of Kildonan burn by Gilchrist and his followers. It is rumored that many canny Scottish crofters retired with snug little fortunes from the Ballarat at their doors.

The Duke of Sutherland, the father of the present Duke, was so delighted at the discovery on his property that he danced a jig on the bridge in the sight of his tenants, who were all busy with pick, shovel, and prospecting pan, and he presented a gold watch and chain to Gilchrist, which his nephew, now living in Aberdeen, still proudly shows.

A royalty of ten per cent. of the gold discovered had to be paid to the Duke at that time, and \$5 a month was charged for a mining license, and after a time, as gold grew scarcer and the cost of living rose, the camp gradually disbanded, although every now and then since, notably in 1886, fresh efforts have been made by Kildonans to rediscover traces of the

MOUNTAIN OF GOLD

which the youngest as well as the oldest inhabitants believe may be disclosed at any moment by some fortunate stroke of the pick.

Now, after all these years, gold has again been discovered in Kildonan, and a camp of sixteen eager

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use the young Princess Victoria had attended a race meeting. She was in the first carriage with the King and Queen and the Duchess of Kent.

In 1838, when the royal cavalcade of seven carriages drove up the New Mile and the

YOUNG QUEEN VICTORIA,

attended by a large party of outriders and the yeomen prickers of Windsor Great Forest, made her first appearance at Ascot as Queen, it was the occasion of great excitement and enthusiasm. "The Queen was attired in a pink slip over which was a lace dress; she wore a white gouge poke bonnet trimmed with pink ribbons and ornaments with roses inside and out."

Another interesting year was 1844, when that stern autocrat Nicholas I., Czar of All the Russias, was on a visit to this country. The royal procession then was exceptionally brilliant and included the Emperor of Russia, the King of Saxony, with Queen Victoria and Prince Arthur. Little did anyone think that within a few years Balaclava, Sebastopol, Alma and Inkerman would be red with the blood of many who were then acclaiming the Czar; least so he, for it was on this occasion that he offered to present annually the Emperor's Plate to be raced for in place of the Gold Cup, and in fact for the following eight years the Gold Cup gave place in the programme to the Emperor's Plate.

In all the Royal Progresses at Ascot until the end of the nineteenth century members of the royal buck hounds held an important part. The Master of the Buckhounds had supreme control of the course and was senior steward until the abolition of the royal pack. It had become, therefore, the accepted order for the Master of the Royal Buckhounds to ride at the head of the cavalcade and to be attended by the

HUNSMEN AND WHIPPERSIN.

The course had been cleared by the hand of special constables in top hats and armed with peculiar poles painted blue and striped with red, and then amid the waving of hats and vociferous tokens of loyalty the procession passed on the green. There were nine open royal carriages, each drawn by four horses with outriders. In the first sat Queen Victoria in poke bonnet and holding a miniature parasol. There are several stories told of the high spirits of the Queen at this meeting and the enthusiasm with which she entered into the racing even to putting her arm through a glass window in her excitement to watch the finish of one of the races.

It used to be a favorite expression that the sun always shone when the Queen went among her people, but 1890 proved the exception and the Royal Progress from Windsor was made in torrential rain. As it proved it was the last occasion on which Queen Victoria visited Ascot, for after the death of the Prince Consort, although by no means withdrawing her patronage, the Queen did not attend another race meeting.

A great deal of the present distinction in which Ascot is held is due to the never failing interest that King Edward took in its welfare. As Prince of Wales he was a constant patron of the royal race meeting and his marriage in March, 1863, lent additional interest to the procession at Ascot that year.

When it became known that he

diamonds, and obtained them from Amsterdam at a price of \$5,000 for the pair. The customer was examining them in a private room, when the jeweller was called away.

When he returned a few moments later the customer was sitting in his chair, but the stones had disappeared. A detective was sent for, but customer and room were searched in vain.

The jeweller then noticed a small dog under the table, and it suddenly occurred to him that the creature must have swallowed the stones. In spite of the indignant remonstrances of the customer, the dog was taken to a vet. and poisoned; and when the body was cut open, sure enough the brilliants were in its stomach.

A Great Dane was employed as accomplice by two French thieves. Some little time ago an elderly gentleman was returning to his home when a huge dog bounded against him, placing its forefeet upon his waistcoat. Under the pretence of assisting the dazed man and brushing the dust off his coat, the thieves succeeded in stealing his watch and chain.

The expert English burglar very often carries a cage of rats and a smart terrier. Having opened a window of the crib he means to crack, he slips a rat inside, and then hits the dog in. If there is a burglar alarm anywhere about, the dog scuttling after the rat is sure to set it in motion, when its owner leaves it to its fate and decamps.

SENTENCED TO SUICIDE.

Now Against the Law to Commit Harakiri in Japan.

In future criminals condemned to death in Nevada are to be allowed to choose between being hanged by the public executioner and voluntarily committing suicide by swallowing prussic acid.

There, of course, is no new thing. The ancient Greek had a similar custom, and at a comparatively late date the city of Marseilles earned for itself an equally able notoriety by preparing and keeping in stock, at the public expense, quantities of a deadly poison, which those adjudged guilty of certain crimes were forced to swallow.

Up till quite recently, too, the Sultans of Turkey used to send a silken cord to each of their Ministers and other officials as had incurred their grave displeasure, and the hint was always taken. The recipient leisurely set to work to put his worldly affairs in order, then strangled himself.

In Japan, again, rasklemen still claim the right to commit harakiri, suicide by disembowelling by legal suffrage, in order to prevent the scandal of a public execution. Formerly the custom was well nigh universal, but it was nominally abolished some few years ago by imperial decree. Nevertheless there were several cases reported amongst Japanese officers during the recent war with Russia, showing that old traditions die hard.

Up to about forty years ago it must be remembered all Japanese parents of the military class took care to educate their children in the proper method of carrying out this legalized self-destruction. Even quite little girls were taught how to hold their jewelled daggers so as to pierce a vital part.

been partly suffocated at the same time.

Giving evidence at the inquest at Lambeth, S.E., on his wife, aged sixty-one, a workman said that she had had twenty-three children, seven of whom were living.

Pleading poverty, a woman said to the judge at Shoreditch County Court: "I will show you my stock of pawn tickets," and producing a Bible, took twenty or thirty from between the leaves.

Britania exports to Switzerland in 1910 amounted to £4,507,000, an increase of £880,300 on the figures for 1909, and consisted mainly of cotton and woollen goods, boots and shoes, machinery and vehicles.

The number of paupers in England and Wales at the end of May, says the official return, was 637,668, equal to 17.8 per thousand of the population. This is the lowest on record, the figures last year being 22.0, while in 1871 it was as high as 41.6.

A pair of wagtails have built their nest and reared four young ones under a v-shaped crossing in points on the railway at Pipe Gate, Staffs., the top of the nest being little more than an inch below the rails over which trains are frequently passing.

USING WOOD SCRAPS.

Tag Ends Left From Big Work Not Wasted Nowadays.

In these days of high priced lumber the utilization of the small pieces of wood formerly considered of little or no value assumes considerable importance. The Woodworker gives a number of uses for these scraps.

Some furniture makers glue together small, clear pieces down to 1 inch wide and 1 foot long and find that they serve very well for the interior framework of bureaux, chiffoniers, sideboards and similar articles.

Wheelwrights save the ends cut from spokes and shape them in lathes for chisel, gimlet, augur and other small tool handles. Wagon builders occasionally make use of scraps of hardwoods for lining brake blocks. Sash and blind makers save their scraps for the match factories, or if the pieces are large enough they are worked into corner blocks, rose blocks and balusters.

Coopers recut broken or defective staves of the larger sizes and make kegs or smaller vessels of them. Small headings are economically manufactured in that way. Occasionally defective staves and headings are made into dowels. Basket makers save the cores from which veneer has been cut and saw them into thin slats for baskets and crate covers.

Brush manufacturers have made some headway in using waste from furniture factories, but the pieces are of so many sizes and of such irregular shapes that success has been only partial. A small porch chair shop has been able to draw a considerable part of its raw material from the waste of boat factories.

Some of the makers on interior finish work their odds and ends of soft woods into small boxes and the hardwood scraps are made into parquet flooring. Planing-mills work scraps and broken pieces, unsalable in that form, into boxes for apples, medicines and other articles and into brackets, balusters, rose blocks and small quarter round moulding.

MOUNTAIN OF GOLD

which the youngest as well as the oldest inhabitants believe may be disclosed at any moment by some fortunate stroke of the pick.

Now, after all these years, gold has again been discovered in Kildonan, and a camp of sixteen eager natives, under the supervision of Mr. William Heath, a mining engineer from the Klondike, is busy on the banks of the Suisgill burn, twelve miles up the valley from Helmsdale, which is the nearest village.

The camp has been pitched two miles to the north of lonely Kildonan Station, on the Highland Railway, and only a chain of mountains separates it from John o' Groat's, the furthest north eastern point of Great Britain.

The secret of the first results of the gold-washing which is being so actively carried on has been well kept, but Mr. Heath, who is in charge of the operations, intends shortly to open the sluice boxes which hold the gold already collected. When this is done it will be possible to form an estimate of the value of the Kildonan Gold Fields, which, in the opinion of some experts, will eventually justify the almost forgotten title of the

"THE CITY OF GOLD"

which still marks the site of the old diggers of forty years ago.

Whether this will be so or not remains to be proved, for Mr. Heath has not yet prospected all the likely places along the stream, and his sluicing operations have so far been confined to a spot near the camp.

The gold dust is hidden at the bottom of the rocks in the long narrow sluice-boxes which run from the tops of the dams built by the campers, and no one can tell how the experiment is succeeding until Mr. Heath has made his expert examination.

It is beyond a doubt that traces of gold—"color," as miners call it—may be found in Suisgill and Kildonan Burns almost anywhere that a washing is made.

At the time the tents of the gold diggers stretched along the Kildonan stream, one tradesman in Helmsdale, who bought most of the gold from the miners, is reported to have paid out \$50,000 over his counter in two years to the local diggers in exchange for their finds.

So whether the gold is still to be found at Kildonan in paying quantities or not, there is ample evidence that at one time it was there for the seeking.

BONES ARE STRONG.

The wonderful power of bone structure has been tested scientifically to show how hollow bone bears strain. A very small bone, only one square millimetre (.0155 sq. in.) in diameter, will hold 32 pounds in suspension without breaking, while a piece of the best oak of the same thickness will hold up only 32 pounds. The bone is, therefore, half again as strong as the solid oak, thus showing that nature is economical in the weight given to bones, making them hollow and at the same time makes them stronger than if they were solid and much heavier. This principle has been recognized in mechanics, engineers using hollow steel tubes instead of solid to meet great strain.

LAND THE EARTH'S CONVULSIONS FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND CHOLERA RIOTS IN ITALY FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

HOW THE SEISMOGRAPH TELLS OF IT.

Pendulum Principle Utilized, Pen Writing on Paper Moved by Clockwork.

By the modern seismograph news service the world knows, at the instant it takes place, that there has been an earthquake, can estimate its severity, and give perhaps its place. From the jagged scratch of the bristle pen on the glossy smoked paper recording ribbon to pictures of a San Francisco disaster, a Cartago in ruins, Italian cities and peasant homes in the midst of desolation and death—so your imagination leaps at once as you pursue the novel sport of earthquake hunting. Happily, these thoughts rarely come true, and the scientists find soon that only a bit of the ocean bed has settled, with no damage done to man; but there is on the average, one strong earthquake shock each week, and the possibility of disaster is always present.

JAPANESE LEAD ALL OTHERS.

Much has been done on this continent for the accurate study of the earth tremors, with a hope of learning how to forecast such events and avoid the worst consequences. The Jesuit fathers recently began the establishment of a chain of seismograph stations throughout the United States, installing the first instrument in Brooklyn College. The Japanese Government, however, is far ahead in this branch of scientific research, and the work of its earthquake committee, created soon after the terrific shocks in the Gifu district in 1891, is virtually the final word upon the subject.

PENDULUM PRINCIPLE TESTED.

To give a clear impression of how the seismograph works, T. A. Jarrah, Jr., of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, prepared an article recently which appeared in the Century Magazine. It ran in part:

"Earthquakes are recorded by means of the horizontal pendulum seismograph. The best example of horizontal pendulum in every-day use is a common hinged door. The earthquake instrument is a heavy weight pivoted delicately on a frame, which is swung at an upright hinge-line, so that the faintest movement in the post will be communicated to the frame. A light lever, with a pen, at the outer end of the weighted frame, makes on a paper moved by clock work a magnified record of the movements of the earth's crust. The pen is a bristle, and the paper is glossy and smoked, so that the record is a scratch. The weight tends to stand still as the earth waves move the post, and the pen writes an autograph of the movement which takes place about the weight as a centre. Every second an electric ticker connected with a clock scratches a mark on the side of the moving paper, so that the exact time of an earthquake autograph may be calculated.

HOW IT RECORDS.

"Let us stop a moment to watch what happens when an earthquake wave passes through the earth. The

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going On in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Bellshill is getting a new electric theatre.

Perth poor rate is again fixed at 10d. per £.

The mining industry at Ambark is very dull just now.

The outbreak of smallpox in Paisley is on the decline.

The border tweed trade is still in a fairly brisk condition.

Annan poor rate has been reduced from 10d. to 8d. per £.

Kirkcudbright school rate has been fixed at 1s 0 1/2d. per £.

The carcass of a whale has been washed ashore at Cockenzie.

Kilburnie water and drainage rate has been reduced to 1s 10d per £.

The new veterinary college, Edinburgh, is estimated to cost £250,000.

Dr. Dickson has been appointed to the vacancy in Elgin Town Council.

Johnstone Gas Corporation had a net profit for the year of over £3,000.

About 50 Scots-Americans from Pittsburg, Pa., invaded Ayr last week.

The Caledonian railway is to have a \$250,000 new goods station at Aberdeen.

Some good catches of herring have been made along the Arran coast recently.

Robert Smith, postman, Auchterarder, has got two months for forgery and theft.

Not for some time has the building trade about Greenock shown so much activity.

Last year the revenue of the Clyde Trust amounted to \$30,000, the largest in its history.

Inverness Customs revenue last month amounted to \$14,955, an increase of \$3,570.

The extension of the Dunfermline boundaries will necessitate a large increase in the police force.

The income last year of Dundee Harbor Trust was \$365,615, and the expenditure \$341,075.

A large male bottle-nosed whale was discovered stranded on the beach east of Nairn harbor.

For the first time for many years the Salvation Army officers in Stirling are again two ladies.

Glasgow and West of Scotland Agricultural College is to be extended at a cost of \$250,000.

Considerable interest is being taken in the suggested scheme for the widening of King Street, Dumfries.

The oldest male inhabitant of Newcastleton, Roxburghshire, Mr. Peter Inglis, has died, aged 91 years.

It is proposed to erect an iron railing in place of the present stone coping at Dean Bridge, Edinburgh.

The Duke of Sutherland has offered Melness Farm to the Congested Districts Board for breaking up into small holdings.

TAKES PLACE OF OPIUM.

Indian Weed Is More Pernicious

MOBS OPPOSE GOVERNMENT'S SANITARY MEASURES.

Uncertainty as to the State of Affairs—Offers of Outside Aid Refused.

The Italian authorities seem inclined to permit little authentic information as to the cholera situation to be known. All the definite information made public is optimistic, but in London there is much scepticism as to the value of this information.

Many weeks ago Leonard Rogers offered his services to the Italian State. His cure is accomplishing great results in India and he was anxious to place his personal services at the disposal of the Italian authorities. Communications were made to them by the authorities here, but the only reply was that Dr. Roger's cure was being employed. Dr. Roger's personal services were not required. Nor are the services of any outsider.

The attitude of the Italian authorities to distinguished volunteers from without is seemingly matched by that of the Italian populace to their own practitioners. The following is taken from the current number of the London Lancet:

"It used to be a proud distinction of the profession that its members might be summoned by duty to the lowest haunts of vice and crime and their persons be secure from aggression or violence, where no other intruder,

NOT EVEN THE CLERGYMAN,

could enter an appearance without danger, except when accompanied by an imposing police force. Now it seems in the 'Third Italy,' which has lately been celebrating its 'new departure' on the line of progress, this distinction no longer holds good. A well informed correspondent writes:

"From the Alps to Etna, from the Venetian territory to Palermo, the populace in town or country has risen in revolt against the divisional practitioners or sanitary officers when in the very act of protecting them from epidemic disease, causing them to run for their lives and thereafter to find that their houses had been set fire to and their families threatened with extinction in the flames. Barely six miles from Palermo, the seat of a university, a cathedral city and a great entrepot of traffic and tourist resort, the population of Belmonte Mezzagno assembled en masse in the night of July 10 before the town hall, where the syndic, the town council, the departmental practitioner, Dr. Genova, and other functionaries of the commune had met to take opportune measures for the public health, threatened, inter alia, by cholera.

"A storm of hooting and hostile cries brought the prefectural commissioner to the balcony, where he vainly tried to appease

THE INFURIATED MOB.

His words were drowned in a volley of invectives, closely followed by a shower of stones, which made havoc of the windows of the town hall. The syndic and others of the councillors effected their retreat through a back door, while the

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish-men.

The proposal to increase the salary of the Lord Mayor of Dublin by \$10,000 has again been defeated.

Rioting took place at Lambeg, County Antrim, in connection with a strike at the bleaching works, and several policemen were injured.

The staff of Messrs. Gibson & Co., Limited, of Donegal place, Belfast, presented to Mr. Ernest C. Maclean with a gold signet ring on his leaving for Canada.

The death has occurred at Saltmills, New Ross, County Wexford, of Thomas Farrell, aged 100. Farrell was never ill in his life, and never drank intoxicating liquor.

Mr. John T. McGahan, town clerk of Dalkey, County Dublin, was taken suddenly ill in Dublin while viewing the Coronation illuminations, and died almost immediately.

Lord Templeton, president of the Unionist Club of Ireland, has received over 120 resolutions from the clubs demanding no Home Rule until the electors have been consulted.

Sir James Hulett, one of the Dominion Parliamentary visitors, who was formerly speaker of Natal Legislative Assembly, slipped and broke his leg while on a visit to Belfast recently.

Ulster Amateur Flute Band secured first prize, consisting of a silver cup and \$75 cash in the International Drum and Flute contest, which took place at Manchester, England, recently.

Disloyal placards were posted in the public places of Stewartstown, Ireland, recently calling on young men not to join the British Army, Navy, or the police. The police had the placards removed.

While playing with rafts in a pond near the deep-water jetty on the County Down side of the river at Belfast, one of a party of boys fell into the water out of his depth and was drowned.

A tramcar jumped the track on the Belfast Tramway system, near Glengormby, and tearing down the street struck a lamp post with such force to break the standard in two. No one was hurt.

Miss McCrea, of Portrush, has intimated to the trustees of the McCrea Magee College, Londonderry, her intention to present \$25,000 to the college in appreciation of the honor done to her brother's memory in including his name in the title of the college.

TO PUT OFF FLESH.

A French Expert's Plan Involves Eating Early and Often.

Prof. Robin, a French physician, outlines in La Clinique his plan for reducing the weight of those politely and professionally classed as obese. He claims to be able to take off regularly about 300 grammes a day.

According to his method the patient should not spend more than

per, so that the exact time of an earthquake autograph may be calculated.

HOW IT RECORDS.

"Let us stop a moment to watch what happens when an earthquake wave passes through the earth. The weight is still, its pen is lightly in contact with the paper, and as the latter moves by clockwork here is left written a straight line. Slowly as we watch, the writing finger moves sidewise, and begins to make little wave marks. This lasts several minutes. Then the pen begins to creep out until it is very slowly scratching long, sweeping zigzags. In the course of half an hour this slowly diminishes. Not a single tremor has been felt. The waves passing through the ground were too broad and slow for sensation, but they have come thousands of miles from a place where walls were falling and people were rushing frantically into the streets.

"It is an impressive experience to watch a seismograph recording a heavy distant earthquake. Few operators have ever seen this, as they visit the instrument only once a day.

ITS INTERPRETATION.

"According to the speed of the clockwork and the magnification of the levers, instruments are made differently for strong earthquakes close at hand, moderately distant ones and very remote shocks. A delicate instrument, with high magnification, will record an earthquake at the antipodes.

"To interpret a 'seismograph,' as the earth autograph is called, the duration in time of the several parts of the record are measured on the paper by comparison with the ticker-marks. The parts are called 'the preliminary tremors,' the 'principal portions,' and the 'tail' of the earthquake. Long experience has shown that the length of time taken by the preliminary tremors is a measure of the distance from the centre of the disturbance.

A TRAMP FOR MAYOR.

Put Forward a Generous Programme and Was Elected.

The French town of Le Puy has a novelty in the way of mayors. At the recent municipal elections a tramp called Louis Rome offered himself as a candidate. The programme he put forward was a generous one. He would have free meals for everybody, a lodging-house for locked-out husbands and as little work between meals as possible. The programme was a great success, and Louis, who is very popular locally, was actually elected.

The Mayor and the other councillors promptly handed in their resignations. This did not worry Weary Willie, who for the present is calmly carrying on the town's business himself, having elected himself Mayor.

The new Mayor is probably the most interviewed man in France just now. He has been telling the reporters that they will soon find him in Parliament, now that he has given up his old business of collecting cigarette ends. The newest item on his programme is the taxation of pianos. "You tax dogs at least on two notes," he declares. "Why not tax a piano, which howls and groans on about eighty?"

Le Puy is having a merry time.

ed Districts Board for breaking up into small holdings.

TAKES PLACE OF OPIUM.

Indian Weed Is More Pernicious Than Opium or Alcohol.

The Indian weed is being largely imported into Indo-China at the present moment, says an informant, who holds a high position in the military world. He has given us a sprig or two of the hemp plant, which obviously lends itself to the uses of smugglers. With first hand knowledge of his subject, he declared that this weed, more pernicious than opium or alcohol, will in the near future take the place of opium in the Far East.

It is of small bulk, this deadly weed, is cheap in comparison with its elder brother, opium, and can be smuggled easily. The opium convention does not take account of the danger which threatens from the importation of this drug.

The French authorities in Indo-China absolutely prohibit the hemp plant, but nevertheless it is being taken into the country in ever-increasing quantities. It can be used as a drink, can be smoked or chewed; the physical and mental effects are deadly.

We have not been able to ascertain as yet whether this noxious drug has made its appearance in Hongkong, but we take this opportunity of calling the attention of the authorities to the danger of it doing so. It is a danger that should exercise the thoughts of the legislative council.

This noxious weed is smoked much by the lowest classes in South Africa, where it is known under the name of dangha, and causes many crimes, the Bushmen and Hottentots running amuck when saturated with its hellish effects.—Hongkong Telegraph.

MEASURING DEPTH OF SLEEP.

Charts Show When it is Light and When Heavy.

A scientific investigation of the progress of sleep of the normal person has resulted in the production of a "Depth of Sleep" chart, which shows graphically, almost like a fever chart, how the depth of sleep varies with the different hours of the night.

It is suggested that the right time to go to bed is ten o'clock. If a man or woman retires at that hour the intensity of sleep and soundness of repose increase gradually until eleven o'clock. Then suddenly sleep becomes very profound, and by 11.30 is at its soundest. By 11.45 it begins to decrease slightly, and at 12.30 it is about the same as 11.15. The soundness of slumber then gradually decreases until 2.30 when it increases again slightly, but at four o'clock begins to decrease in soundness until it gradually tapers down to wakefulness at six o'clock, when the normal person who retired at ten is supposed to get up.

"There is no doubt about it," said Mr. Noter, "he is a cultivated musician," "And what is your idea of a cultivated musician?" asked his friend. "One who plays things you don't care to hear, and talks about them in a way you can't understand."

His words were drowned in a volley of invectives, closely followed by a shower of stones, which made havoc of the windows of the town hall. The syndic and others of the councillors effected their retreat through a back door, while the town clerk was seeing to the closure of every point of access. By this time the assailants had taken to their revolvers, while others of them were using logs of wood as battering rams against the main entrance.

"The besieged party, for such they were, put out the lights, but the fusillade of stones and pistol shots continued and forced them speedily to seek such shelter as they could in the corners of the several rooms. Meanwhile the brigadier of carabineers with a few line-men succeeded in occupying the immediate front of the building, but the mob which had added to its numbers, maintained its steady fire of projectiles, making the position of the besieged every moment more critical.

"Fortunately, the town clerk bethought him of a door to the back which had been closed up with plaster, and he and the others by dint of their penknives got down to the door handle, which by good luck they turned and so effected their escape to the open country. The mob on ascertaining this became still more infuriated and renewed their efforts to

FORCE THE MAIN ENTRANCE,

shouting "Morte al medico! Morte al commissario!" (Death to the doctor! Death to the commissioner!)

"Having got inside the building they burst through the door improvised by the besieged and gave chase, but without overtaking the fugitives. Then they marched to Dr. Geneva's private residence, broke in, sacked it, and flung the fragments of furniture into the street. They finally set fire to it and put the neighboring houses in imminent danger of being involved in the conflagration.

"The Brigadier with his handful of soldiers could no longer protect the town hall, which the mob now proceeded to set on fire, with the result that the municipal registers were all destroyed. Only the arrival of a strong contingent of carabineers succeeded in quelling the riot and arresting the ringleaders and some of their abettors."

"A similar uprising, equally inspired by superstitious dread of hygienic precautions and the institution of a lazzaretto, is reported from Venice, doubtless to be followed by others."

STRIKING TIMES.

The schoolmaster had found his new class a very unruly one. During the first week he had caned everybody in the class twice, and there appeared to be every prospect of striking times to come.

"Ah, boys," said the master one day, "my poor cane has a hard life of it! You give him no rest at all, and work him from morning till night."

"Yes, sir," piped the wit of the class; "I shouldn't be surprised if he were to come out on strike soon!"

And even as the youth had predicted, the cane came out and struck.

outlines in La Clinique his plan for reducing the weight of those politely and professionally classed as obese. He claims to be able to take off regularly about 300 grammes a day.

According to his method the patient should not spend more than seven or eight hours in bed each night, he should not read in bed at night and should get up when he wakes in the morning. At 7.30 a.m. he may drink weak freshly made tea (almost hot water) and should learn to drink it without sugar.

At this meal a little cold meat, ham or chicken is allowed and some bread crumb, as this contains less nourishment than crust; about one ounce of bread is advised. After this meal the patient should walk on the flat for half an hour if he can or for a gradually increasing time if half an hour is too long at first.

At 10.30 a.m. he will take two boiled eggs, a little bread and a large cup of very weak tea very hot. The next meal, at midday, the patient will not have much appetite; he will have meat, ham, chicken or fish, a little bread and a large plateful of salad with lemon juice. He will have green vegetables cooked in water and as much fruit of all sorts as he will take; as a drink hot water or tea and then half an hour's walking exercise.

At 5 p.m. he has a cup of tea and a very little crumb of bread, followed by another walk. At 7.30 the midday meal is repeated, but if hot is partaken of another walk should be insisted upon. Thus a person with a good appetite will assimilate daily eighteen ounces of meat, three eggs, three to four ounces of bread, two-thirds of an ounce of butter and nine to ten ounces of vegetables, which represents 1,300 calories.

Now, an obese person utilizes 2,625 to 1,925 calories daily, according to his weight. And the difference between the amount required and the amount supplied—1,300—is made up by utilizing the fat accumulated in his own tissues. Many of these patients are also arthritic or gouty. The question of when to stop the treatment arises and to determine this the patient should be under the careful observation of a physician.

A SQUARE MEAL IN FRANCE.

2 1-2 Pounds of Meat and 12 Quarts of Strong Drink Per Capita.

Frenchmen are pretty able trenchermen, but the following account of a meal made by eight Norman peasants, surpasses expectations. According to the Medical Journal, a grazier with seven of his friends undertook an expedition to gather fagots.

Among them they should have managed some 60 fagots, but thirty-seven represented the sum of their work, the small total being accounted for, possibly by the luncheon which the octet devoured. They managed to consume twenty pounds of meat, eighty quarts of pure perry, sixteen bottles of assorted wines, nine bottles of champagne and eight quarts of cider brandy of an alcoholic strength of 65 per cent. A roast goose, placed thoughtfully among the rations, was not required.

This luncheon represents an average of two and a half pounds of meat and twelve quarts of milk, none of it weak, per capita during the twelve hours occupied by the expedition.

*For tea
you can't beat*
LIPTON'S TEA

OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

RECIPROCITY YES OR NO?

The Weekly Sun, the farmers' business paper, is giving unbiased and reliable information regarding this great question, such as is not given in any other Journal.

**YOU SHOULD READ THE SUN
10 WEEKS FOR 10 CENTS**

**SEND IN YOUR ORDER AT ONCE
THE WEEKLY SUN, TORONTO**

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING
TRADE CENTRES OF
AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese
and Other Produce at Home
and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Aug. 8.—Winter wheat, 90 per cent. patents, \$3.30 to \$3.35; Montreal freight. Manitoba flours—First patents, \$5.10; second patents, \$4.50, and strong bakers', \$4.40, on track, Toronto.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.01, Bay ports; No. 2 at 96c, and No. 3 at 97c.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 at 79 to 80c, outside, and old at 82 to 83c, outside.
Barley—The market is dull, with prices nominal.
Oats—Ontario grades, 39 1/2 to 40c, outside, for No. 2, and at 42 to 43c, on track, Toronto; No. 2 W. C. oats at 40 1/2c, and No. 3 at 39c, Bay ports.
Corn—No. 2 American yellow, 67c, Bay ports, and 70c, Toronto.
Peas—The market is dull, with prices purely nominal.
Rye—There is none offering, and prices are nominal.
Buckwheat—Nothing offering.
Bran—Manitoba, \$20 to \$21, in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$21, in bags, Toronto.
Ontario bran, \$21, in bags, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—Strictly new laid, 22 to 23c per dozen, in case lots; fresh gathered, 18 to 19c.
Butter—Creamery prints, 23 to 25c; do., solids, 21 to 22c; dairy prints, 18 to 19c; inferior (bakers'), 15 to 16c.

HUGE MINING CONCERN.

An \$8,000,000 Company Organized
by Hammond.

A despatch from Dawson City, Y.T., says: The biggest mining concern ever organized for the Yukon, excepting the Yukon Gold Mining Company of Guggenheim's, is a new eight million dollar company reported from London by cable as having been formed by South African Gold Field Company's capital, on advices of John Hays Hammond. It is believed here that the concern takes extensive holdings on Union Quartz and other creeks organized during the last two years by Arthur N. Treadgold in his giant fight against Yukon Gold. It is also reported that the company absorbs the Northern Light, Power & Coal Company, which invested three million some years ago, installing electric power. Treadgold had already acquired vast holdings of the Canadian Klondike Mining Company, including the Boyle Concession & Dredges.

CANADA'S INCOME GROWING.

Statement For First Four Months
of Fiscal Year.

THREE NATIONS ARE UNITED

Pacts Between Britain, France and United States Signed at Washington

A despatch from Washington says: In President Taft's study in the White House on Thursday afternoon a remarkable scene was enacted, when France, Great Britain and the United States pledged their faith in the substitution of arbitration for bloodshed in the settlement of all international disputes.

The two treaties—the first of their kind ever entered into between any two nations of the world—were signed shortly after 8 o'clock on Thursday afternoon. The informality and simplicity of the ceremony added to its impressiveness.

Copies of the treaties were lying on the President's study table as Mr. Taft and Secretary Knox and the representatives of the two European Governments entered the room.

Secretary Knox and Mr. James Bryce, the British Ambassador, seated themselves on opposite sides of the table. President Taft stood on Secretary Knox's right and near him were Viscount De Saint Phalle, vice Consul of the

French Government at New York, and second Secretary Ovey, of the British Embassy, who witnessed the signatures of their Governments.

Secretary Knox had provided a special pen for the occasion, but Mr. Bryce picked up one at random, and finding its point not to his liking, reached for another. Then he bent over the treaty, and Secretary Knox followed his example. There was no other sound in the room as the pens scratched over the parchment. Mr. Bryce laid down his pen first and extended his hand to the President.

Secretary Knox then laid aside the copy of the Anglo-American treaty and nodded to Viscount De Saint Phalle. The latter moved up closer to the desk and witnessed the signature as Mr. Knox's pen scrawled over the second document.

President Taft immediately after the signing of the treaties affixed his signature to the messages of transmittal which completed arrangements for sending the pacts to the Senate.

The entire ceremony did not extend over an hour.

SUCCESSFUL ORGANIZATION

OF BIG CANADA BREAD COMPAN

Mr. Cawthra Mulock of Toronto
Announces Plans for Establishment by New Company of Modern Plants in all the Larger Cities of Canada.

Toronto, Aug. 7 (Special).—The establishment of another large industry for Canada will result, from the negotiations closed here today by Mr. Cawthra Mulock, for the organization of Canada Bread Company, Limited. The company will have modern bread manufacturing plants in Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, and it is the intention to arrange in the near future for the erection of plants in all the other larger cities of the Dominion.

The company, when immediate plans of extensions and new plants are completed, will have a weekly output of 1,000,000 loaves, giving it an annual production of about 50,000,000 loaves.

According to announcement made here today by Mr. Cawthra Mulock, included in the new company are five of among the largest bread manufacturing companies in Canada, among them being the Bredin Bread Company of Toronto; Stuart's, Limited, Montreal; Geo. Weston, Limited, Toronto, known

NEW VARIETY OF WHEAT.

Only Ninety-five Days Between
Seeding and Cutting.

A despatch from Brandon, Man., says: Unless there is something freakish about the growth of the new unnamed variety of wheat just cut at the Experimental Farm, farmers will undoubtedly be much interested in this grain. This new variety of wheat was sown at the Experimental Farm in April and was cut on July 31, so that there are only ninety-four or ninety-five days between seeding and cutting. Last year Marquis wheat, which is a very early variety, occupied one hundred and seventeen days between seeding and cutting, and Red Fife was one hundred and twenty-three days. If the new variety, which is not yet named, lives up to the record it has this year, farmers may find it a much more suitable variety for the country than is other spring wheats.

NEW ENEMY OF POTATO BUG.

Beetle Discovered Which Will Ex-
terminate Other Pests.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Edward H. B. McKone, a science teacher, of this city, has discovered what he believes to be a new species of beetle so far as this country is concerned, and which will in time wipe out the Colorado beetle, better known as the potato bug. The new beetle resembles a milk leaf beetle, and it preys upon potato bugs, destroying many of the pests in twenty-four hours. It was found in a potato field near Devizes, a short

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Eggs—Strictly new laid, 22 to 23c per dozen, in case lots; fresh gathered, 18 to 19c.

Butter—Creamery prints, 23 to 25c; do., solids, 21 to 22c; dairy prints, 18 to 19c; inferior (bakers') 15 to 16c.

Poultry—Chickens, 16 to 18c per lb; fowl, 14 to 15c; ducks, 18 to 21c; live weight, 2 to 3c less.

Cheese—New twins, 15 1-4c; new large, 13c.

Honey—Wholesalers are selling buckwheat at 6 to 7c a pound in tins, and 3-4c in barrels, while strained clover honey is 10c a pound in 60-pound tins; 5 to 10 pound, 11c. No. 1 comb honey is quoted

Potatoes—Wholesale quotations average \$4.50 per barrel for new potatoes out of store. New Canadian potatoes, \$1.50 per bushel.

Beans—\$1.85 for primes to \$2 per bushel for hand-picked.

Bacon—Long clear, 11 1-2c per lb, in case lots. & Pork, short cut, 63c.
Hams—Medium to light, 17 to 17 1-2c; do., heavy, 14 1-2 to 15 1-2c; rolls, 11 1-2 to 12c; breakfast bacon, 17 to 18c; backs, 19 1-2 to 20c.
Lard—Tierces, 10 1-4c; tubs, 10 1-2c; pails, 10 3-4c.

[illegible]

Montreal, Aug. 8. Sales of steers were made at prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$3.00 per 100 lbs. and bulls at from \$3.00 to \$3.50, and cows at from \$3.00 to \$3.50 per 100 lbs. Sheep sold at 3.14c to 4c, and lambs 3.42c to 4c per 100 lbs. Calves about steady and sales were made at from \$2.50 to \$6 each, as to size and quality. The market for hogs was weaker, and sales of mixed heavy weights were made at from \$7.75 to \$8 per 100 lbs. weighed of the cars.

**Two Weeks of Solid Enjoyment at
C. N. E. This Year,**

The Canadian National Exhibition of 1911 fairly bristles with special attractions. The Coronation Procession, an exact reproduction of the London pageant, features the bill, but it has a close competitor in the Festival of Empire with its hundreds of troops in all the varied uniforms of the service and its twelve military bands to furnish the necessary music. The aquatic events, too, are important, comprising two international yacht races, an eight-oared race between the all-conquering Argonauts of Toronto and a picked crew from the crack New York clubs, a single scull race between Butler, champion of America, and Scholes, winner of the Diamond Sculls at Henley, war canoe races, and motor boat races. Add to these the acres of exhibits, the machinery in motion, the horse races and athletics, the vaudeville and fireworks, and the thousand and one other attractions of the Big Fair, and it must be admitted that two week's solid enjoyment have been arranged for the hundreds of thousands of visitors.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The fiscal statement of the Dominion for July just issued shows a revenue on consolidated account of \$11,069,523, as against \$9,320,586 in July, 1910. The expenditure for the month was \$14,066,953 on consolidated and \$2,341,068 on capital account. For the four months of the fiscal year the revenue aggregated \$40,309,171, an increase of over five million in comparison with the corresponding period, while the total expenditure of the four months was \$23,002,686, and on capital account \$4,644,759. The latter amount was expended wholly on public works, railways and canals. The net debt of the Dominion on July 31 was \$327,181,423, as against \$328,615,687 at the end of July, 1910.

Workman Was Badly Burned, but Lives to Tell the Tale.

A despatch from Chippawa, Ont., says: Harry Davis, 23 years old, who lives in 29th Street, Niagara Falls, N. Y., received a shock of 1,000 volts at the transformers of the Ontario Power Company in this village on Friday afternoon, and lives to tell of it. Davis was in charge of a switch-board at Chippawa. In some manner he came in contact with a cable carrying 1,000 volts. He was knocked insensible to the floor, and resuscitated with difficulty. The electricity severely burned him about the body, neck, and arms.

Estate for Breeding Army Re-mounts Has Been Presented.

A despatch from London says: Mr. George Pinckard, of Combe Court, Witley, has made a gift to the War Office of 450 acres of land, with kennels, stables, and cottages, for the purpose of breeding army remounts. Since the advent of the motor-car there has been an incredible diminution in the number of horses in the British Isles, especially those available for military purposes. The War Office officials have unhesitatingly accepted Mr. Pinckard's patriotic present to the nation, which is worth nearly \$100,000.

Man Caught in Montreal and Fined for It.

A despatch from Montreal says: William Brennan, who claimed to have no permanent address, was on Thursday morning fined \$500 or three months in jail on a charge of peddling cocaine in the streets.

A despatch from Chiasso, Switzerland, says: An official communication from the Italian Government shows that from July 21 to July 26 inclusive cholera cases were reported as follows: Naples, 68 cases and 20 deaths; province of Naples, 157 cases and 78 deaths; town of Palermo, 189 cases and 64 deaths; province of Palermo, 75 cases and 38 deaths; province of Avellino, 7 cases and 3 deaths; province of Benevento, 3 cases and no deaths; Callitanisetta, 11 cases and 4 deaths; province of Campobasso, 5 cases and 2 deaths; province of Caserta, 30 cases and 14 deaths.

Joseph Lafratker Dies in Mattawa Hospital.

A despatch from North Bay says: Joseph Lafratier of Chalk River, a C.P.R. employee on a work train, fell under the wheels of a train on the Kippawa branch. One arm was badly crushed, and he received other injuries. He died later at Mattawa Hospital.

London Post-office Will Shortly Start a Week's Experiment.

A despatch from London, England, says: The General Post Office will shortly start a week's experimental aerial post. Letters and postcards will be carried from London to Windsor, where with the consent of the King, a post office will be opened in the park.

A despatch from Hamilton says: It is quite possible that the disastrous fire at the Insane Asylum, which caused the death of eight patients, will result in a complete change of policy in the erection of asylum buildings. The old three, four, and five-story structures will likely give place to two-story modern steel fireproof buildings with iron stairways and a balcony around the exterior of the second story, the same as a number of asylum buildings in the States. Provincial Architect Heakes discussed the matter with Building Inspector Anderson and Col. John S. Hendrick. Chief Ten Eyck says that if there had been a balcony around the top floor of the building here more lives would have been saved, as it would have been easier for the men to run up the stairs and rip off the sorens. As it was, many of the firemen had to risk their lives climbing along the coping on the outside to get to windows where patients were packed up. Attention has been called to the fact that the asylum hose was rotten, bursting at almost every length under the pressure.

NA-DRU-CO

HEADACHE WAFERS

relieve the worst headache in 30 minutes or less. Absolutely harmless. 25 cents a box at all druggists'. 54

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

Chatham is to have a ten-thousand beet sugar factory next season.

J. A. D. McCurdy, the aviator, was robbed of \$150 at his hotel at Hamilton.

Australian capitalists are considering investment in Alberta real estate.

The Customs receipts at Montreal for July were \$1,555,684, an increase of \$20,717 over July 1910.

Montreal's population is now placed at 554,000 by the new directory.

Customs receipts at Windsor bid fair to reach two million dollars this year.

Mrs. Anna Knechtel, aged 83, died near Listowel from breaking her leg by tripping over carpet.

Four C. P. R. employees have been sentenced to imprisonment at Kenora, for thefts from freight cars.

Ben Glass, a convict at St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, hanged himself in his cell with a towel.

Henry Lemire, of Tecumseh, died of injuries received a year ago in Detroit, when beaten by highwaymen, who have never been arrested.

An Ottawa boy, Frank Helman, aged thirteen, put his head out of a street car window and was fatally injured when another car whizzed by.

Two Arctic explorers, Christian Leden and Harold Thaubow, are starting from Montreal on an extended tour of the Canadian north country.

Tenders have been opened for work on the Hudson Bay Railway, and work is expected to begin by September 1 at the Saskatchewan end of the line.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Owing to the dock strike in London a beef famine is threatened.

The Anglo-American treaty provides that the dominions be consulted.

Over 60,000 dock-laborers are on strike at London, Eng. They demand 16 cents an hour.

The King's Cup was won at the Cowes Regatta by Sir Maurice Fitzgerald's Ketch Julia.

Mr. Balfour has given notice to move a vote of censure on the Government regarding the advice tendered the Sovereign in relation to the creation of Peers.

UNITED STATES.

There will be no United States naval militia manoeuvres on the great lakes this year.

Harlan J. Smith of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, has been appointed archaeologist of the new Victoria Museum, Ottawa.

Texas has decided to close saloons in future from seven o'clock in the evening till six in the morning.

FIRE AT MONTREAL.

Heavy Loss Occasioned to Undertaker's Goods.

A despatch from Montreal says: Damage to the extent of \$20,000 was done in the establishment of the Montreal Funeral Expense Society by a fire on Monday night. Six horses were burned to death, and five hearses, a number of carriages, a large quantity of hay, and all the furniture were totally destroyed. The house of George Smith, adjoining, was also consumed. Fireman Charette and Fireman Brien were hurt, the former being struck on the head by falling beams and having his eye injured by lime, the latter being badly burned about the back and shoulders.

CHOLERA IS SPREADING.

Epidemic in Italy Reaches Alarming Conditions, Say Reports.

A despatch from Washington, says: The epidemic of cholera in Italy is spreading. Already it has extended to Genoa and Leghorn, according to advices received on Monday from Naples by Surgeon-General Wyman, of the public health and marine hospital service. During the period from July 22 to 26 there were 68 cases of cholera in Naples, with 20 deaths, while in Naples province there were 148 cases and 74 deaths. Throughout the remainder of Continental Italy there were 130 cases and 51 deaths. In Palermo there were 100 cases, 32 of which were fatal, and in Palermo province 75 cases, with 35 fatalities. Of 32 cases in the remainder of Sicily ten were fatal.

BRITISH SAILORS STRIKE.

Fifty British Tramp Steamers Tied Up in New York Port.

A despatch from New York says: Fifty British tramp steamers, which are now in port here, may be tied up indefinitely by reason of a strike ordered by the Sailors' and Firemen's Union of Great Britain. While the sailors on the vessels of the transatlantic companies sign for the round trip, the sailors on most of the tramp vessels sign separately for the journey each way. The union has issued a new scale, embodying an advance all around, and the seamen are instructed to refuse to sign except under the new scale. Members of the American union are not allowed by their officials to take the places of the strikers.

ENGLISH RAILWAY STRIKE.

Demand for Higher Wages and Shorter Hours.

A despatch from London says: The strike fever has appeared at Liverpool and Manchester, where thousands of railway men quit work on Monday, demanding an advance in wages and shorter hours. Vast quantities of goods are held up, and the supply of beef, which alone saved London from a serious shortage last week, when the dockmen went out, is now imperiled.

BRITISH OFFICER ARRESTED.

Alleged Spying on German North Sea Fortifications.

A despatch from Bremen, Germany, says: An Englishman, said to be an officer of the British Territorials, was arrested here on

HAT AND COAT ON ENGINE.

Tragedy Discovered and Body of Victim Found Mangled.

A despatch from St. John, N.B., says: The finding of a man's hat and coat on the cowcatcher of a locomotive which was being cleaned at Moncton on Thursday told the tale of an awful accident. A search revealed the body of a man lying near the track at Sunnybrae, a suburb of Moncton, in a fearfully mangled condition. The bones of the leg were forced through his trousers, both legs were cut off, and the trunk so badly crushed that identification was impossible.

RUSH OF LAND SEEKERS.

Excellent Crop Reports Lead to an Unprecedented Rush.

A despatch from Calgary, Alta., says: Sixty prospective settlers for Alberta arrived here on Friday from Chicago in charge of the Canadian Pacific Irrigation Company's agent. The settlers come from various points of Michigan, Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota and Kentucky. The excellent crops predicted here this season will probably result in a movement of land seekers unprecedented in the history of the West.

NO BLACK RUST.

Manitoba Wheat Free From Blemish, Says G. M. Bosworth.

A despatch from Montreal says: G. M. Bosworth, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, on Friday wired W. M. Lanigan, assistant freight agent, Western Lines, Winnipeg, as follows:—"Any truth in newspapers regarding black rust in Manitoba?" To which Mr. Lanigan replied as follows:—"No truth in newspaper reports of black rust in Manitoba."

TO BUILD WARSHIPS.

British Company Will Establish Drydock at St. John, N. B.

A despatch from London says:



THE STANDARD ARTICLE • SOLD EVERYWHERE

For making soap softening water, removing paint, disinfecting sinks, closets, drains, and for many other purposes

E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT.

Robert Bevis, managing director of the Carnmell, Laird Company, states that if present negotiations materialize, a shipyard will be constructed at St. John for the building of Canada's warships by a firm which will be established in Canada and which will be organized and developed by a British company.

Despatches from Paris and London announce that the Moroccan crisis is over.

OWNS PART OF HAMILTON

London Man Advances Claim to Three Hundred Acres

A despatch from London, Ont., says: If what David Welch, of 580 Dufferin Avenue, says is true, he owns a large-sized chunk of Hamilton, and he is going to try to recover what belongs to him right away. Welch says he holds deeds to 300 acres situated in the heart of the Ambitious City, which is part of a grant made by the Crown a century ago to one Caleb Reynolds. The balance of the grant changed hands legally, but Welch, whose wife is an heir of Reynolds, claims that the 300 acres referred to were not sold, but were squatted upon, and that the present deeds are not good. The land is situated along Burlington Bay, and includes much property, a rough estimate of the value of which is \$20,000,000. Caleb Reynolds was a United Empire Loyalist, and after losing everything in the American Revolution, he came across the border, and the Government made him a grant of several hundred acres.

"THE SUGAR OF QUALITY"

Harlan J. Smith of the American Museum of National History, New York, has been appointed archaeologist of the new Victoria Museum, Ottawa.

Texas has decided to close saloons in future from seven o'clock in the evening till six in the morning.

George Prentice and Mary De Witt were married over the telephone at their respective homes near Coin, Ia.

The United States Senate passed the farmers' free list bill, adding one amendment admitting fresh meat and cereals free from Canada.

GENERAL.

The Moroccan crisis is believed to be over.

A rising has taken place against the Government of President Gomez in Cuba.

OTTAWA RIVER IS LOW.

Water is Twenty-One Feet Lower Than in May.

A despatch from Ottawa says: An examination of the lockmaster's book showed the startling fact that the water in the Ottawa River had sunk about twenty-one feet since last May. Last May the water stood twenty-eight feet eight inches in the Ottawa River. Since that time it has been sinking rapidly, until now the water stands at seven feet eleven inches, and bids fair to go much lower if there is no serious rainfall. In the Ottawa River it has not affected navigation so far. In the Rideau the water is extremely low, and it may become dangerous for the boats of the Rideau Lakes Navigation Company to make their trips.

WANT BEST APPARATUS.

Montreal's Fire Department Will Have New Equipment.

A despatch from Montreal says: The Board of Control has taken steps to have the city's fire department the most up-to-date in America, the latest being to call for tenders for five automobile fire-fighting machines and two of the latest steam pumps. They will increase the efficiency of the brigade by one automobile truck to haul the aerial ladder, one automobile truck to haul the 1,200 gallon steam engine, one combination engine with a capacity of 1,000 imperial gallons, one auto hose wagon to carry 1,000 feet of hose, one auto wagon to carry 2,000 feet of hose, one 1,000 United States gallon steam pump, and one 800 United States steam pump.

N. Y. CITY POPULATION.

Passes Five Million Mark, According to Census Figures.

A despatch from New York says: The population of New York city passed the five million mark on August 1, according to figures prepared by the Health Department. The statistician estimates that the city now has 5,000,400 residents, a gain of about 230,000 for the past year. The official figure of the United States census for 1910 was 4,706,883.

BRITISH OFFICER ARRESTED.

Alleged Spying on German North Sea Fortifications.

A despatch from Bremen, Germany, says: An Englishman, said to be an officer of the British Territorials, was arrested here on Monday accused of spying on the German fortifications on the North Sea coast. The prisoner, whose name has not been learned, was subsequently admitted to bail. No details of the alleged spying are made known, but the deed charged is described as of the most daring character.

LONDON'S POPULATION.

Three Wards Show an Increase of More Than 1,000.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: According to figures just compiled by a staff of assessment men, under Commissioner Grant, the population of three wards of London shows an increase of 1,002. Great interest is being taken in the growth of this city as Premier Whitney has decreed that London shall have no Sunday Street cars until the 50,000 mark is passed.

TELLER FOUND DEAD IN BED.

Revolver Beside Him, But Cause for Suicide Unknown.

A despatch from Lethbridge, Alta., says: Hugh B. McLaughlin, teller and accountant of the Molsons Bank at Diamond City, was found lying dead on a bed in his room at the rear of the office on Wednesday night by D. C. Morrison, Manager, when he returned from lunch. A revolver lying beside McLaughlin showed the cause of death, but whether it was through suicide or accidental is uncertain. No cause for suicide is revealed, as the teller's accounts are correct.

RADIAL CARS IN COLLISION.

Motorman, Conductor and Several Passengers Injured.

A despatch from Hamilton says: A very serious accident occurred about 10 o'clock on Wednesday night near station twelve on the Hamilton Beach, where two radial cars collided. The accident occurred during a heavy fog, which hung over the beach all night. Car 305 was standing at station twelve, when car 307 ran into it. Motorman Staver and Conductor Moore of the rear car were badly injured, and several passengers were also bruised. The rear of car 305 and the front of car 307 were demolished. The injured men were taken to the City Hospital.

POLICE DESTROY WHISKEY.

Three Hundred Bottles Confiscated and Sellers Fined.

A despatch from Porcupine says: Three hundred bottles of confiscated whiskey were destroyed on Wednesday morning by the police authorities. C. Demetro was fined \$100 and costs for selling liquor without a license, and P. Fister was fined \$200 and costs for the same thing. Napoleon Giroux skipped his bail for the same offence, which the authorities have collected; it was \$250.

a century ago to one Caleb Keynolds. The balance of the grant came across the border, and the changed hands legally, but Welch, Government made him a grant of whose wife is an heir of Reynolds, several hundred acres.

"THE SUGAR OF QUALITY"

IS ANOTHER NAME FOR

Redpath

EXTRA GRANULATED SUGAR

This explains why it is so generally used during the Fruit Season.

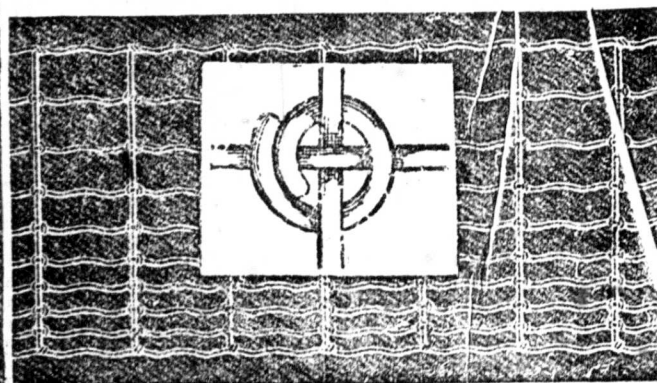
See that you get it from your Grocer for it means "Preserving Satisfaction."

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal

Established in 1854 by John Redpath.

Royal Brand Farm Fencing

DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO FARMER
FREIGHT PREPAID TO YOUR NEAREST R. R. STATION



ROYAL FENCE is made of the best all No. 9 hard steel wire, heavily galvanized and perfectly woven. The farmers of Ontario have purchased over 200 carloads of Royal Fence this season. Your money back and we pay freight both ways if not satisfied.

The following styles we carry in stock and can make prompt shipment of any amount. All fence put up in 20, 30 and 40 rod rolls only.

| | |
|---|---|
| 6-40-0 Has 6 line wires, 40 in. high, 9 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 7, 7, 8, 9, 9. Price per rod, freight prepaid 21 1/2c | 8-48 Has 8 line wires, 48 in. high, 12 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9. Price per rod, freight prepaid 30c |
| 7-40-0 Has 7 line wires, 40 in. high, 9 stays to the rod; all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 5, 6, 6, 7, 7 1/2, 8 1/2. Price per rod, freight prepaid 24c | 9-48-0 Has 9 line wires, 48 in. high, 9 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 8, 8, 9. Price per rod, freight prepaid 30c |
| 8-40 Has 8 line wires, 40 in. high, 12 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 7, 8. Price per rod, freight prepaid 29c | 9-48 Same as 9-48-0, with 12 stays to the rod. Price per rod, freight prepaid 32 1/2c |
| 7-48-0 Has 7 line wires, 48 in. high, 9 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11. Price per rod, freight prepaid 25c | 10-50 10 line wires, 50 in. high, 12 stays to the rod, all No. 9 hard steel wire. Spacing 3, 3 1/4, 3 1/4, 3 1/4, 5 1/4, 6, 8, 8, 8. Price per rod, freight prepaid 35c |

We sell the best all iron double stretcher made, freight prepaid \$7.50

The above prices include freight prepaid to any railroad station west of Toronto in Old Ontario. To points beyond Toronto and south of North Bay add 1c per rod and we pay freight. To points in New Ontario, Quebec, and Maritime Provinces, add 6c per rod and we pay freight. Remit cash with your order by money order or draft to the

The Sarnia Fence Co. Sarnia, Ont.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion if in ordinary type. In black type the charge will be 75 per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1908, the following will be the Club Rates:

| | |
|--|--------|
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe..... | \$1.75 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star..... | \$1.75 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig..... | \$1.75 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness..... | \$1.75 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun..... | \$1.75 |
| Any three of the above papers..... | \$2.40 |
| THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star..... | \$2.25 |

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co, 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery



FROM A BARREL OF FLOUR

to all kinds of good things baked at this bakery, is a maze of bewitchery.

BREAD, CAKE, PIES,
COFFEE ROLLS,

and a hundred and one other things that this bakery invents and bakes.

YIELDED TO EDMUNDS.

Cleveland's Political Foe Won After His Friends Had Failed.

Soon after Mr. Cleveland entered the White House in 1885 Vice President Hendricks died at his home in Indianapolis, and the president made arrangements to attend the funeral. Many of his social intimates and all his official advisers united in an effort to dissuade him from making this twenty hour journey, enlarging on the manifold risks of rail travel at all times and the special opportunity this would offer some fanatic to assassinate him. But he remained immovable until within a few hours of the time set for closing up his business he received an unexpected call from Senator Edmunds of Vermont.

Mr. Edmunds was the leader of the Republican side of the senate and was understood to have in preparation several measures of opposition to the announced policies of the new administration. But he was also and above all else an American citizen and a patriot, and his visit to his political foe was made in that character. In a conversation of less than half an hour, in which he drew the curtain over all differences and disregarded all empty formalities of intercourse, he laid before the president in the clear terms and logical order in which he knew so well how to express himself the larger aspects of the situation.

As the presidential succession law then stood the speaker of the house of representatives stood next in line to the vice president, and next to him came the president pro tempore of the senate. The house not having organized since the inauguration, no speaker had been elected, and the senate having failed at its special session to choose a president pro tempore to serve during the recess, only one life—that of the president himself—stood between the nation and administrative anarchy; hence, argued Mr. Edmunds, it was Mr. Cleveland's duty to forego every other consideration and invite no chances of throwing upon the country they both loved a strain such as it had never been subjected to before.

The writer of these lines was seated in the next room while this visit was in progress, and he will never forget the president's expression of satisfaction on coming out of his office after the senator had gone. He gave orders at once that all preparations for his journey should be suspended and declared that nothing that had occurred since he entered the White House had so touched him as the kind solitude shown by Mr. Edmunds about his exposing himself to any peril now. The others who had reasoned with him on the subject were men who were presumptively friendly and whose chief anxiety seemed to be lest he should suffer some injury to his individual person or fortunes. But here was a man who, as far as politics was concerned, was a hostile of hostiles, yet who appealed to him in behalf of the American people and their government.

"That settled it," Mr. Cleveland concluded as he turned to go back to his office. "After what Edmunds said there can be no further question of where my highest obligation lies."—F. E. L. in New York Post.

Soft Toned Bells of China.

The natives of China use large bells of their own make in many of their temples and monasteries. I have noticed all through Japan and China that the tone of the monastery and temple bells is very soft and smooth, due to the superior quality of the material

NEWSPAPER COMMENTS

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Ottawa Journal.

R. L. Borden hopes to enter the citadel of power the Perley gate of his Argenteuil lieutenant's boundless activity.

Huron Signal.

Mr. Johnson, manager of the Norfolk Fruit-growers' Association, estimates a gain of fifty cents a barrel to the Canadian apple-grower as a result of free entry to the United States market. Which means in a good crop year an additional sum of \$150,000 or more in the pocket of Huron county fruit-growers.

Stratford Herald.

Any woman would feel sad if she could really get into her brain through the rats and puffs and big hat and criminal feathers on her head, the fact that the earth suffers because the birds are killed off in hundreds of millions, and the enemies of the insects are no longer there to protect the trees and the flowers.

London Advertiser.

The Winnipeg Telegram, the Conservative organ there, sees in reciprocity merely a dodge to head off the agitation for lower duties on manufactured goods. The eastern opponent of the pact say it is the first step toward handing the Canadian market over to the United States manufacturers. Even the falsehood behind the Opposition to the pact is two-faced.

Toronto Globe.

Colonel Clark, local member for Bruce, insinuates that the Laurier Government is opposed to "Government ownership and control" of the Hudson Bay Railway. As a matter of fact, the Government has located a large part of the line and is letting contracts for the construction of nearly two hundred miles of the road. Colonel Clark does not suppose that it will be donated to somebody after it is built.

Ottawa Citizen (Conservative).

For the mere reason that the Liberal party has staked its future on the prediction that reciprocity will be a success, it by no means follows that the Conservative party should stake its future that reciprocity will be a failure. But there is a real reason that it should absolutely demand that a measure so pregnant with possibilities either way should be submitted to the people. By a premature decision to fight reciprocity to the bitter end, it runs the chance of placing itself in the unhappy position of the Liberal party in 1878, without any compensating advantage.

Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

On behalf of the Opposition the claim is made that in the coming election the reciprocity question will not be the only issue. Well, the only other issue in sight is the question of responsible government, the right of the people's chosen representatives to rule. It used to be a favorite Tory doctrine that the right to rule was the heaven sent privilege of a select and favored few—all Tories, of course. That doctrine, it was thought, had ceased to operate in this country with the establishment of responsible government. But, of course, if Mr. Borden and his followers want to fight the old fight over again, they will probably be

UMPIRES AND GRIT

Courageous Acts of the Men in the Iron Masks.

A FINE DISPLAY OF NERVE.

When Billy Evans Braved the Onslaught of a Chicago Mob and Won Out—A Notable Decision by O'Day. An Umpire Who Saved Baseball.

"Umpires are brave men—at least the great majority of them. One of the bravest things I ever saw was the act of Billy Evans on the old White Sox grounds in Chicago," writes Hugh Fullerton in the American Magazine. "On that park there was a tier of seats known as the 'stockyards,' in which gathered one of the most dangerous crowds (for umpires) in the country. They were regulars who occupied the same seats almost every day and who fought for them. The seats, of course, were not reserved, but hundreds claimed a title to certain places. They paid their quarters, and if any one was in the place and refused to move he was tossed out and thrown over the heads of the crowd to the bottom. That crowd started after Evans, who had given a close decision at third base against Chicago. Evans walked over on to foul ground back of first base, and a shower of bottles fell around him. It looked as if a hundred men were throwing bottles at the umpire. One bottle touched his cap, several bounded and struck him, one hit him on the arm. During this bombardment Evans did not turn his head. He stood watching the batter. For at least three minutes the bottles whistled around his head. The people in the grand stand shouted for him to run, fearing he would be killed. The players begged him to move into the diamond out of range. He stood still with back to his foes until the batter made a base hit, then trotted down near second base to watch for a play there. As the opposing team took the field a few moments later Evans walked to the same position back of first base, and the crowd that had tried to kill him stood up and cheered him. They recognized a brave man. One fellow threw a bottle, and the crowd pitched him down the steep steps, passing him along until he hit the fence.

"The nerviest decision and one of the most important ever made was that of Umpire O'Day in the world's championship game between Chicago and Detroit on Oct. 8, 1907, the first game of the series which finally ended in a tie in twelve innings. In the eleventh inning Chicago actually scored the winning run only to lose it through the decision of O'Day, a Chicago man and a National leaguer. Slagle was on third base and started home with the ball back of third in left field. The ball was thrown home and arrived after Slagle had crossed the plate and was nearly to the bench. Steinfeldt, who had been batting, was excited, and when the ball was thrown to the plate, wild and wide, he jumped and let it hit his shoulder and prevented Schmidt from catching it. O'Day, in spite of the fact that Slagle had crossed the plate and that there wasn't a chance to put him out, called him out because of Steinfeldt's interference.

"There was a close decision at Cleveland one day when Tim Hurst, widely known as the 'scrappy ump,' was officiating. Burkett was trying to score from second on a hit. The catcher failed to touch his foot, but touched his

FROM A BARREL OF FLOUR
to all kinds of good things baked at this bakery, is a maze of bewitchery.

**BREAD, CAKE, PIES,
COFFEE ROLLS,**
and a hundred and one other things that this bakery invents, and turns out, each and all are appatizing, and healthful.

IT'S HERE YOU GET BEST BAKED STUFF MADE.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,
Next door Robinson Co.
Phone 96. Napanee.]



Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section along side his homestead. Price, \$300 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent, and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$300 per acre. **Duties.**—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$500.00.

W. W. CHRY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N. R.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. 2-6m

The Belleville Business College

has thousands of graduates throughout Canada and the United States. It has furnished four teachers for the largest American Business Colleges and two are teachers in Canadian Colleges. Every member of the Spring Class obtained good positions. Over one hundred graduates have good positions in the City of Belleville. Write for our new Catalogue with photographs of spring classes.

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Lath,
Shingles,
and Cedar Posts.

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Cordwood and Blocks for sale.

Telephone 53.

The natives of China use large bells of their own make in many of their temples and monasteries. I have noticed all through Japan and China that the tone of the monastery and temple bells is very soft and smooth, due to the superior quality of the material used in their manufacture and to the absence of iron clappers, the result being a marvelous softness and mellow-ness of tone. The bells are never swung, being always suspended in a fixed frame, and the sound is produced by striking them on the outer edge with a wooden mallet. This makes the soft tones which are so delightfully melodious.—Consular Reports.

How He Got Out.
"No," said Woodby, "I don't see Wiseman at all any more. He has dropped out of our social set."
"He tells a different story," remarked Sinnickson.
"Indeed!"
"Yes; he claims he has climbed out."
—Catholic Standard.

The Optimist.
"You're looking blue, doc. What's the matter?"
"Well, I'll tell you. A patient I began to treat died this morning."
"Ah, cheer up. He might have died even if you hadn't been called."— *Toledo Blade.*

D. McCLEW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.
REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE,
Books Audited, Accounts Collected
MONEY TO LOAN.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York.
Assets \$540,000,000.

THE FIDELITY and CASUALTY COMPANY, of New York.
Insures against ANY ACCIDENT or ANY SICKNESS.

Agency for the Best Fire Companies, including:—
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO.
Cash Assets \$55,000,000.

MERCANTILE FIRE COMPANY
Capital and Assets \$21,700,000.

INSURANCE OF HORSES—and other live stock against loss by death from accident, disease, fire and lightning; also disablement allowances.

FIDELITY BONDING—Employers Liability, Boiler and Fly-Wheel, Burglary, Plate Glass, Marine Insurance, Motor Boats, Automobiles, etc.

CALL OR WRITE.
OFFICE—Grange Block, John Street.
Napanee, P. O. Box 136.

heaven sent privilege of a select and favored few—all Tories, of course. That doctrine, it was thought, had ceased to operate in this country with the establishment of responsible government. But, of course, if Mr. Borden and his followers want to fight the old fight over again, they will probably be accommodated.

Toronto Globe.
Mr. Borden has challenged Sir Wilfrid to meet the people. Sir Wilfrid goes before them the moment Mr. Borden has proved by two weeks of obstruction to the reciprocity measure that he means what he said in the west. And instead of meeting the announcement with a shout, Mr. Borden meets it with a whimper. Instead of welcoming reciprocity as the single issue upon which the fate of the country hinges, he joins with the more timid of his supporters in seeking to make the general record of the government the argument for changing the relation of the outs to the ins. It is not with such leaders that Canada will replace Laurier.

St. Thomas Journal.
Amongst other agricultural products, Canadian barley is put on the American free list under the reciprocity agreement. The history of that commodity has a particular interest for the Ontario farmer.

For years Ontario barley was exported in great quantities to the United States. It was admitted free during the existence of the old reciprocity treaty, and after that was moderately taxed till 1890, when the McKinley act imposed a duty of thirty cents a bushel. This at once diminished our exports, in fact, had the effect of throwing barley almost out of cultivation in the province, except for the supply of local requirements. In 1889, the year before the McKinley tariff, our exports to the United States amounted to 9,935,000 bushels, of which no less than 9,700,000, valued at \$6,800,000, came from Ontario. Shortly after the imposition of the duty the conservative government at Ottawa endeavored to introduce into Canada the cultivation of the two-rowed barley favored by English brewers, but, chiefly owing to climatic reasons, the experiment was not altogether successful, although some two-rowed is grown in Ontario by farmers who think it more prolific than our native six-rowed, and certainly just as good for feeding animals. Hence whilst we have all along been sending barley to the British market, the trade has never been anything like so great or so remunerative as that with the states when the American duty was moderate. In 1910 our total exports were 2,045,000 bushels, of which 1,500,000 went to Britain for feed, while our once prosperous business with the Americans had dwindled to a paltry 150,000 bushels. Under the present American tariff the duty is still thirty cents. With free barley Ontario will resume her control over that portion of the American market represented by the state of New York and New England, whilst the Canadian west, where it grows to perfection, and, ripening earlier than wheat, escapes frost risk, will, no doubt, ship a considerable volume to Chicago, St. Louis, Milwaukee, St. Paul, and other western American brewing centres. The puzzle in this picture is to find the disloyalty.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Wm. D. Mitchell*

chance to put him out, called him out because of Steinfeldt's interference.

"There was a close decision at Cleveland one day when Tim Hurst, widely known as the 'scrappy ump,' was officiating. Burkett was trying to score from second on a hit. The catcher failed to touch his foot, but touched his knee, and Cleveland claimed the foot reached the knee before the ball reached the knee. Hurst called him out, and in the wrangle that followed expelled Pat Tebeau, O'Connor and Burkett from the game. Then he put them off the grounds. They left the playing inclosure, but all three had their heads over a gate shouting at Hurst and urging the other players to avenge them. Tebeau shouted to good old Deacon Maguire, who was catching, 'Get after him, Jim!' Hurst heard, but was not in position to reply. Maguire heard and waited until he thought Hurst miscalled a strike. Then he rushed at the umpire at top speed. Hurst stood still. When Maguire came near enough Hurst kicked him on the shins and poked his mask into his face. Maguire fell back, astonished. 'If you don't like it, Jim,' said Hurst softly, 'give it to Pat. I merely punched you vicariously.'

"They are 'square men,' these umpires, forced to be a bit gruff and to fight, but their devotion to their work and their honest effort to discharge their duties mark them as men of high integrity. And they are 'game.' I saw Bob Emslie once when a foul ball struck him over the heart. The pain was excruciating. His face grew white, and he set his teeth together and resumed work. Three balls were pitched after he was hit. He called them all clearly. Then he collapsed, falling as if dead, and was carried off the field unconscious.

"One night I saw politicians, wealthy men, club owners, argue for hours with an umpire. All they wanted him to say was 'I didn't see it.' Upon those words hung the fate of a championship, the future of a major league and the honesty of baseball. The umpire replied, 'But, — it, I did see it!' And he saved baseball."

Gentle Hint.
"You want to go back to your husband, do you? How did you tell him?"
"I bought myself a new hat and sent him the bill."—*Fillegende Blatter.*

When the heart is won the understanding is easily convinced. — *Simmons.*

CURED OF CONSTIPATION
Mr. Andrews praises Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Mr. George Andrews of Halifax, N.S., writes:
"For many years I have been troubled with chronic Constipation. This ailment never comes single-handed, and I have been a victim to the many illnesses that constipation brings in its train. Medicine after medicine I have taken in order to find relief, but one and all left me in the same hopeless condition. It seemed that nothing would expel from me the one ailment that caused so much trouble, yet at last I read about these Indian Root Pills.

That was indeed a lucky day for me, for I was so impressed with the statements made that I determined to give them a fair trial.

They have regulated my stomach and bowels. I am cured of constipation, and I claim they have no equal as a medicine."

For over half a century Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have been curing constipation and clogged, inactive kidneys, with all the ailments which result from them. They cleanse the whole system and purify the blood. Sold everywhere at 25c. a box.

Hemp Co., certain time. of the Clerk and re the By and Cl of the and Cl council o'clock THE Neith It is that t in and any b prede utnuos may b ing, o been from c It is no w would ble fo chose rate, tional actual and t jury t subject advise tain, s under arrest goods tion s ties. A q that i the la he m; the co theref suit h in an called, that t sense preser in fac shores His nomin and h the so Book of pa dom. that s forbid them —Har One ed to phrase "Autot a certa Goin Dr. H apolog "I c are for take u "For with a

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

TOWNSHIP OF RICHMOND MINUTES.

Selby, August 7th, 1911.

Council met at Selby.

The members present were Messrs. R. W. Paul, Reeve, and Councillors Fred Sexsmith, Alfred McCutcheon, W. R. Lott, and James Windover, the Reeve presiding.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

Moved by Jas. Windover, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that John McFarlane be instructed to repair Woods' bridge at Roblin. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by Jas. Windover, that the account of George H. Henderson be laid on the table for further information. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by Fred Sexsmith, that the Reeve, R. W. Paul, be appointed to supervise the erection of poles of the Seymour Power and Electric Co., and other work required of him and to be paid by said company. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by W. R. Lott, that Pay Sheet No. 2 of the road engineer, Mr. John McFarlane, for \$63.07 be adopted and he be given an order for the above amount. Carried.

Moved by F. Sexsmith, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the Reeve be authorized to pay the cost of law suit re Spencer and Township of Richmond for horse injured in snow last winter. Damages allowed, \$25.00; Costs, \$16.54 and Treasurer be drawn on for same. Carried.

Moved by Fred Sexsmith, seconded by W. R. Lott, that the following accounts be paid: M. Jordan for 161 loads of stone for use of road division No. 37, by order of the pathmaster, \$8.05; Joy and Son for tile used on Township roads \$13.65; Burnell Denison for gravel for road section No. 74, by order of the pathmaster, \$3.80; Sheldon Windover, for repairing bridge in road Division No. 21, \$11.00; Fred Weese for 45 loads of gravel for use of road division No. 24 by order of the pathmaster, \$4.50; Mrs. Peter Asselstine aid for August, \$5.00; Mrs. Steven Mowers aid for August, \$5.00. Carried.

Moved by W. R. Lott, seconded by A. McCutcheon, that the account of M. S. Madole for cement and tile, \$47.90, be paid and that the Reeve be given an order on the Treasurer for the same. Carried.

Moved by A. McCutcheon, seconded by W. R. Lott, re the communication from Andrew McLeod complaining of the state of the south branch of the Hemp Fly Drain and that the Clerk notify the parties concerned. Carried.

A By-Law for the purpose of giving the Seymour Power and Electric Co., Limited, the privilege of erecting Poles and other attachments through certain roads of the Township of Richmond was introduced and read a first time.

The Council went into a committee of the whole on the second reading of the By-Law.

The By-Law on motion was read the second time.

The By-Law on motion was read the third time, signed by the Reeve and

MINED THE ROAD.

The Volunteers Wiped Out the Foe, but It Was a Sad Story.

"I can tell you the saddest thing that happened during the whole war," said an old negro to a group of listeners. The story was this. One night it was reported that the town was in peril of attack from the enemy, and the fighting forces were quickly mustered. One of the volunteers conceived the idea of mining the road and touching the fuse in time to annihilate the foe. There was plenty of powder, and the scheme was adopted. The rest of the defenders stood some on one side of the road, some on the other, ready to discharge their rifles into what might be left of the assailants.

The day passed without incident, but as the night wore on the strain of the situation began to tell on the nerves of the defenders. Presently, however, there was the sound of hoofs on the highway, approaching rapidly. Such was the state of mind of the defenders that the sounds appeared to indicate the coming of a mighty cavalry force. It was a terrifying moment. A vivid flash lighting up the scene as the first horseman reached the spot told that the mine had been exploded and it had done its work. There was not a vestige of an army to be seen when the smoke cleared away excepting the scattered fragments of a big black mule.

The party laughed as the old man concluded his tale. "That's a good enough story," said one of them, "but what was there so sad about it?" "It was my mule, sah!" was the old negro's pathetic reply.

A Battle of Languages.

Three or four languages strove for mastery in ancient Gaul, which is now France. German was spoken by the 12,000 Frank invaders. Popular Latin was spoken by 6,000,000 Gallo-Romans. Literary Latin was the language of the church and of literature. Low Latin was afterward the language of the administration. German was the first to succumb. In four centuries it ceased to be understood by the soldiers, and in seventy years more it had become an object of ridicule. But it survives in more than 900 words, expressing the things of government, law and war, and thus forms no insignificant part of the French language.

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Nervous Exhaustion unchecked

opens the door to Neuralgia, Head-

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NEURALL" averts these. It feeds

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DR. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.

It will be impossible for me to continue the out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarke and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming to my office in Napanee, I will do my best to please them. All work guaranteed class.

Wanted Now.

For Napanee and surrounding district for fall and winter months, an energetic agent to take orders for nursery stock

Good Pay Weekly.

Outfit Free.

Exclusive Territory

600 ACRES under cultivation. We guarantee to deliver stock in good condition and up to contract grade. We can show that there is good money in representing a well-known reliable firm at this time. Established over 30 years; write for particulars.

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Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonol restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonol will make you a new man. Price \$3 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

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has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences. Residence: West Street, near Madden's grocery.

THIRTY YEARS

Our Seven Colleges have been established during the past 30 years. The largest trainers in Canada. Owing to our connection all over Ontario, we do better for our

certain roads of the Township of Richmond was introduced and read a first time.

The Council went into a committee of the whole on the second reading of the By-Law.

The By-Law on motion was read the second time.

The By-Law on motion was read the third time, signed by the Reeve and Clerk and finally passed. Carried.

A By-Law for the purpose of appointment of a Collector was introduced and read a first time.

The Council went into a committee of a whole on the second reading of the By-Law.

The By-Law on motion was read a second time.

The By-Law on motion was read a third time and signed by the Reeve and Clerk and finally passed. Carried.

A By-Law striking the rate for 1911 was introduced and read a first time.

The Council went into a committee of the whole on the second reading of the By-Law, striking the rate.

The By-Law on motion was read the second time.

The By-Law on motion was read a third time and signed by the Reeve and Clerk and finally passed. Carried.

Moved by Alfred McCutcheon, seconded by James Windover, that this council adjourn to meet the first Monday in September, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m.

GEO. C. JOYCE,
Township Clerk.

THE KING CAN DO NO WRONG.

Neither Can He Ever Die, According to British Law.

It is a curious point of British law that the king never dies, or, to put it in another way, it would be useless for any barrister to argue that the ruler's predecessors have really died, since the utmost the law will admit is that there may be a "demise of the crown," meaning, of course, simply that there has been a transfer of the royal authority from one person to another.

It is a maxim that "the king can do no wrong," and under the law he would not be held personally responsible for any crime or "tort" that he chose to commit at any time. At any rate, we are assured by high constitutional authorities that the law should actually and literally be so construed and that the statutes hold that any injury his majesty might inflict upon a subject must be ascribed to the king's advisers. One thing seems to be certain, and that is that his majesty can under no circumstances whatsoever be arrested. Nor, moreover, could his goods be distrained or taken in execution should he fail to meet his liabilities.

A quaint feature of British law is that in theory the king is present at the law court at every sitting, though he might in point of fact actually be on the continent or elsewhere. It follows, therefore, that it is impossible to nonsuit him as plaintiff should he not put in an appearance when his case is called, since the law specifically states that the king is there. In a similar sense the king is always constructively present in parliament, though he be in fact thousands of miles from his shores.

His majesty is under the law the nominal guardian of all infants, idiots and lunatics, and to him is granted the sole right to print the Bible, the Book of Common Prayer and all acts of parliament to the United Kingdom. It has been stated, furthermore, that should he so desire the king could forbid the printing of any or all of them anywhere within his dominions—Harper's.

Dr. Holmes' Wit.

One of the best repartees ever credited to a habitual maker of happy phrases was that made by the beloved "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table" on a certain social occasion.

Going to dine with a Boston neighbor, Dr. Holmes was met by her with an apology:

"I could not get another man. We are four women, and you will have to take us all in."

"Forewarned is fourarmed," he said with a bow.

Reassuring.

Nervous Party—The train seems to be traveling at a fearful pace, ma'am. Elderly Female—Yes, ain't it? My Polly's a-drivin' of the engine, an' 'e can make 'er go when 'e's got a drop o' drink in 'im.—Tit-Bits.

How She Got Him.

"How did she ever get him, I wonder?"

"You see, another girl had just broken his heart, and she happened to be where she could render first aid to the injured."

A Case of Necessity.

"Why are you breaking up house-keeping?"

"My wife's florist says she'll have to take the rubber plant to a different climate."—Washington Herald.

Nature knows no pause in progress and development and attaches her wings on all traction.—Goethe.

Corpse Rings.

The sailor of the old fashioned, shell-back class always wears a corpse ring. This is a plain band of silver or gold, inscribed within with the sailor's name and port. Corpse rings are worn for the purpose of identification in case of death by drowning through shipwreck, etc. The shellback sailor can never swim, and he looks forward calmly to dying suddenly beneath the sea. Indeed, he usually prefers such a death to a lingering one in hospital.—Buffalo Express.

It Grows Hair

Here are Facts we Want You to Prove at Our Risk.

Marvelous as it may seem, Rexall "93" Hair Tonic has grown hair on heads that were once bald. Of course, in none of these cases were the hair roots dead, nor had the scalp taken on a glazed, shiny appearance.

Rexall "93" Hair Tonic acts scientifically, destroying the germs which are usually responsible for baldness. It penetrates to the roots of the hair, stimulating and nourishing them. It is a most pleasant toilet necessity, is delicately perfumed, and will not gum nor permanently stain the hair.

We want you to get a bottle of Rexall "93" Hair Tonic and use it as directed. If it does not relieve scalp irritation, remove dandruff, prevent the hair from falling out and promote an increased growth of hair, and in every way give entire satisfaction, simply come back and tell us, and without question or formality we will hand back to you every penny you paid for it. Two sizes, 50c. and \$1.00. Sold only at our store. The Rexall Store. T. B. Wallace.

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WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

THE MERRIAM WEBSTER?

Because it is a **NEW CREATION**, covering every field of the world's thought, action and culture. The only new unabridged dictionary in many years.

Because it defines over 400,000 Words; more than ever before appeared between two covers. 1700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations.

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Mention this paper, receive FREE a set of pocket maps.

Our Seven Colleges have been established during the last 30 years. The largest trainers in Canada. Owing to our connection all over Ontario, we do better for our graduates than any other School. You may study all at home or partly at home and finish at the College. Affiliated with The Commercial Educators' Association of Canada. It would be well for you to investigate before choosing. Exclusive right for Ontario of the world-famous Bliss Book-keeping System, which is unequalled. It is Actual Business from Start to Finish, and the student keeps same books as Chartered Banks and Wholesale Houses. Enter any time. Individual instruction.

Fall Term From Aug. 28th

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(Founded 1885)

GEO. SPOTTON, President
E. S. LOGAN, Principal.
21-17

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat.

A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE.

Eastern Standard Time. No. 31 Taking effect Dec 1st, 1906.

| Bannockburn and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto. | | | | | Deseronto and Napanee to Tamworth and Bannockburn. | | | | |
|--|-------|--------|--------|-------|--|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| Stations | Miles | No. 12 | No. 40 | No. 6 | Stations | Miles | No. 1 | No. 41 | No. 6 |
| Lve Bannockburn | 0 | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | Lve Deseronto | 0 | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
| Allans | 5 | 1:50 | 4:10 | 7:00 | Lve Napanee | 9 | 7:20 | 12:10 | 4:25 |
| Queensboro | 14 | 2:05 | 4:25 | 7:10 | Lve Napanee | 9 | 7:50 | 12:40 | 4:40 |
| Bridgewater | 14 | 2:25 | 4:45 | 7:30 | Strathcona | 15 | 8:05 | 12:55 | 4:50 |
| Twedd | 14 | 2:45 | 5:05 | 7:50 | Newburgh | 17 | 8:15 | 12:25 | 4:50 |
| Lve Twedd | 14 | 3:05 | 5:25 | 8:10 | Thomson's Mills | 18 | 8:30 | 12:35 | 5:00 |
| Stoco | 23 | 7:00 | 3:15 | 8:30 | Camden East | 19 | 8:50 | 12:55 | 5:00 |
| Larkins | 27 | 7:15 | 3:30 | 8:45 | Lve Yarker | 23 | 9:00 | 12:50 | 5:15 |
| Marbank | 33 | 7:35 | 3:45 | 9:05 | Lve Yarker | 23 | 9:00 | 12:50 | 5:15 |
| Erinville | 37 | 7:50 | 3:55 | 9:20 | Galbraith | 25 | 9:20 | 1:07 | 5:48 |
| Tamworth | 40 | 8:05 | 4:10 | 9:35 | Moscow | 27 | 9:30 | 1:20 | 6:03 |
| Wilson | 44 | 8:25 | 4:30 | 9:55 | Mudlake Bridge | 30 | 9:45 | 1:35 | 6:18 |
| Enterprise | 46 | 8:35 | 4:40 | 10:05 | Wilson | 32 | 9:55 | 1:45 | 6:28 |
| Mudlake Bridge | 48 | 8:55 | 4:55 | 10:25 | Tamworth | 38 | 10:00 | 1:50 | 6:20 |
| Moscow | 51 | 9:15 | 5:10 | 10:45 | Erinville | 41 | 10:10 | 2:00 | 6:30 |
| Galbraith | 53 | 9:35 | 5:30 | 11:05 | Marbank | 45 | 10:25 | 2:15 | 6:45 |
| Lve Yarker | 55 | 9:45 | 5:40 | 11:15 | Larkins | 45 | 10:35 | 2:25 | 6:55 |
| Camden East | 59 | 10:05 | 5:55 | 11:35 | Stoco | 51 | 10:45 | 2:35 | 7:05 |
| Thomson's Mills | 60 | 10:15 | 6:05 | 11:45 | Lve Twedd | 55 | 11:00 | 2:45 | 7:20 |
| Newburgh | 61 | 10:25 | 6:15 | 11:55 | Lve Twedd | 55 | 11:10 | 2:55 | 7:35 |
| Strathcona | 62 | 10:35 | 6:25 | 12:05 | Bridgewater | 64 | 11:30 | 3:05 | 7:45 |
| Lve Napanee | 69 | 10:55 | 6:45 | 12:25 | Queensboro | 70 | 12:05 | 3:15 | 7:55 |
| Lve Napanee | 69 | 11:05 | 6:55 | 12:35 | Allans | 73 | 12:20 | 3:25 | 8:05 |
| Deseronto | 74 | 11:25 | 7:15 | 12:55 | Arr Bannockburn | 78 | 12:40 | 3:40 | 8:20 |

| Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto. | | | | | Deseronto and Napanee to Sydenham and Kingston. | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Stations | Miles | No. 5 | No. 4 | No. 6 | Stations | Miles | No. 1 | No. 3 | No. 5 |
| Lve Kingston | 0 | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. | Lve Deseronto | 0 | A.M. | P.M. | P.M. |
| G. T. R. Junction | 8 | 4:00 | 4:10 | 4:20 | Lve Napanee | 9 | 7:20 | 12:10 | 4:25 |
| Glennville | 10 | 4:20 | 4:30 | 4:40 | Lve Napanee | 9 | 7:50 | 12:40 | 4:40 |
| Murvale | 14 | 4:30 | 4:40 | 4:50 | Strathcona | 15 | 8:05 | 12:55 | 4:50 |
| Harrowsmith | 19 | 4:55 | 5:05 | 5:15 | Newburgh | 17 | 8:15 | 12:25 | 4:50 |
| Sydenham | 23 | 5:15 | 5:25 | 5:35 | Thomson's Mills | 18 | 8:30 | 12:35 | 5:00 |
| Harrowsmith | 23 | 5:15 | 5:25 | 5:35 | Camden East | 19 | 8:50 | 12:55 | 5:00 |
| Frontenac | 29 | 5:35 | 5:45 | 5:55 | Lve Yarker | 23 | 9:00 | 12:50 | 5:15 |
| Lve Yarker | 29 | 5:45 | 5:55 | 6:05 | Lve Yarker | 23 | 9:00 | 12:50 | 5:15 |
| Camden East | 30 | 5:55 | 6:05 | 6:15 | Galbraith | 25 | 9:20 | 1:07 | 5:48 |
| Thomson's Mills | 30 | 6:05 | 6:15 | 6:25 | Moscow | 27 | 9:30 | 1:20 | 6:03 |
| Newburgh | 39 | 6:25 | 6:35 | 6:45 | Mudlake Bridge | 30 | 9:45 | 1:35 | 6:18 |
| Strathcona | 34 | 6:45 | 6:55 | 7:05 | Wilson | 32 | 9:55 | 1:45 | 6:28 |
| Lve Napanee | 40 | 6:55 | 7:05 | 7:15 | Tamworth | 38 | 10:00 | 1:50 | 6:20 |
| Lve Napanee | 40 | 7:05 | 7:15 | 7:25 | Erinville | 41 | 10:10 | 2:00 | 6:30 |
| Deseronto | 45 | 7:25 | 7:35 | 7:45 | Marbank | 45 | 10:25 | 2:15 | 6:45 |

| LOCAL WORKING TIME TABLE. | | | | | NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON. | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| NAPANEE to DESERONTO and PICTON. | | | | | PICTON to DESERONTO and NAPANEE. | | | | |
| TRAINS | | | | | STEAMERS | | | | |
| Leave Napanee | Arrive Deseronto | Leave Deseronto | Arrive Picton | | Leave Picton | Arrive Deseronto | Leave Deseronto | Arrive Napanee | |
| 2:15 a.m. | 2:35 a.m. | | | | 6:00 a.m. | 7:25 a.m. | 9:50 a.m. | 10:10 a.m. | |
| 7:10 | 8:10 | 7:00 a.m. | 8:30 a.m. | | 9:50 a.m. | 11:20 a.m. | 11:20 a.m. | 11:40 a.m. | |
| 10:30 | 10:50 | | | | | | 12:20 p.m. | 12:40 p.m. | |
| | | 1:40 p.m. | 3:00 p.m. | | | | 3:45 p.m. | 4:05 p.m. | |
| 11:50 a.m. | 12:10 p.m. | | | | | | 6:10 p.m. | 6:30 p.m. | |
| 1:25 p.m. | 1:45 | 5:30 p.m. | 7:00 p.m. | | | | 7:40 | 8:00 | |
| 4:30 | 4:50 | | | | | | 12:40 a.m. | 1:05 a.m. | |
| 6:50 | 7:10 | 7:00 a.m. | 8:30 a.m. | | | | | | |
| 8:15 | 8:35 | | | | | | | | |
| Daily. All other trains run daily Sundays excepted. | | | | | WALTER RATHBUN President. | | | | |
| | | | | | H. B. SHERWOOD Superintendent. | | | | |
| | | | | | MILES McKEOWN, Despatcher. | | | | |

Facts About Motherhood

The experience of Motherhood is a trying one to most women and marks distinctly an epoch in their lives. Not



one woman in a hundred is prepared or understands how to properly care for herself. Of course nearly every woman nowadays has medical treatment at the time of child-birth, but many approach the experience with an organism unfitted for the trial of strength, and when the strain is over her system has received a shock from which it is hard to recover. Following right upon this comes the nervous strain of caring for the child, and a distinct change in the mother results.

There is nothing more charming than a happy and healthy mother of children, and indeed child-birth under right conditions need be no hazard to health or beauty. The unexplainable thing is that, with all the evidence of shattered nerves and broken health resulting from an unprepared condition, women will persist in going blindly to the trial. It isn't as though the experience came upon them unawares. They have ample time in which to prepare, but they, for the most part, trust to chance and pay the penalty.

In many homes once childless there are now children because of the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound makes women normal, healthy, and strong.

Any woman who would like special advice in regard to this matter is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. Her letter will be held in strict confidence.

A Turkish Love Story.

A Turk knocked at his beloved's door, and a voice answered from within, "Who is there?"

Then he answered, "It is I." Then the voice said, "This house will not hold thee and me."

And the door was not opened.

Then went the lover into the desert, where there is nothing but Allah, and fasted and prayed in solitude.

And after a year he returned and knocked again at the door.

And again the voice asked, "Who is there?"

And he said, "It is thyself."

And the door was opened to him.

D'Orsay and His Tailor.

"D'Orsay, the Complete Dandy," as Mr. Tiegmouth Shore calls him in his biography, was fully aware of the value of his patronage to the tailors. When clothes arrived for him, in the most mysterious manner banknotes had found their way into the pockets. Once, when this accident had not happened, D'Orsay bade his valet return the garments with the message that "the lining of the pockets had been forgotten."

The Old, Old Story.

"What did you do when your husband told you the old, old story?"

"I told him to shut up before he was half through."

"Why, what a funny way to reply to a confession of love!"

"Oh, is that what you mean? I thought you meant the story he told

BOY MUSICIANS.

Some of Them Are Earning More Than Cabinet Ministers.

This can certainly be termed the age of baby prodigies, for the number of boys and girls of tender years who perform on the stage at the present time runs well over a score. A few Sarasates and Paderewskis in sashes and pinafores gain royal recognition almost before the public has heard of them, and during the last week or two the inhabitants of a street in Maida Vale have been surprised, if not exactly pleased, by brilliant five-o'clock-in-the-morning performances on a grand piano of rhapsodies by Liszt and Chopin waltzes.

At first it was imagined that an old professor had taken up his abode in the neighborhood, but it has just come to light that the pianist is Master Erwin Nyiregyhazi, of Budapest, who is only five years of age. Erwin has apparently been practicing for a royal performance, for soon he will play before King George and Queen Mary.

Although the boy will not become a public artist before he reaches the age of fifteen, it is understood that he will give a series of drawing-room concerts. On May 22nd he appeared at the Dutchess of Rutland's house in Arlington Street, Piccadilly, and gave a wonderful exhibition of technique and memory. He played with perfect fluency works by Bach, Handel, Chopin, Rachmaninoff, Mozart, Grieg, and Liszt.

After the unveiling of Queen Victoria's Memorial the German Emperor and Empress drove to St. Dunstan's Regent's Park, where they were present at a garden party given by Lord and Lady Londesborough. The Kaiser took a great deal of interest in David Paget, the "boy fiddler," who played a couple of selections, appearing before the royal party in the clothes which he wore during the latter days of his street peregrinations, for some time ago he was found playing to a theatre queue in a London thoroughfare. Paget, who is ten years old, was awarded first prize in a recent competition held for street players. He performed the Intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana" before the German monarch with remarkable skill.

His Majesty of Potsdam quite recently instructed Hans von Garnier, a boy musician, to write him an opera. It was six years ago when the Kaiser first became interested in the boy, who is now sixteen years of age. Garnier had composed a Grenadier March, which His Majesty thought so well of that he ordered its inclusion in the list of the so-called German Army Marches for infantry and cavalry. A little while ago Garnier composed a Review March, to be played during the "Present," when the Emperor passes down the front of his troops, and this was played, by royal orders, at a banquet of the Territorial battalions.

Moritz Lutzen, who commenced to play the piano when three years of age, has acquired considerable distinction as a composer of music. He has conducted an orchestra of 180 players in some of his own compositions before the German Emperor, and conducted the Garde Republicaine, the famous Parisian band, in a concert consisting exclusively of his own pieces. He also won prominence in this country by giving a concert of his compositions to his own conducting with Mr. Dan Godfrey's band at Bournemouth, on the outskirts of which city, by the way, he was born.—Tit-Bits.

Fatal Finger Rings.

Count Zborowski when killed in a fearful motor accident at Nice in 1903 was wearing a fatal ring which had belonged to his family for four generations. In each of these generations the head of the family had worn the ring and each had met with a violent death.

Still more amazing is a story told by the late head of the Paris morgue.

Who Kissed Me?

A Series of Mysterious Happenings and the Explanation Thereof.

By Philip Quentin

Copyright by American Press Association, 1911.

The gun burst, and where was I?

It was the morning of a celebration, and I was ordered out with four guns of the battery to fire a national salute. I pulled the lanyard which fired the twentieth shot. There was an explosion, not especially in front of the gun, but all over, and I was lying on my back unconscious.

The next thing I knew I felt a soft bed under me, but I couldn't see anything. My eyes were bandaged. I remembered the salute and the explosion. It occurred to me that I had lost my eyesight. I asked if any one was in the room, and a man's voice answered. He told me that the surgeon attending me had ordered that no light should, for a few days at least, be permitted to enter my eyes. I was in a house where I had been carried after the accident. I was to be taken home that afternoon. The man assured me that I was not much hurt and my eyes would come out all right.

My informant went out soon after this, leaving me alone. I did not feel much pleased over what had hap-



"I MET THE STREET CAR GIRL."

pened—indeed, I was pretty low spirited. I lay brooding over the matter, not so sure that my sight had not been destroyed, when suddenly I felt two lips pressed against mine. It did not occur to me at once to reach for the person who kissed me, and when I did I was too late. A figure clad in woman's apparel slipped through my hands.

It was very nice of whoever had kissed me, even if it were taking an advantage of a blind man. It certainly turned the current of my thoughts into a pleasanter channel. I called, asking who was in the room, but received no answer. The person must have gone out very softly, for I could not hear the slightest sound. I lay wondering what woman had taken

BRONCHITIS COMPLETELY CURED.

St. Jean, P.Q., Jan. 5th, 1910.

Father Morrissey Med. Co. Ltd.

I can gratefully testify in favor of Father Morrissey's Remedy for Bronchitis trouble. I had suffered for some time from Bronchitis, and could get nothing to give me ease, until I tried Father Morrissey's Prescription (No. 10). To my great surprise, after I had taken this remedy I commenced to grow better, and soon after I was completely cured.

Mde. GEORGE DESMARAIS.

Everybody knows that many common roots, barks and herbs contain Nature's own provision for the relief of coughs and colds. It remained for Father Morrissey, with his wonderful medical skill, to combine extracts from these in such a way as to make the most effective cure for all forms of throat and lung troubles.

His prescription, known as "Father Morrissey's No. 10," or "Lung Tonic," stops a cough by curing the inflamed condition of throat or lungs which causes it. It goes a step further, too, and earns its name of "Lung Tonic" by strengthening the weakened parts.

Trial size 25c. Regular size 50c. At your dealer's or from Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que. 82

ticket. The seat on either side of me was filled with persons I had never seen before. A young man sat on my right, a middle aged lady on my left. Each was with another person, but no one of either couple did I know or had even paid any attention to me. I went home mystified.

One evening I was putting on evening dress to go out when, slipping my hand into the right pocket of my dinner jacket, I felt a little oblong package. Withdrawing it, I took off the paper in which it was enrolled and found a pasteboard box with a jeweler's name and address on the cover. Opening the box and removing a layer of cotton, there on another layer glistened a gold scarf ring.

How did the box get into my pocket?

I pondered over the matter with no success. Then I remembered that I had last worn the dinner jacket at the theater on the night I had used the mysterious ticket. It occurred to me that the young man sitting on my right could have slipped it into my pocket. But why should he have done so? He was a stranger to me and had manifested no interest in me during the evening. Indeed, he seemed to be entirely absorbed with his companion, a very pretty girl, I remembered.

The scarf ring was a plain band of gold with a peculiar setting of five jewels in the center of a square was a diamond.

One day while visiting a picture gallery, passing from one room to another, I met the street car girl face to face. I had my scarf ring on, and her eyes fell upon it before they struck my face. She raised them and at once threw out the red signal. Bowing her head, she attempted to dive past me. But I had had enough of this mystery and sprang directly in front of her.

"You have returned the loan of a nickel," I said, "with a theater ticket, and you placed this scarf ring"—

"I did not."

"I mean a young man who sat in the next seat to me placed it there by your request."

"I wished to repay an obligation."

"You repaid it tenfold."

Then like an electric shock another inference struck me. I determined to risk all on a hazard.

"But you have given me something more delicious than these," I said, looking her in the eye. "When I was blindfolded"—

The blood in her cheeks that had partly subsided again flamed up, and

"What did you do when your husband told you the old, old story?" "I told him to shut up before he was half through."

"Why, what a funny way to reply to a confession of love!"

"Oh, is that what you mean? I thought you meant the story he told last night when he came home from a time with the boys."—Houston Post.

Her Strong Chin.

Dawson—The facial features plainly indicate character and disposition. In selecting your wife were you governed by her chin? Spenslow—No, but I have been ever since we were married.

The French Traveling Show.

The traveling showman is commoner in France than in England, particularly in country places. He has almost vanished as an individual from English country fairs. He exists only as the proprietor of galloping horses or boxing saloons or fat lady shows. But at the smaller country fairs in France you may still find the juggler, with his tinsel and tights, and the strong man and the sometimes quite charming dancer. The most ordinary French crowd has a curiosity about art of any kind unknown in England.—London Standard.

fatal motor accident at Nice in 1903 was wearing a fatal ring which had belonged to his family for four generations. In each of these generations the head of the family had worn the ring and each had met with a violent death.

Still more amazing is a story told by the late head of the Paris morgue. Five times within his experience dead bodies brought to the morgue were found to be wearing a certain ring easily distinguishable by its strange design. It bore in eastern characters this legend: "May whosoever wears this ring die a miserable death." M. Macs, late chief of the Parisian police, vouches for the truth of this.

Our Principal Excitement.

"You don't have any earthquakes or periodic upheavals in your country."

"No; a roller skating craze breaks out about every ten years."

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at \$5 a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont. Or at Hooper's Drug Store.

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IT'S pure — ask your Doctor about the beneficial qualities of

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Brings the refreshing, zestful tonic properties of beer brewed by the good old careful process.

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A Representative will
call for your Orders and
Instructions.

an advantage of a blind man. It certainly turned the current of my thoughts into a pleasanter channel. I called, asking who was in the room, but received no answer. The person must have gone out very softly, for I could not hear the slightest sound. I lay wondering what woman had taken sufficient interest in me to kiss me. Was it from motives of pity or because she had been especially attracted to me? I was inclined to look at it as a freak of some mischievous chit to set me wondering. After all, it must have been something of a temptation for her to kiss me since she could do so without being found out.

I was removed to my home, but it was several weeks before I was permitted to go out with my eyes uncovered. I asked to be shown the house where I had been carried after the accident and found it an eminently respectable residence. I went in to thank whoever had received me and found an elderly lady who congratulated me upon my recovery.

Now, what I had really gone there for was to find out who kissed me. But how? Could I tell the lady that I had been surreptitiously kissed while defenseless in her house, thus giving away whoever had done the deed? I sat a few minutes talking with my benefactress, but thinking of the secret I wished to discover till I considered it about time to withdraw, disappointed at being no wiser than when I had come. I was a good deal of a boy then and not competent to push such a matter. I was nineteen. The lady who had succored me was past forty, and I was quite sure she had not been the kisser.

A year passed. One day I was riding in a street car when a young lady got in. When the conductor came round for her fare she opened her pocketbook and looked surprised at seeing no change there. She was about to get out of the car when I asked her to let me pay her fare for her. She consented with a very sweet smile, and I handed the conductor the money.

"Will you please give me your address that I may repay you?" she asked.

"To send a nickel would be more trouble than it is worth," I replied. "The matter is of no consequence, I assure you."

"You are very kind. I will accept the amount, trusting that I may some time have an opportunity to return the favor."

I should have liked to go on with the conversation, but considered that it would be presumptuous for me to do so. The girl made no further remark, so the conversation dropped. She got out before I did, and I should have been glad to join her, but would not for the world have taken advantage of so small a matter as lending her a nickel to force an acquaintance. I had forgotten the episode when one day I received an envelope containing a theater ticket. It was not marked complimentary. It had evidently been purchased at the box office. I went there and asked the ticket seller if he could remember who bought it. He looked at it and said that he could not. I went away wondering who had favored me, but feeling sure that the person would turn up in time.

I went to the play hoping that I would have my curiosity satisfied before the evening was over, but I did not. I saw no one whom I suspected in the audience, and no one made himself or herself known to me. I had fancied that I might receive a pleasant surprise in seeing some old friend take a seat beside me who would turn out to be the donor of the

inference struck me. I determined to risk all on a hazard.

"But you have given me something more delicious than these," I said, looking her in the eye. "When I was blind-folded"—

The blood in her cheeks that had partly subsided again flamed up, and she made another dive for freedom, but I headed her off. I knew she was the girl who had kissed me.

Well, it was all out, and I told her that nothing would satisfy me but a full statement of the case from the time of the bursting of that gun at the celebration that had suspended consciousness within me and enabled her to carry on this succession of surprises. She told me that I might call upon her and she would satisfy my curiosity. I made the call without any delay, and this is the story she gave me:

"The house to which you were carried was and is occupied by my aunt and uncle. I went there shortly after you were taken in and, seeing a crowd about the house, was in dread lest something had happened to some one of the family. My aunt told me of the explosion of the gun and your arrival. A doctor was then with you, washing out what had been blown into your eyes, and when he left the room he reported that you were in a more critical condition than afterward turned out to be the case.

"I volunteered to go in and look out for your needs, and my aunt, who is a very nervous woman, was quite willing to accept my services in your behalf. When I saw a young soldier lying there grievously injured looking so handsome"—

"Cut it out," I interrupted. She continued her story, smiling—"I felt pity in my heart. Then it occurred to me to puzzle you with that kiss.

"When I met you in the street car I pretended I had no change that you might pay my fare. I knew where you lived and sent the theater ticket as a return for your favor. The young man who sat on your right was my brother and commissioned by me to drop the scarf ring into your pocket. There, you have my confession. The whole thing has been done for fun."

I concluded that a girl who would take all that trouble for fun might not be hard to win by the object of her amusement. I acted on this opinion and found it to be correct.

But She Doesn't.

"Of all inappropriate names I ever heard our landlady takes the bun," said the fat boarder.

"You mean her first name?" asked the thin boarder.

"Sure! It's Phyllis."

Not to Be Expected.

"Pshaw!" exclaimed the professor to the student who was rehearsing his Latin oration. "You are too solemn. There's no life in your speaking."

"Of course not," responded the student, lively enough. "You don't expect it in a dead language, do you?"

A Good Talker.

Clara—Is Mrs. Flitter a good conversationalist?

Dorothy—Yes, indeed. She makes you think of lots of good things to say, but talks so much that you don't get a chance to say them.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

B. B. B.

Base Ball Boys and all people playing base ball should see Paul's stock of "Reach" goods.

HOTEL BEDS ABROAD.

To Get Into Some of Them One Has to Use a Stepladder.

The European bed always strikes the uninitiated American traveler as a huge joke. In France they commence to impress him with their height and narrowness, and he looks dubiously at the enormous Turkey red cotton "couvre pied" of elderdown, which seems something like a mountain, and he wonders how he is ever going to bear all that extra weight on his person. But when he has slipped between the sheets and the grateful warmth communicates itself to his cold bones—if it is winter they are sure to be like icicles—he discovers that it is deceptively light and deliciously comfortable.

In Switzerland the beds attain a little more height, but it is in Germany that they become of such an altitude as to necessitate a pair of steps to mount them. One tourist, finding that one leg of the stepladder was broken, solved his difficulty by going to the extreme end of the room, taking a running start and landing with a flying leap in the midst of the Turkey red elderdown. He crawled in under the crocheted counterpane and was soon fast asleep. Some time in the night he became sleepily aware of a consuming thirst and started to get out of bed for a drink. A startled shriek, followed by some swear words that even the thick headed German watchman understood, penetrated to the remotest chamber in the inn.

"I was half awake," he explained afterward, "and had been dreaming of standing on Table Rock, in the Yosemite. I started to get out of bed—and began to fall. Naturally I supposed I was plunging to the bottom of that precipice, and I'll leave it to you if any one wouldn't have let out a yell when he thought he was going to be dashed to death."

Sometimes in European hotels the tourist is taken solemnly to one side and told that by paying a few francs or lire more he can have the royal bedchamber. A certain hotel in Sorrento, where a dozen or more royal heads have lain in one season, is even more generous, for if the rooms are empty they make no extra charge. And the traveler loves to recount when he is back on his native heath how his cheek pressed the same pillow that had been used by the little queen of Holland or the king of Saxony.—New York Tribune.

BALANCING THE SEXES.

Singular, Isn't It, the Way Nature Preserves the Equilibrium?

One of the most subtle and interesting problems of life, according to the eminent statistician and student of heredity, Professor R. J. Ewart, is the numerical relationship of sex and its influence upon the body politic. The woman's rights movement is in essence a mathematical and statistical problem, according to him. There is not a general advance of woman, as some sociologists assert. There is a sudden manifestation of her power, a period of supremacy and then a decline of her status.

The explanation is statistical mainly. True, it has always been something of a puzzle why the proportion of each kind, apparently with little or no underlying reason, is produced in the right numbers. The argument that if such were not the case the particular species would not survive does not reveal to us the methods by which this object has been achieved. That some mechanism must exist by means of which within certain limits the number of males and females born is regulated

DON'T TAKE OLD-TIME PHYSIC

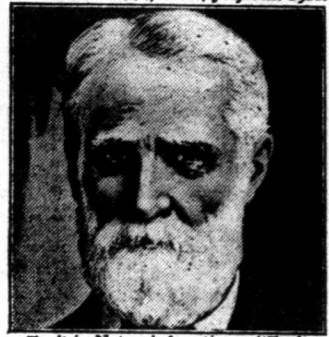
"Fruit-a-tives" Brings Natural Results in A Natural Way.

"I am a seventy-nine-year-old man and a great believer in, and user of, 'Fruit-a-tives'." "Stricture of The Bowels was the complaint I suffered from and I found that 'Fruit-a-tives' did me more good than any other remedy. My doctor advised me to stick to 'Fruit-a-tives' and I have done so with best result."

"I have been in business here for a good many years and have been a resident of Otterville for over fifty years."

WM. PARSONS.

OTTERVILLE, ONT., July 8th, 1910.



Fruit is Nature's laxative. "Fruit-a-tives" is made of the juices of apples, oranges, figs and prunes. "Fruit-a-tives" acts on the human system like fresh fruit—easily and gently—yet just as effectively as the old-time pill.

"Fruit-a-tives" does not gripe or irritate the intestines. It regulates the bowels and cures Constipation because "Fruit-a-tives" acts directly on the liver. Just try "Fruit-a-tives" when you need a mild, gentle yet effective laxative and liver regulator.

50c. a box—6 for \$2.50—trial size, 25c. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

BATH.

Mrs. F. K. Barker and daughter, Florence, of Guelph, are visiting at Maxwell Robinson's.

Miss M. J. O'Heron, of Wolfe Island, and Miss Loretta Simpson, of Rochester, N. Y., are visiting at T. Bain's.

Miss Lucilla Hoselton and Miss Pearl Smith, visiting friends in Rochester, N. Y., have returned home.

Messrs. H. Hoselton, of the steamer North King, Albert Hoselton, of the K. & P. railway, and Walter Hoselton, of Rochester, are visiting at G. W. Hoselton's.

Mrs. James Chapman and son, of Brockville, are visiting at Norman Rikley's.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Rain is much needed in this vicinity.

Farmers are busy harvesting, and report a very good crop.

The many friends of Mrs. Thomas Bradford were shocked to hear of her sudden and serious illness, but will be glad to learn that she is improving.

Visitors: Mr. and Mrs. S. Sigsworth at G. Borr's and J. Kerr's; Mr. and Mrs. J. Watts, Yarker, at T. H. Watson's; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Trousdale Hartington, at E. Whitty's; Mrs. H. W. Larry and little son, Oswald, of Toronto, at Geo. Barr's; Mr. and Mrs. Louis Boyce and family spent Sunday last with friends in Yarker; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sears, Mount Chesney, also Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Barr at Geo. Barr's; Mr. Harry Watson at C. Purdy's; Mrs.

STANDING OF THE PARTIES IN THE HOUSE AT DISSOLUTION.

It is worth while getting a grip of the essential facts of the political situation as a preliminary to passing judgement on the work of the election prophets. The standing of the parties in the House of Commons at dissolution was as follows:—

Ontario—Liberals, 35; Conservatives, 51.
Quebec—Liberals, 53; Conservatives, 12.
New Brunswick—Liberals, 11; Conservatives, 2.
Nova Scotia—Liberals, 12; Conservatives, 6.
Prince Edward Island—Liberals, 3; Conservatives, 1.
Manitoba—Liberals, 2; Conservatives, 8.
British Columbia—Liberals, 2; Conservatives, 5.
Saskatchewan—Liberals, 9; Conservatives, 1.
Alberta—Liberals, 4; Conservatives, 3.
Yukon—Liberals, 1.

This gives the Government a majority of 43. To wipe out this majority and bring about political chaos the Conservatives must win 22 seats. To get enough majority to organize the House they would need to add 25 to their present representation of 89. This would give them 114 members in a House of 221, or six of a majority with the Speaker in the chair.

Where are they going to get them? Mr. Fielding recently said that on a reciprocity issue there was not a single safe Conservative seat in the three Atlantic Provinces. No one who knows anything of the situation there expects more than nine Conservatives, the present representation, out of 35 seats. This gives a Liberal majority of seventeen.

In the Provinces west of the Great Lakes there are also 35 seats held at present by eighteen Liberals and seventeen Conservatives. Without going into details we may express the view that the Liberals will hold twenty of these western seats when the contest ends—a majority of five.

In Ontario and Quebec, the real fighting ground, the Conservatives must secure twenty-two more seats than the Liberals to equal the latter in the new House. Ask the election prophets to give you a list of those probable Tory wins, and watch them try to figure it out.

In Quebec it is probable that the alliance of Monk and Bourassa will somewhat increase the Conservative strength. The highest estimate we have seen is that of The Ottawa Citizen: 27 Conservatives and Nationalists out of 65 seats. This looks like a rather steep order for Monk and Bourassa to handle. Here is the Conservative membership from Quebec at the various elections since Laurier became leader of the Liberal party:—1891, 30; 1896, 16; 1900, 7; 1904, 11; 1908, 11. To jump from 11 to 27 would be a good deal of a political revolution. But, conceding the 27 there would still be a Liberal majority of 11 from Quebec to add to the twenty-two from the eastern and western Provinces.

The Conservatives, therefore, at the best, and on their own estimates, will come into Ontario with an adverse majority of 33. They must get 60 out of the 86 seats in this Province to equal the Liberals, and 64 before they can organize a Government. Now what are the facts as to Ontario? Even in 1878 the Tories carried only 59 seats—a majority of 30. At dissolution their majority was 16. They have among their present holding of 51 seats no less than 20 with majorities of less than 250. Here is the list: East Algoma, 41; West Algoma, 209; South Bruce, 193; East Elgin, 247; North Essex, 84; North Grey, 146; Haldimand, 246; Halton, 212; East Huron, 83; West Huron, 62; North Lanark, 6; Lennox and Addington, 154; Lincoln, 249; East Middlesex, 249; Nipissing, 21; East Northumberland, 196; North Ontario, 200; North Simcoe, 51; Centre Toronto, 187; Centre York, 45.

The Liberal seats held by majorities of less than 250 are sixteen in number:—Brant, 245; Brantford, 205; Brockville, 144; South Grey, 87; South Huron, 154; West Kent, 82; West Lambton, 246; North Middlesex, 63; West Middlesex, 156; West Northumberland, 130; South Ontario, 243; North Oxford, 124; South Oxford, 93; North Perth, 41; South Perth, 29; Prince Edward, 137.

Let anyone glance over these two lists and see who is going to make gains in Ontario on September 21. It looks like a pretty safe estimate to increase the Liberal representation from 35 to 40 or 42 on an issue like reciprocity. A clear Liberal majority in Ontario is expected by some who have proved themselves good prophets in the past.

On the Tories' own figures Laurier and larger markets will win.

Willing to Oblige.

"You forgot something," called his wife from the window after the morning quarrel. He came back. "What did I forget?" "You forgot to slam the door." He slammed it.

Hard Luck.

H. Witt—It's sad about old man Gruet losing his leg in that railroad accident.

Jewett—Yes. It must be a great disappointment to him. He was always talking about "getting there with both feet."

A Medical Decision In 1715.

In 1715, a cellar digger having been stifled at Jena, the medical faculty of the university decided that the cause was not the direct action of

Drowned Fish.

They have a curious way of catching fish in some parts of Japan. Herbert E. Ponting in his book on "Lotus Land Japan" describes some traps which he found in one of the rivers of Fuji. "They were set in artificially dammed up narrows and consisted of long, conical bamboo baskets tied to poles. The fish bound downstream rush headlong into these traps and, being unable to return or even turn around, are speedily drowned. Curious as this may seem, it is yet but a matter of a few minutes to drown a fish held head downward to a swift current."

A Genuine Triumph

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dering reason, is produced in the right numbers. The argument that if such were not the case the particular species would not survive does not reveal to us the methods by which this object has been achieved. That some mechanism must exist by means of which within certain limits the number of males and females born is regulated is proved by the facts of history, where we have numerous examples of wars and other social upheavals where males have largely suffered, and yet within an apparently short period of time, as measured by such events, a balance has again been established.

The sex equilibrium may be compared to that of a gyroscope, where the greater the disturbance of position the greater is the force tending to re-establish its natural stand while in motion.—Current Literature.

She Had Noticed.

He was talking to the pessimistic, sharp tongued damsel.

"Have you noticed," he asked, "that, as a rule, bachelors are wealthier than married men?"

"I have," she replied.

"How do you account for it?" he inquired.

"The poor man marries and the rich one doesn't," she answered. "A man is much more disposed to divide nothing with a woman than he is to divide something, you know."

Maine's First Hotel.

Maine's first public hotel was built in 1654. Waddock's Ordinary, erected near Old Orchard, according to a Saco historian, is entitled to the distinction. The old tavern was erected by Henry Waddock and stood almost within sight of the large summer hostleries which fringe the crescent shaped beach at Old Orchard.—Kennebec Journal.

The Doctor's Boy.

"Mamma, the doctor's boy next door made faces at me."

"And what did you do?"

"I stuck out my tongue at him."

"Dear, dear! And what did the bad boy do then?"

"He just said it was badly coated."

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Near Nature Return.

"You must quit spending so much time in ratshellers and get back to nature more."

"All right, doc. I'd just as soon sit in the palm room."—Pittsburg Post.

Remarkable Case.

"How much your little boy resembles your husband?" said the cunning politician.

"I've always heard," she replied "that people grow to look like those they are much with, but this is quite a remarkable case. We only adopted the little fellow last week."

In His Interest.

Jack—You know when Mabel rejected me last week I told you my troubles, and you promised to help me. Well, she accepted me last night. Am I to thank you for interceding for me? Cousin Belle—Not exactly, dear boy. I simply intimated to Mabel that I was after you myself.

How shall I be able to rule over others that have not full power and command over myself?—Rabelais.

DATES OF FALL FAIRS.

| | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Belleville..... | Sept. 12-13 |
| Brockville..... | Sept. 5-8 |
| Centreville..... | Sept. 16 |
| Madoc..... | Sept. 27-28 |
| Odessa..... | Oct. 6 |
| Toronto..... | Aug. 26 to Sept. 11 |
| Tweed..... | Oct. 4-5 |
| Stella..... | Sept. 21 |

to the...
Mrs. H. W. Larry and little son, Oswald, of Toronto, at Geo. Barr's; Mr. and Mrs. Louis Boyce and family spent Sunday last with friends in Yarker; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sears, Mount Chesney, also Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Barr at Geo. Barr's; Mr. Harry Watson at C. Purdy's; Mrs. Wallace, Kingston, spent a few days the guest of Mrs. Jane Ellerbeck; Mr. and Mrs. W. Goodberry at Joseph Wilkins'; Clarence Ellerbeck at E. Percy's, Verona; Mr. and Mrs. John Deline at Noble Ellerbeck's; Mr. Geo. Ellerbeck and Miss Lizzie Hartington at Frank Ellerbeck's; Mrs. Cynthia Ashley visited in Kingston and Odessa recently; David Barr and sister, Miss Viola, and Miss Jennie Cook, Burridge, at Delbert Barr's.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co. Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

YARKER.

James Warner had the misfortune to fall from a tree, on which he was engaged in trimming off dead limbs. He carries his arm in a sling.

Rev. Mr. Batstone has gone to his new charge at Franklin's. Mr. McMullen, the new minister in charge of Yarker circuit, filled his appointment here, last Sunday.

All of the Arcade building has been leased by S. D. Babcock, and as soon as the leases of the present occupants expire, he will carry on a business of his own. The buildings are all newly painted.

The new dam of the Seymour Power company is completed, and the head of water will be measured each day and sent to the company.

The country is again in need of rain as pastures are now very dry.

Noservices were held in Yarker Anglican church, owing to Rev. Mr. Spencer being away on a vacation.

Work has commenced here on the C. N. R. last week. Tents for the men are erected and cars of ballast for concrete work on the piers are being unloaded. In excavating for the piers, a bed of clay was struck to about fourteen feet which caused them a lot of trouble, owing to its sliding in on the men. It had to be cribbed.

Dr. Galbraith sent in a hurried call for Dr. Bogart Wednesday morning to come to the home of Charles Emberly. Mrs. Emberly was suddenly stricken and an operation was necessary.

Dr. Beatty and wife, (former Miss Annie Baxter, of Dobb's Ferry, N. Y.) came home here for a short vacation. About one hour after their arrival, Mrs. Baxter had a stroke, from which she never rallied. The funeral was held to the Anglican church. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. (Dr.) Beatty and Edith, a trained nurse in New York city.

Wanted a New Set.

Sad Looking Man—I see you have a sign out, "Maker of Women's Habits." Do you mean it?

Ladies' Tailor—Certainly I do.
Sad Looking Man—Well, since my wife's been going to the club she's lost all the good ones she had, and I wish you'd make her a complete new set regardless of expense. And please include the habit of staying at home once in awhile and mending my clothes.—London Tit-Bits.

about "getting there with both feet."

A Medical Decision In 1715.

In 1715, a collar digger having been stifted at Jena, the medical faculty of the university decided that the cause was not the direct action of the devil, but a deadly gas. Thereupon Professor Loescher of the University of Wittenberg entered a solemn protest, declaring that the decision of the medical faculty was "only a proof of the lamentable license which has taken possession of us and which if we are not earnestly on our guard will finally turn away from us the blessing of God."

Two Small a Steak.

"I'll match you," said the hungry man in the boarding-house dining-room, "to decide whether you take my share of beef or I take yours."

"No, thank you," replied the other hungry one. "I never play for small steaks."

POSITIVELY FREE!

Trial Package Postpaid, "Hennequin's Infant Tablets."

Any Address. Send Post Card. Write your Address plainly.

Hennequin's Infant Tablets

Save Babies' Lives. For Babies and Small Children. (Made in France.)

Dr. Hennequin's Infant Tablets saved our little girl's life. Three doctors said she could not live. The Tablets cured her.—Mr. E. R. McBride, Napanee, Ont.

My baby was so weak from sickness that he could hardly walk. We thought he would die. We could find nothing to help him. I was given a sample package of three Hennequin Tablets; we used them; I saw a change at once. We secured the Tablets and our baby improved every day, and is now a bright, fat, good natured boy; you could not believe he was the same child. They certainly cured my baby and saved his life. I believe them to be the best medicine ever sold for babies. Mothers if your babies are not well take my advice and try these Tablets.—Mrs. JAMES RIDDELL, Barrydale, Ont.

We have hundreds of such letters. If the Tablets were not what you need we would not offer to give them away and prepay them. If your baby is not well send for trial package. Hennequin Tablets have the letter "H" stamped upon them—this is your guarantee.

All dealers, 25c per package, or 5 for \$1.00 sent postpaid to any address.

DOUGLAS & CO., Wholesale Agents, Napanee, Ont., Can.

Mfrs. of DOUGLAS' EGYPTIAN LINIMENT, Coleman's Paste, A. A. A., etc., etc. When writing please mention this paper.

MEN-YOU NEED NERVE



Wonderful Nervous System

EARLY INDISCRETIONS AND EXCESSES HAVE UNDERMINED YOUR SYSTEM

The nerves control all actions of the body so that anything that debilitates them will weaken all organs of the system. Early Indiscretions and Excesses have ruined thousands of promising young men. Unnatural Drains sap their vigor and vitality and they never develop to a proper condition of manhood. They remain weaklings, mentally, physically and sexually. How you feel? Are you nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, specks before the eyes with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, bashful, debilitating dreams, sediment in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory, listless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable moods, premature decay, bone pains, hair loss, etc.

This is the condition our New Method Treatment is GUARANTEED TO CURE. We have treated diseases of Men for almost a lifetime and do not have to experiment. Consult us FREE OF CHARGE

and we will tell you whether you are curable or not.

We guarantee curable cases of NERVOUS DEBILITY, VARICOSE VEINS, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, GLEET, BLADDER URINARY AND KIDNEY COMPLAINTS

Free Booklet on Diseases of Men. If unable to call write for

QUESTION LIST FOR HOME TREATMENT

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE

All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE; OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Con'd)

It was not exactly the kind of letter a son might expect to receive from a mother who had not seen him for months; but Derrick knew his mother too well by this time to be disappointed at any lack of womanly or maternal warmth.

He folded up the epistle and put it into the envelope, with a tiny sigh that escaped him unconsciously. Perhaps, had his mother been there to hear it, she might have changed a little in her manner towards him; for, as has been stated before, with all her cold worldliness, Mrs. Darnley had some love in her nature, and this love was all her son's.

However, she did not hear it, and Derrick was never likely to woo more warmth from his mother in his present hopeless and unhappy condition of mind.

The fifteenth of December would be due in a week's time, and bearing this in mind, Derrick determined suddenly to accept an invitation contained in another letter to go over to Ireland for a week with a few bachelor chums, their cheery society would at least take him out of himself for a while before finally returning to his work.

How little do we poor mortals know of the strange workings of life!

On the evening of the day following the one that saw Darnley's departure for Ireland a four-wheeler stopped at the door of his chambers, and a tall woman, respectfully attired, alighted from it and rang the bell.

On being told that Mr. Darnley had started the evening before for Ireland, she seemed perplexed as to how she should act next, and, turning slowly, went back to the cab, where she held a short, whispered conference with some one inside.

"Can you give me Mr. Darnley's mother's address, please?" was the result of this.

The woman of the house hesitated.

"Is it very important?" she asked dubiously.

"Very," was the curt reply.

"Well, Mrs. Darnley lives at either 300 or 305 Park Street, Park Lane, but she ain't at home now. I know. She's coming next week, so Mr. Darnley told me."

With a word of thanks, the inquirer turned and re-entered the cab as the door of the chambers was closed.

"And now, ma'am what shall you do?" asked Janet of Nancy, as they progressed slowly through the streets back to the humble lodging which had sheltered them since their hurried flight from the Manor House the previous night.

"I shall wait and see Mrs. Darnley," was the resolute reply.

man to force any creature to lead such an existence! Oh! Janet, I can feel his arms round me now! I can see that knife flashing in the firelight! It was horrible—so horrible!"

Shuddering and trembling in every limb, the girl crouched back in the corner of the cab, and burst into a flood of tears.

Janet did not check this; indeed, she welcomed it as being a certain relief to Nancy's overcharged heart and brain, she had been growing very anxious all through the long day just passed as she had watched the girl's white, contracted face, and saw the mental suffering in her eyes.

This was the very first moment that Nancy's calmness had given way since she had regained consciousness in the lodge-keeper's cottage, and Janet knew it was the best thing that could happen to her.

The past forty-eight hours had contained enough mental trouble to crush the stoutest heart.

When Nancy had opened her eyes after her second fainting fit, she had been too prostrate to utter a sound for nearly an hour; but, after that, as the full horror of what had occurred returned to her, she had become feverishly awake, and finding that she was actually free from the prison walls of the Manor House, she had determined, without a second's hesitation, to escape from it once and for all before she was drawn back into the mesh again.

And here, in this her hour of greatest need, she suddenly found a friend.

Janet proved once more the truth of the old proverb of not judging by appearances; her quiet, matter-of-fact manner was the very best nerve tonic to Nancy in her excited, distraught condition.

In a few curt words she explained how it was she had been able to come so effectually to her young mistress' rescue—how she had seen that Crawshaw had been on the verge of madness, as he had been drinking heavily for days, and overhearing him in a quarrel with Fenton declare that he would bring his wife to her bearings, she had waited and watched outside Nancy's bedroom in the passage for his coming.

Her height and strength stood her in good purpose a few moments later, when, having shouted to Fenton to bring help without delay, she had grappled with the infuriated man herself, literally holding him down by almost superhuman force while Nancy had managed to crawl away, and Fenton, for once frightened into sobriety, had rushed in with the two other men and secured the raging drunkard with no little amount of difficulty.

"And now, ma'am, if you will

wages and the diamond rings which Crawshaw had insisted on Nancy wearing above the plain gold one that marked her as his wife.

They had done nothing all through the long day that followed their arrival. Nancy was physically and mentally exhausted, and lay on the small, hard bed with such a set, white face that tears came uninvited to Janet's eyes as she glanced at the girl every now and then. But the next morning all lethargy was gone, and Nancy was excitedly eager to be out early.

She was met by disappointment at the first outset. Dr. Grantley was not in town, and therefore she could discover nothing about her aunt till two days later, when the doctor was expected home, and might be able to tell her if Mrs. Chaplin was back in England. No one else could give her this information.

After this Nancy sat down and struggled with herself. She did not know where to find Mrs. Darnley, but she had carefully treasured the card which Derrick had slipped into her hand that morning in the woods.

From him she could learn his mother's whereabouts at once, yet she shrank from going to him at this moment. Her womanly modesty warned her that it would be a severe trial to both of them, and yet—yet she hungered to know the truth, to learn if Crawshaw's words had been spoken in earnest; it meant so much to her—so very much.

She never doubted that the law, that justice, would come to her rescue if she could prove these words true; or that freedom would be given her immediately, once it was known that she had been tricked into her hateful marriage; and freedom was all she asked at this moment—freedom from the horror of living as she had lived the last few months.

Her eagerness won the day, and so it came to pass that she and Janet drove to Mr. Darnley's chambers together as evening was drawing on.

Nancy had decreed that he was to know nothing of her presence there. Janet was to ask for him, and get his mother's address without disclosing the fact that her mistress was near.

The result of the drive has been seen, and perhaps Nancy's tears came not only from the natural reaction, but from the sense of pain and disappointment that arose when she learned that Derrick was not in London.

Though she was firm as to their not meeting, still it had been an indescribable comfort to her to think that she was near him—her dearest, her living realization of all that was good, noble and honorable.

(To be continued.)

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

AND THE TARIFF.

Manufacturer and Farmer Should Have Protection.

It was Abraham Lincoln who gave popularity to the Protectionist side of the tariff question when he said:—"When we buy goods abroad we get the goods and the foreigner gets the money; but when we buy goods at home we get back the goods and the money." This sound philosophy characterizes another of the late

HOW TO OBTAIN

A GOOD COLOR

A Treatment to Restore the Blood Supply That Has Been Most Successful

There is only this to tell people who are pale, weak and bloodless. You are pale and weak because you haven't enough blood and you won't be better until your blood supply is increased. You should not lose any time in increasing your blood supply, for people who neglect anaemia, often slip into a deadly decline. When you have increased your blood supply you can reasonably expect to have a good color, to have lost that tired, breathless feeling, to have a good appetite and get good nourishment from your food. Now the only quick and always effective way to get a supply of new, rich, red blood is to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Every dose helps to make new blood, and this new blood coursing through the veins, brings health and strength to every organ and every part of the body, making weak, ailing people bright, active and strong. This has been proved in thousands of cases of which the case of Mrs. George Clark, Abbottsford, B.C., is a fair sample. Mrs. Clark says: "After spending two years and six months in a hospital training for a nurse, I began to fail in health, was very pale and the least exertion would leave me out of breath. After graduating I came to British Columbia to take up my profession as a private nurse. The first case I took I found I was not able to go on with my work. Doctors' tonics failed me, and acting on my own judgment, I purchased a supply of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had finished them I was really surprised at the result. The color came back to my face. I gained in strength and by the time I had used nine boxes I was back at my work as a nurse. I have since married, but still have my friendly feeling for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

OLD CHINESE WALL PAPER.

Made to Order and Stamped, Hand Painted or Printed From Blocks.

It is said that the European notion of wall paper was imported from China. There its ornamental use for screens, partitions and the like was shown as early as the fourth century. Authorities on this subject assert that it was Holland during her naval supremacy of the sixteenth century which first began to adopt and hand around the wall paper idea.

The early Chinese wall papers were printed from blocks, hand painted or stamped with infinite labor and exquisite art. They were made to order—produced in sheets of various dimensions according to the uses to which they were put. The modern rolls of wall paper with a continuous duplicate design were unknown. It was not until the invention of the modern printing and stamping machines with

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"And now, ma'am, what shall you do?" asked Janet of Nancy, as they progressed slowly through the streets back to the humble lodging which had sheltered them since their hurried flight from the Manor House the previous night. "I shall wait and see Mrs. Darnley," was the resolute reply. Nancy flung back the thick veil that had shrouded her face, and sighed deeply.

"How can I ever thank you, Janet? How can I ever show my gratitude to you?" she said, in low, hurried, nervous tones. "What—what would have become of me but for you?"

"You promised me you would not talk of it again, ma'am," answered Janet, in her quiet, stolid way. "After all, I did no more than my duty as a woman."

"And to think I doubted you, and thought you hard and heartless at times!" the girl murmured. "Janet, I shall never forgive myself for those thoughts!"

"Better turn your mind to others, ma'am, now that you are free from your troubles."

"But shall I be free long?"—the old hunted look came into those sweet blue eyes. "Janet, I feel—I know—they will follow me, find me, and take me back, and that will kill me, Janet—it will kill me! I could not go back after all that horror!"

"Now, be comforted, my dear, be comforted. I tell you they won't find you, in the first place; and, in the second, your husband won't be able to leave his bed for weeks, maybe. I know something about delirium tremens, ma'am."

Nancy shuddered. "You are right, I will not think about it any more, or I shall go mad; only I swear—yes, I swear it—if I am forced to go back, Janet, to—to him, I will kill myself sooner than endure—Surely—surely!" she exclaimed bitterly, "it cannot be right, it is not hu-

man force while Nancy had managed to crawl away, and Fenton, for once frightened into sobriety, had rushed in with the two other men and secured the raging drunkard with no little amount of difficulty.

"And now, ma'am, if you will let me advise you, you will go over to Ripstone Hall as fast as you can be driven," she had said, when all was told; but to her surprise, Nancy absolutely refused to do this.

"No, I will not drag Miss Leicester into my trouble and disgrace," the girl had answered, in low, quiet tones. "I shall go to London; I have work to do there—will you help me, Janet?" she asked, suddenly, turning to the woman; and Janet's answer had been to hold out her roughened hand in silence and clasp Nancy's slender one.

Without protesting or trying to urge the girl to what was obviously the easiest thing she could do under the circumstances—claim the protection of the house that had been her home—she had set about arranging their speedy departure without more ado.

It was impossible to leave before the morning—no one would stop them, for Fenton had ridden over post-haste to the nearest town for a doctor, and Thomas Crawshaw was lying down tied to his bed, lost to everything in the mad horrors of delirium tremens.

"Yes, I will go to London," the girl said once or twice, as she had sat staring out at the grey, cold dawn that crept above the leafless trees of the manor woods; "I will go to London."

A sudden gleam of hope had come to her. Those words of Crawshaw's about tricking her into a marriage—what if they should be true? They might be the ravings of a lunatic—but again they might have escaped him when he was not master of himself or his secrets.

She would go to London, at any rate, and search it out; her aunt, by this time, might be returned from Australia. Dr. Grantley was there to help, and with grim determination the girl resolved to go to Darnley's mother and question her on this subject to find out if she really had had a share in the matter.

Her heart beat in a quick, nervous way as she planned all this deliberately.

If it should be true—then justice and right should protect her from this man.

If she found this false—the mere mad ravings of a drunken mind—well, there was always one way of escape, and death—dark, mysterious and awful death—would be better than a continuance of her past misery.

So together she and Janet arranged everything, aided and abetted by the lodge-keeper's wife, who herself stood at the door and waved farewell and hearty good wishes to the young mistress of the Manor House as she was borne swiftly away in a humble cart with her new but faithful and good friend beside her.

Arrived in London, Janet had taken the girl to some respectable though poor lodgings, kept by a relation of hers. This was done for two reasons—to escape detection and to avoid expense, for the only capital they possessed was a few pounds Janet had saved from her

gave popularity to the Protectionist side of the tariff question when he said:—"When we buy goods abroad we get the goods and the foreigner gets the money; but when we buy goods at home we get back the goods and the money." This sound philosophy characterizes another of the late President's famous homilies:

"The farmer and the manufacturer," the president once said, with his characteristic shrewdness, "are both in the same boat and I reckon they've got to learn to navigate the craft together or they'll upset." "He compared the case of a Pennsylvania farmer," continues the historian in question, "and a Pennsylvania iron implement maker whose properties adjoined. Under a protective policy the farmer supplied the ironmaker with bread, meat, vegetables, fruit, fodder for horses, etc., and the ironmaker supplied the farmer with all the iron, iron implements, etc., which he needed. Assuming that a change is made and the Protective policy abandoned, the farmer then discovers that he can buy his iron implements cheaper from Europe than from his neighbor, assuming that he sells a sufficient quantity of flour in Europe to enable him to effect the purchase of the iron. He ultimately discovers that the cost of carriage to the coast, transportation by sea to England, insurance and cartage on arrival, does not enable him to receive such a good reward for his labor as he formerly did when selling his flour to his neighbor, the ironmaker. He therefore, determines to sell his flour as before to his neighbor. But meantime the farmer discovers that while he has been purchasing his iron implements from Europe his neighbor, the ironmaker, has been compelled to stop his works and dismiss his employees not having sufficient work for them. The farmer, therefore, now finds that he has more wheat than he knows what to do with; also, that he is no longer able to sell his fruit, vegetables, fodder, meat, horses, etc., to his neighbor, the ironmaker, as he has gone out of business. In fact, he finds that through buying abroad in the cheapest market he has destroyed the home market for his own products and thrown a number of his fellow-countrymen out of employment."

When the wind blows it is well to open your windows; when it stops blowing it is wise to keep them open. Give your skin a "show" whenever you can; the sunhouses of the ancients are worth imitating. Decaying matter about your house robs you of your lung-food. Water is the universal drink of the animal creation; "fire water" is man's universal scourge. If you always consult books about your diet you "sentence" your stomach. The trees and the grass are making life giving air for you; go get it.

HEALTHGRAMS.

Some of the brewers of Vienna having combined to advance the price of beer, a member of the town council gravely proposed that the city government should once establish a brewery, and sell the favorite German beverage at cost.

As neither China nor Japan was a communicative country during the beginning of the commercial history of Europe these wall paper importations were few and far between and considerably at a premium. Yet they soon hit the European fancy as a good substitute for the arras and tapestries of the time.

Up to the end of the seventeenth century the imported product was prohibitive in price, however, and it was not until the middle of the eighteenth century that it was really a familiar thing on the market. When the methods for printing and stamping wall paper from blocks was introduced from China, each nation was jealous of its neighbor in the wall paper trade and tried to keep its own process a secret.

Toward the end of the seventeenth century the English were the largest importers of the hand decorated Chinese wall papers, but only for a short time. As the demand increased they began to perfect a process of paper stamping and paper decoration to imitate tapestries, and with improved machinery soon cheapened their product and popularized it all over Europe. By the time of the Stuarts the arras of Shakespeare's era was beginning to disappear.

A SPOON SHAKER. Straight From Coffeedom.

Coffee can marshal a good squadron of enemies and some very hard ones to overcome. A lady in Florida writes:

"I have always been very fond of good coffee, and for years drank it at least three times a day. At last, however, I found that it was injuring me.

"I became bilious, subject to frequent and violent headaches, and so very nervous, that I could not lift a spoon to my mouth without spilling a part of its contents.

"My heart got 'rickety' and beat so fast and so hard that I could scarcely breathe, while my skin got thick and dingy, with yellow blotches on my face, caused by the condition of my liver and blood.

"I made up my mind that all these afflictions came from the coffee, and I determined to experiment and see.

"So I quit coffee and got a package of Postum which furnished my hot morning beverage. After a little time I was rewarded by a complete restoration of my health in every respect.

"I do not suffer from biliousness any more, my headaches have disappeared, my nerves are as steady as could be desired, my heart beats regularly and my complexion has cleared up beautifully—the blotches have been wiped out and it is such a pleasure to be well again." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

A Triumph Of Cookery—

Post Toasties

Many delicious dishes have been made from Indian Corn by the skill and ingenuity of the expert cook.

But none of these creations excels **Post Toasties** in tempting the palate.

"Toasties" are a luxury that make a delight in hot-weather economy.

The first package tells its own story.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Postum Cereal Company, Limited,
Battle Creek, Mich., U.S.A.

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Young Folks

The courage of the little ones, so small and helpless and at the mercy of a huge world full of unknown trials and conditions, sometimes surpasses belief. A Dublin man tells of the story of inviting his bright little 4-year-old son to pay a visit to the cemetery with him. The child hung back a little, but finally, when the surprised parent looked a little hurt, accompanied him readily enough.

The visit concluded, the child, who had bidden his mother goodbye with strange fervour and clung tightly to his father's hand all the while, regarded this father so strangely that the latter was impelled to wonder.

"Come, laddie," he said, at last, "let us go."

"Oh, am I going back with you?" exclaimed the poor youngster, who recently had accompanied the funeral train of a little friend to the same cemetery. "I thought when people took little boys to the cemetery they left them there!"

Many a man, the story is wisely concluded, shows less heroism in the face of a sudden summons to leave the world.

"I know how they could kill all the bears in the world," said thoughtful Bertie.

"Indeed, dear. Tell us how," encouraged his mother.

"Get all the bears into the woods an' then get all the air out of the woods, an' then they'd choke up an' die."

"Mamma," begged little Bessie, "may I carry the baby for a while?"

"No, dear; you are too young and small; you might let it fall."

"Then, mamma," with the patient resignation based on experience, "may I have it to keep when it is old and worn out?"

"Oh, yes, Tommy," said the teacher, struggling to lighten the density of the little lad's ignorance, "if you have a dog you really are the owner of a quadruped."

"Teacher, I ain't!" insisted obstinate Tommy.

"Tommy, you must not contradict me. I explained to you yesterday that any animal with four legs was a quadruped, and you say that you own a dog, and of course the dog has four legs."

"No'm, he hasn't!" came the triumphant shout. "You see Rover lost one of his'n fightin' a trolley car!"

A teacher in a slum school was hearing the class in arithmetic.

"I entered a department store," she said, "paid two dollars for gloves, a dollar and a quarter for a belt, and twenty-eight cents for hairpins. I gave the clerk a five-dollar bill, Ikey," turning to a little Russian Jew, "how much money did I get back?"

"Teacher," said Ikey, viewing her with cold astonishment, "Vy for you didn't count yer change?"

"No, Marion," gently negated a devoted but desperate mother, "I'm not going to help you get your

"true ladies are always kind." Janie's younger brother Stephen set her but said nothing at the time. But some days later, wishing to express unmeasured commendation of a rather effeminate young man who had granted him favors, he convulsed the family by ruminating aloud at dinner: "Dr. Johnson is a perfect lady. He is so kind."

The small son of a physician had a babyish visitor, whom he suddenly terrorized by abrupt display of his father's cherished anatomical skeleton.

"Pa thinks a lot of that," he proudly asserted.

"Why?" asked the shivering guest.

"Oh, I dunno," was the host's uncertain reply. "I never asked him. Maybe it was pa's first patient, who gave him his dead old bones."

THE WRIGGLER.

"Ferdinand, what is the matter?" cried the young wife to her husband, who seemed to be trying to tie himself into a knot.

There was no reply save a few gurgles, as the unhappy man bent his body backwards until his face grew red.

"Let me share your trouble, Ferdinand," pleaded the young wife.

Still the man bent his body over, now twisting one way, now another.

"Tell me. What is it?" begged his wife.

"It's only a collar-stud that has slipped down my back," growled the man, and once more he proceeded to stand on his head.

In Turkey, Persia, and some other Oriental countries, the bow-string is the method of execution. This is a stout cord of catgut placed around the victim's neck with two slippots, which are suddenly drawn tight by two strong men. This kills the criminal by strangulation.

Pills for Nervous Troubles. — The stomach is the centre of the nervous system, and when the stomach suspends healthy action the result is manifest in disturbances of the nerves. If allowed to persist, nervous debility, a dangerous ailment, may ensue. The first consideration is to restore the stomach to proper action, and there is no readier remedy for this than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Thousands can attest the virtue of these pills in curing nervous disorders.

A Medical Need Supplied.—When

"Do you think it is becoming?" she asks, appearing in her newest gown. "Don't bother about that," gushes the friend. "It is perfect! It is simply delicious. My dear, it makes you look absolutely helpless."

Worms feed upon the vitality of children and endanger their lives. A simple and effective cure is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

Missionary (explaining to visitors)—Our situation was so remote that for a whole year my wife never saw a white face but my own. Sympathetic Young Woman — Oh, the missionary!

SHEEP AND SWINE.

Prices Higher in Canada Than in United States.

Prices of sheep are much lower in the United States than in Canada, due to the fact that Ontario specializes on pedigreed flocks, as appears later on. In the United States they range from \$2.90 per head in Texas to \$5.30 in Illinois and Iowa, while in Canada the range is from \$4 in Nova Scotia to \$7 in Ontario, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan.

Prices of swine are slightly higher in Canada than in the United States. In the eastern border States, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, and New York, they range from \$10 to \$11.50 a head; and in the central border States the range is about the same. In the western border States the range of prices is from \$10.40 to \$11.10. In the great agricultural States of Indiana, Illinois, and Iowa prices of swine vary little from those already quoted. In western Canada from \$12 to \$13, prices is from \$10 to \$13 and in western Canada, from \$12 to \$13. The highest American price is \$11.80 a head in Wisconsin, as against the highest Canadian price of 13 a head, which is quoted for Quebec, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan.

EXPLAINED.

The milkman stood before her nervously twirling his hat in his hands.

"So," she said sternly, "you have come at last!"

"Yes, madam. You sent for me, I believe," he replied.

"I wished to tell you that I found a minnow in the milk yesterday morning."

"I am sorry, madam; but if the cows will drink from the brook instead of from the trough, I cannot help it."

The female house fly lays from 120 to 150 eggs at a time, and these mature in two weeks. Under favorable conditions the descendants of a single pair will number millions in three months. Therefore, all housekeepers should commence using Wilson's Fly Pads early in the season, and thus cut off a large proportion of the summer crop.

Farmer: "Do you want a job digging potatoes?"

Tired Tim: "Yes, I do, if it's digging them out of the gray you mean."

There is no poisonous ingredient in Holloway's Corn Cure, and it can be used without danger of injury.

Flattie: "I thought I'd practice on my cornet last evening, but to save me I couldn't get the right pitch on it."

Bratte: "Couldn't you get the window open?"

"What's the window to do with it?"

"Well, the right pitch would have been through that."

I bought a horse with a supposedly insupportable backache for \$30. Cured him with

FARMS FOR SALE OR RENT.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

ALBERTA, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia Lands in large or small parcels.

FRUIT FARMS in the Niagara Fruit Belt. All sizes.

SOME fine Hundred and Two Hundred Acre Farms in Ontario.

If you want to buy or sell a farm consult me.

H. W. DAWSON.

SASKATOON Farmers in OFFERS prosperity to farm in Saskatoon District, and your own family's future need worry no more. You were not intended to live and die striving merely to make ends meet. Half the work here would soon fasten your bank account. Be fair to yourself. Don't waste more time. Write COMMISSIONER BOARD OF TRADE, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Western Canada.

AGENTS WANTED.

START TEA ROUTE TO-DAY. Send postal for circulars or 10c for samples and terms. Alford Tyler, London.

AGENTS WANTED.—A study of other Agency propositions convinces us that none can equal ours. You will always regret it if you don't apply for particulars to Travellers' Dept. 229 Albert St., Ottawa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY AND FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

FLOUR and Feed Business for Sale. One of the best in the City of Hamilton. Bargain for quick sale. Twenty-five Hundred buys everything. Apply Walter Hayward, Hamilton.

LUMBER, interior trim, doors, flooring, sash. Price quoted at your station. Small or large orders. P. W. T. Ross, Toronto.

CUT YOUR GLASS AT HOME.—Our new "Red Devil" Glass Cutter cuts wired glass, plate glass, smoked and window glass. By mail 25c. W. E. Potter & Co., 46 Benoit St., Montreal.

SAWMILL MACHINERY. Portable or heavy. Lathes, Mills, Shingles, Mill Engines and Bolters. Mill Supplies. The E. Long Manufacturing Co. Ltd., West Street, Orillia, Ontario.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external. Cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

WRITE us to-day for our choice list of Agents' Supplies. No outlay necessary. They are money makers. Apply B. C. I. Co. Ltd., 228 Albert St., Ottawa, Ont.

SPECIALISTS ADVISE FREE. Consult us in regard to any disease. Lowest prices in drugs of all kinds. Trusses fitted by mail. Send measure-tape. Glasses fitted by age. Write to-day for anything sold in first-class drug stores to Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

Your Overcoats

and faded Suits would look better dyed. If no agent of ours in your town, write direct to Montreal, Box 154.

British American Dyeing Co.

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

IODINOL \$1 a box 6 for \$5

The most highly efficient application for the reduction of Swellings, Goitre, Thick Neck, Glandular Enlargements. It's Positive.

PILES of all kinds, in any and all stages, quickly relieved and positively cured. Cure your suffering and live quietly. "Common Sense" for Piles will do it. \$1 a box, \$5 for 6 boxes. Mailed on receipt of price.

LYLE MEDICINE COMPANY, 713 WEST QUEEN STREET

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"Teacher," said Ike, viewing her with cold astonishment, "V' for you didn't count yer change?"

"No, Marion," gently negated a devoted but desperate mother, "I'm not going to help you get your arithmetic lesson any longer. I feel that you're depending altogether too much upon my assistance and you must learn to depend upon yourself."

"Oh, dear, oh, dear," wailed Marion, disconsolately, "I'll just get zero. I know it. None of the other kid's mammas can remember fifth grade work either!"

"Can you tell me, James," asked the prim teacher of the boy with the twinkling, observant eyes, "why the race is not always to the swift?"

"Yessum," came the prompt answer, "It's because their tires burst or their gasoline gives out."

The new minister was being entertained by the small boy of the household, and, seeking the way to the little host's heart, he inquired: "Have you a dog?"

"Yep."

"What kind of a dog, and where is he?"

"He's in the country," was the sighing explanation. "He's a dachshund, and pa says that with coal at the price it is now we can't afford to have him here until the summer. You see, he takes so long to go through the outer door that the whole house gets cold."

Gracie studies music, and has recently become acquainted with sharps and flats and their nature. One day her grammar school teacher, in the process of trying to bring out a certain fact, inquired:

"When two little babies come to a family at the same time, what do we call them?"

Class chorus, triumphantly: "Twins."

"Correct! And now, when three babies come at the same time, what are they?"

Silence, then Gracie's voice raised in shrill pride:

"Please teacher, accidentals!"

Sometimes children manifest remarkable ingenuity in the way of indulging forbidden tastes and tendencies. Little Mary, for example, had been sternly reprov'd for calling her impetuous feline pet a "darned old kitty," but not even the nasty taste of the soap and water had erased had erased from her plastic mind the deep impression left by the kitten's cruelty. A little later another scratch distressed her, and Mary was heard to remark, angrily:

"I s'pose I dassent say you is a darned old kitty, but—you is just the same kind of kitty you was yesterday."

A little boy was learning his letters, and found it much easier to remember them by appearance than by name. One day, wishing to inquire the identity of the letter "L," the puzzled youngster asked:

"Mother, what is this letter that goes straight out north on one side and up to God on the other?"

tor.

Missionary (explaining to visitors)—Our situation was so remote that for a whole year my wife never saw a white face but my own. Sympathetic Young Woman—Oh, the poor thing!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Contentment has been defined as the philosophy of life and the principal ingredient in the cup of happiness; a commodity that is undervalued in consequence of the very low price at which it can be obtained.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WISLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Wislow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

An Irishman and an Englishman were arguing as to which of their respective countries possessed the greatest seaport. The Englishman said, of course, that his did. "For," said he, "more steamers, both screw and paddle, arrive at Liverpool in one day than any Irish port in a week." "I doubt that," said Pat. "There is Cork, for instance. Thousands of screws enter it daily."

a medicine is found that not only acts upon the stomach, but is so composed that certain ingredients of it pass unaltered through the stomach, but is so composed that certain ingredients of it pass unaltered through the stomach to find action in the bowels, then there is available a purgative, and a cleanser of great effectiveness. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are of this character and are the best of all pills. During the years that they have been in use they have established themselves as no other pill has done.

"What is the greatest get-rich-quick scheme you know of?" asked the flimsy financier of his partner. "Taking the money away from other people who want to get rich quick."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

"My work," remarked the bald-headed dentist, "is so painless that my patients often fall asleep in the chair while I am operating!" "Huh, that's nothing!" retorted his rival. "My patients nearly all insist on having their pictures taken while I am at work, in order to catch the expression of delight on their faces!"

been through that."

I bought a horse with a supposedly incurable ringbone for \$30. Cured him with \$1.00 worth of MINARD'S LINIMENT and sold him for \$65.00. Profit on Liniment, \$34.00.

MOISE DEROSCE,
Hotel Keeper, St. Philippe, Que.

"What're ye comin' home with your milk-pail empty for?" demanded the farmer. "Didn't the old cow give anything?" "Yes," replied the boy; "nine quarts and one kick."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY.

for Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.

• Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

"How do you find things, my man?" "Very dull, I'm glad to say." "Glad! Why?" "I'm a knife-grinder."

Minard's Liniment Cures Cargat in Cows.

Mr. Brown: "Is that dog of yours smart?" Mr. Ridge (proudly): "Smart? Well, I should think so. I was going out with him yesterday and I stopped and said: 'Towser, we've forgotten something.' And bothered if he didn't sit down and scratch his head to see if he could think what it was."

Oil for Toothaches.—There is no pain so acute and distressing as toothache. When you have so unwelcome a visitor apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil according to directions and you will find immediate relief. It touches the nerve with soothing effect and the pain departs at once. That it will ease toothache is another fine quality of this Oil, showing the many uses it has.

WAY THE WIND HOWLED.

Side by side they sat, at peace with all the world, whilst the cruel wind howled around them, rustling the leaves in the tree under which they sat.

"How the wind howls," yelled the maiden, shivering violently.

"Yes," cried her lover.

"Why does it howl?" shouted she.

"I don't know. Perhaps it has the toothache," replied the man, holding her close.

"The toothache? What do you mean?"

"Yes, the toothache! Have you never heard of the teeth of the gale?"

And then the wind howled with increased fury, and the maiden broke off the engagement.

The doctor stood by the bedside and looked gravely down at the invalid. "I cannot hide from you the fact that you are very ill," he said. "Is there anyone you would like to see?" "Yes," said the sufferer, faintly. "Who is it?" "Another doctor."

positively cured. Cure your suffering and live quietly. "Common Sense" for Piles will do it. \$1 a box, \$5 for 6 boxes. Mailed on receipt of price.

LYLE MEDICINE COMPANY, TORONTO
715 WEST QUEEN STREET

THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING.

Little Ethel had been very naughty. It was certainly wrong of her to tie the cat's tail to the chair leg, and pour ink into her father's slippers. She deserved to be punished.

So her mother sent her from the room without any dinner, but when the pudding came on the scene her conscience smote her, and she determined to give Ethel another chance.

"Tell Ethel that if she will be very, very good for the rest of the afternoon, she may have some pudding," she said to the servant.

The servant delivered the message and returned in a few minutes with Ethel's reply.

"Please, mum, Miss Ethel wants to know what kind of pudding it is before she makes any promises!"

American and Canadian scientists tell us that the common house fly is the cause of more disease and death than any other agency. Wilson's Fly Pads kill all the flies and the disease germs too.

The dinner was over, and the last man to leave the cloak-room saw Pat, the custodian of the coats, looking v'ry miserable. "Well, Pat," he said, "what's the matter? Haven't they paid you v'ry well for looking after the things?" "Sure, sor," replied the dejected one, "it isn't that they haven't paid me, but, begorra, they've taken the bob I put in the plate as a decoy!"

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or diarrhoea, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops are taken in water when the symptoms are noticed no future trouble will be experienced.

O. t.

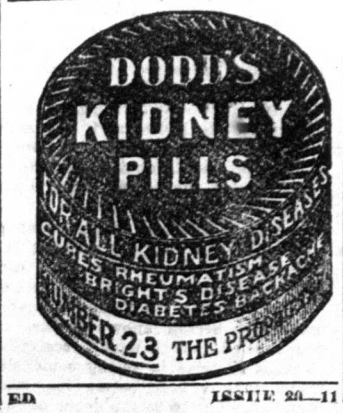
The Hostess (at informal dinner): "Dr. Graves, won't you carve?" Dr. Graves (absently): "Where's the patient and the chloroform?"

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

"A great many people owe their lives to that doctor," said Kicking-ton.

"Is he a clever physician?"

"Isn't that I referred to. He is never in when you want him."



Little Janie had been guilty of some act of trifling unkindness, and her mother, wishing to point a timely moral, reminded her that

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THE DOCTOR STOOD BY THE BEDSIDE and looked gravely down at the invalid. "I cannot hide from you the fact that you are very ill," he said. "Is there anyone you would like to see?" "Yes," said the sufferer, faintly. "Who is it?" "Another doctor."

THIS EARTHLY SHORT CAREER

That Personality Will Outlast Death is Practically Acknowledged To-day

"If in this life only we have hope in Christ we are of all men most miserable."—Saint Paul.

The idea of immortality is one that is most tenaciously clung to by our sentiments and most conclusively rejected by materialistic reasoning.

There is danger that the mind of the average intelligent person, trained to the strict honesty and self-control of modern scientific methods, will put aside this sweet persuasion as belonging to the myths and guesses of former ages of ignorance. Let us therefore state succinctly the grounds upon which an enlightened, strictly truthful intelligent bases such a belief.

And, first, the whole matter must be recognized as lying outside of and beyond the realm of accurate knowledge.

It has no kinship with botany, mathematics, chemistry, or any of the other exact sciences. It lies rather in that region which every cultured scientist to-day acknowledges to exist, where the overtones of truth play, where are the deep mysteries of the personality, the subliminal instincts, and the finer esthetic perceptions.

These things, of course, are just as real, though not so well defined, as the exact sciences, and have quite as much, if not more, to do with life.

ALL MATERIALISTIC PROOFS.

of a future life, therefore, such as psychic research and spiritualistic performances, may be set aside as hardly consistent with intellectual self-respect.

The most convincing proof of our continued existence, however, to thoughtful persons is the fact that, without this, life loses its moral significance. The next world is inextricably bound up with our ethical sense. And that not merely by tradition, but by a profound reason, which was truly felt, though fantastically stated, by men since the beginning of time.

The point is that moral motives

are too long to fit this earthly short career. All the higher, more humanizing, subtler, and more altruistic sentiments are too cramped for room. They cannot fitly play inside a space of thirty-three years or so.

Brutal, bestial, sensual, and all destructive emotions reap a quick harvest. Their reward is in their hand. The selfish man gets what he goes after. He makes his money, he sates his lusts, he fills the measure of his pride, and, as with the beasts, death comes mercifully with the decay of his powers, so that his term is in a way rational.

But the rewards of virtue are long and slow. The increment of goodness seems a cosmic process that needs not days, but centuries. Honesty is not the best policy always, within a period of a year nor of a lifetime; we feel it to be the best policy always only when it can get a chance to

OUTLIVE ALL OPPOSITION.

Even so, loyalty, purity, nobility, and all the diviner traits of men only have chance to stand erect when they can pierce through death. The world would miss its proudest instances of manly strength and womanly beauty if there should be taken away all cases where men and women went smiling to death for a principle.

Hence, to remove from men the feeling that another life supplements this would cut the nerve of moral emotion; it would remove the halo from our flesh; it would rub out our tint of divinity; it would eliminate all that far reaching heroism of souls that leads to commit themselves utterly to noble aims.

The world would be poor without its Wiclif, and Savonarola, and Bruno, and Paul, and Socrates, and Jesus, all of whom had moral contents that spilled over death.

The best reason for keeping heaven is because it is needed.

DR. FRANK CRANE.

terful purpose, whose eyes, whose voice, whose very mien carried command.

They had done wonderful things in Africa, wringing important concessions from reluctant chiefs, penetrating into previously unexplored parts, and, although furnished by private expenditure, all the advantages they had reaped had been placed at their country's disposal—a gift that the Government had gladly accepted.

They would have feted Geoffrey Harding, flung laurel crowns at him, only such things as these were distasteful to him, for many reasons, and he had been glad to escape from London.

Suddenly he started forward in his wicker chair, glancing with a newly-awakened interest across the wide public square upon which his balcony looked, wondering at

seal with an exclamation of surprise, after he had read the first line. A warm letter from La Delvain, recalling an old friendship, when the unknown girl had been five years younger than the famous woman of to-day.

It sent the blood leaping through his veins. His stern, grey eyes glowed with sudden tenderness. To be in her presence again, to speak with her—this woman who had been even in his thoughts during all the perils of those adventurous five years.

Ten minutes later he entered her private suite of rooms. She had more about her of the remembered girl than the brilliant opera singer, now that he saw her, dressed simply in clinging robes that fell in supple lines about her slim, tall figure, no longer hidden beneath velvets and furs.

She gave him both her hands, and eagerness showed in every feature. It was a welcome that would have flattered a King. The coldness that Harding showed to the world fell away from him. For once he lent himself to the intoxication of the moment.

With animated voice she told him her history—how she had been heard singing at some small concert by a travelling impresario, who had been struck by her then untrained voice, and had offered inductive terms.

"Terms I was thankful to accept," she admitted; "for with the loss of my father I was practically penniless."

A grim line or two came into Harding's face.

"He was killed in the accident to the Scottish express, was he not, soon after I went away—one of the unfortunate victims pinned beneath the wreck and burnt in the subsequent fire?"

She nodded silently, her head lowered. Neither spoke for a few moments; then—

"Why—why did you go away," she asked, "in such a sudden, secret manner, without a word of farewell? It left a certain blank."

"Margaret"—he bent forward, his strong voice vibrating with emotion—"was—was I missed?"

She had spoken in a tone of mingled tenderness and reproach, but now she gave an evasive little laugh.

"Oh, I mustn't answer that question in the affirmative, or it may make you vain," she said lightly, breaking the tension of the moment.

Harding laughed constrainedly and sat back in his chair. Then she added, with that earnest note coming again into her voice, "And you would have good cause to be vain. I have read all that you have done. And you must be proud, Geoffrey, for the world is ringing with your deeds and the courage of your little band of heroes."

He sprang from his chair, coloring and confused, a picture of absolute embarrassment.

"Oh, it wasn't anything very much, after all," he expostulated. "There's been a lot of fuss—and for my part I am tired of it. That was what made me clear out of England. I'm going away again—soon."

"Again?" Was it a treacherous fancy, or did there sound in that voice some touch of regret. "You have not yet told me what it was made you leave England in the first instance?"

He frowned unconsciously. "A roving disposition," he returned, evasively.

with shattered nerves and broken will.

Yet he was the man who must have won her from a crowd of suitors that a woman so lovely as herself was certain to have attracted, apart from her glorious gift of song.

The following day Harding returned to England. He would not remain there to risk another meeting with Margaret. He possessed the courage of a strong man who can run away from danger that he fears.

Weeks passed by, employed by Geoffrey Harding in making preparations for departure once more. People were at last beginning to leave him alone; his peace was undisturbed, and the showers of invitation cards had almost ceased.

One thought persisted in troubling him—that of a woman who might be making the mistake of her life.

Yet, what could he do to save her from a self-chosen fate? In however delicate a fashion, how was it possible for him to hint at another man's weaknesses, he whose own character was irrevocably blackened.

Only that day the past had been brought very rudely home to him, had he ever permitted himself to forget it. A former friend, a man of rigid if just principles, had passed him by with stony gaze, refusing to recognize a man whom others would have acknowledged as a hero.

Geoffrey smiled bitterly, not unprepared for this slight; indeed, his own face had been set and hard enough.

This was one of the few men who had been present at that card party at which some one had cheated—a suspicion formulating at last into a direct accusation against Harding, to be received by him in silence, without any attempted defence.

The scandal had not been widely circulated at the time—he was too unimportant a young man for it to create a sensation—but now that prominence had been, in a measure, forced upon him, it was always possible that it would find its way into some of the baser gossip journals—rags that trade in scurrility.

Turning towards home one night, almost upon the eve of departure, he passed outside a big restaurant, attracted by a small crowd. In the centre of them, with flushed face and defiant attitude, stood King, addressing them in foolish, hectoring tones.

In a moment Harding was at his side, holding his arm in a close grip. A few stern words, and the crowd had melted.

The sight of him seemed to sober King, but an ugly, malicious smile came into his face as he obeyed the other, and passively entered a taxi which Geoffrey hailed.

"It's all right, old man," he said, "But—but I've had a blow today. It's all over between Margaret and myself."

"She has given you up?" For all his care it was impossible for Geoffrey to keep from his voice the wonderful relief that he felt. And King detected it. He looked at him with a sneer, that ugly expression deepening.

"It was I who broke it off," he said, with an attempt at dignity. "I found there was some other man in the background of her life."

"What do you mean?" Geoffrey demanded the question harshly.

"Some man whom she secretly

A STAR OF SONG

"They call your expeditionary force a legion of lost souls. Let me make one of them. Only before you accept me as a recruit you must know one thing."

The young man had spoken in hard, even tones, but now, as he paused on those last words, there was a slight break in his voice, a touch of almost uncontrollable emotion that was, however, instantly repressed.

The man upon whom he had almost forced his presence glanced

hard, even tones, but now, as he paused on those last words, there was a slight break in his voice, a touch of almost uncontrollable emotion that was, however, instantly repressed.

The man upon whom he had almost forced his presence glanced at him with cold blue eyes, a thoughtful frown casting a shadow over his worn, sun-blackened features.

"Go on," he said, in the curt voice of a man accustomed to command. The other obeyed.

"I—I want to go away, to clear out of England, for if I remain I shall be an Ishmael—a pariah."

Horace Stone's eyebrows lifted a little. He threw an eagle glance at his visitor—a searching, merciless glance that rested a full minute upon that sullen, reckless face, that was yet, for all its boyishness, so firm and strong. His own face relaxed.

"What was it, sonnie?" His voice had altered; the iron had gone from it; he spoke in almost a lazy tone.

"Cards. They said I cheated. I didn't deny it then. I don't deny it now."

"That's a big blot, sonnie, on a young career. It will cling to you for life."

"I—I can't help it. I—I don't care."

"Not now. You are young. But in the years to come?"

"Oh, hang it, sir, don't moralize!" The boy's voice was rough. "Will you accept me upon your expedition or will you not?"

"Do you realize the dangers, the deprivations?"

"Oh, the danger is what I want." His eyes brightened, he hrew back his head. The sullen look began to fade.

"Then, yes—I welcome you among my little flock of black sheep. But—wait a moment. You have been frank with me; I shall now be the same with you. You must know something of your leader. I, too, was kicked out of clubland and drawing-rooms, years ago, for the same thing. Only, my lad—the deep-set eyes grew sombre with a light that was almost tragic, so intense was its regret—the difference between us is this—I was guilty."

"The difference?" stammered Geoffrey Harding. "What—what do you mean? Haven't I told you that I—?" He broke off beneath that steady gaze, coloring and confused.

No more was said, but the two men, the hardened captain of perilous enterprises, this hunter of the wilds, and the lad with the stigma of dishonor on his name, clasped hands.

The scene came back to one of them with vivid distinctness as he sat on the balcony of his hotel watching with absent eyes the twinkling lights of the gay Continental city stretched out before him.

Geoffrey Harding had accompanied that expedition its rawest recruit. He had returned from it as captain. The man in whose service he had volunteered they had buried beneath African suns, in alien ground.

First in every exploit where danger threatened life, vigilant, courageous, daring, the younger man had soon risen to be second in command, for military rule prevailed amongst that little band.

Upon the death of their leader Harding had been chosen to fill his position—a firm captain, though the youngest there, a man of mas-

terful talent to him, for many reasons, and he had been glad to escape from London.

Suddenly he started forward in his wicker chair, glancing with a newly-awakened interest across the wide public square upon which his balcony looked, wondering at the sudden animation it displayed. Within the last few moments, as he had been idly dreaming there, absorbed in past reflections, it had filled with a concourse of people. Far and wide they stretched, fresh arrivals swelling the human tide at every second. A sea of human faces upturned toward a certain point—a platform at the base of a column, on which a woman was standing.

A huge arc lamp shone down upon her face, clearly revealing her profile as it was turned towards Harding. Then he remembered. A famous star of song, visiting the city, had declared her intention of singing in the square for the benefit of those too poor to pay for places in the opera house.

All the street traffic had been suspended, for this woman, young but already famous, had captured every music-loving city of Europe.

A small band of stringed instruments, grouped behind her, was to accompany her, and now a hush, an expectant silence, fell over that waiting crowd.

Harding bent eagerly forward, his eyes staring, his breathing hurried, his soul shaken by a wave of emotion.

Was he mad or dreaming, or was this woman, this dazzling figure in the forefront of fame, one he had passionately loved five years ago, herself a girl then, but unknown beyond her own little world, albeit she had a wonderful voice?

It must be she—he could not be mistaken. He would have known her by the beat of his heart, had she passed a shadowy form in a darkened place, he could have picked her out from the brightest of heaven's angels.

But now, instead of an obscure girl, she was a star of song—a woman with a matchless gift, he had been told, this woman known to fame as Margaret Delvain.

She began to sing, the notes falling in clear and liquid cadences, in sound and effect as unpremeditated as skylark's song, but every note considered, every phrase shaped by art into a flawless gem of sound.

It had the wonderful quality, too, that only the few great singers possess, of stirring within the human heart that heard it strangely mingled emotions of sadness and joy.

The great crowd stood enraptured. It might have been some vast concert hall, filled with a well-mannered and habituated audience, the sweet notes, full, rich and clear, a web of entrancing sound, seemed holding them in invisible meshes.

When it was all over, and the last song had been sung, they followed her in triumph to her hotel.

Geoffrey Harding joined in the crowd, his eyes shining like stars. But when he approached the hotel the old look of stern self-repression came back into his face, and abruptly turning on his heel he went off in a fresh direction.

It was all an old dream that was never anything more, even in the past, why had it come back to mock him with reviving memories that were better sleeping in the grave of the past?

But when he returned to his own quarters, it was to find there a letter awaiting him. He broke the

fancy, or did there sound in that voice some touch of regret. "You have not yet told me what it was made you leave England in the first instance?"

He frowned unconsciously. "A roving disposition," he returned, evasively.

"I understand," she replied, a little hardly. "After all, you were only a boy, longing for adventure in unknown lands."

Was it pique that gave such an edge of ice to her tone, or real contempt?

"By the way," she went on, "I wonder if it will interest you to know that I am going to be married?"

Harding was silent, angry and perplexed with himself on account of an overwhelming sense of dismay that had come over him.

"Who—who is it?" He asked the question quietly, after a pause.

"Barton King," she murmured. "You know him?"

His face lighted.

"Yes; we were friends in the past. Barton King, who knew what the world did not know—that only the dead man, Horace Stone, had divined—his own innocence in that ugly episode. 'I—I am glad,' he said. 'Barton King had all the gifts, all the chances, and he will gain what must crown them all when you become his wife. We used to think he was singled out for a brilliant career. Has he achieved it yet?'"

His words seemed to cause her some uneasiness.

"Not yet," she said. "He—he has not been altogether fortunate. But there is time—is there not?"

There was a trace of doubt in the voice that asked the question, and, whilst Geoffrey nodded reassuringly, his heart misgave him. He suddenly remembered certain failings of Barton's—failings that were likely to handicap a man in life's race.

He took his leave soon after, conscious still of that sense of desolation which he had felt at her announcement. As he was leaving the hotel he came upon the very man in his thoughts—Barton King.

The latter started violently at the sight of Geoffrey, and his face went a greyish hue. He seemed uncertain whether to advance or retreat. But Geoffrey would not let him pass by.

"Come, man; you can't pretend not to know me," he said; then, in a lower voice, "if you were one of those who didn't know, I should fancy you wanted to cut me."

The other gave a little gasp, a sigh as of relief. Confidence came back into his face.

"My dear old chap—welcome." He extended a hand, which Harding grasped. "You—you have seen Margaret—you know?"

Geoffrey nodded.

"Come, let's have a drink, and a talk over old times."

The two men returned to where Geoffrey was staying, and Barton King, after a stiffish whisky, began to talk, bemoaning his ill-luck, declaring that he was born under adverse stars, whilst Geoffrey listened with growing but concealed irritation.

The other's excuses for his failure to make his mark sounded so weak and paltry to the man of action, and he also strongly suspected that the greatest cause of them was to be found in an unmistakable predilection for alcohol that Barton betrayed.

Heavens! what a fate for Margaret, to be wedded to a man who might soon become a moral wreck,

"It was I who broke it off," he said, with an attempt at dignity. "I found there was some other man in the background of her life."

"What do you mean?" Geoffrey demanded the question harshly.

"Some man whom she secretly visits—an invalid, I believe—some man of low birth, illiterate, a boor, since she is ashamed to acknowledge to the world her acquaintance and evident attachment. She spends most of her time there when in London. Spies have informed me of this. There is a natural inference—"

"No more!" Harding's voice was terrible. There was murder in his eyes, a light that silenced that blackening tongue. "She stooped when she let you approach her. She is pure and true. If she loves this man, why should she not become his wife?"

The other shrugged his shoulders sullenly.

"She would give me no explanation beyond admitting that she cared for him."

"Did your doubts deserve any explanation?"

But the other had relapsed into sulky silence, and refused to speak again.

Geoffrey at last desisted, and, after seeing him safely to his own home, returned to his apartments.

He was lingering over a somewhat belated breakfast—for he had sat long into the night, anxious and wide-awake—when an unexpected visitor followed close upon the announcement of his name.

Harding glanced at him with steely eyes; this was the man who had "cut" him a few days before.

"I forced myself upon you, fearing that you would refuse to see me," his visitor began when the door was shut. "Harding, will you forgive me and others for ever doubting your honor? We should have known better. In my name and theirs, will you take my hand?"

Geoffrey looked at him bewildered; but a sudden burden seemed to be slipping away from his shoulders—a burden he had carried patiently for years.

"We know you innocent," the other continued, unbending in marvellous fashion. "The proofs are in our hands. The true cheat was Roger Dale. His daughter, the famous diva, Margaret Delvain, came to us herself only last evening. It was her own dead father whom you shielded. She only discovered the truth itself yesterday, only then knew that you had ever been accused. An old diary, found amongst forgotten papers, betrayed her father's guilt. Harding, there isn't a club house in the whole of London that wouldn't be proud to throw open its doors to you. Let mine be the pleasant task to assist in your rehabilitation."

* * * * *

"Why did you do this?" The woman's voice was tremulous with emotion, her eyes were misty.

"Margaret, it was because I loved you," the man answered simply.

"Your father begged me to take the responsibility of his—folly. He would have lost his appointment had discovery been made; worse than that, investigation once begun other matters would have been brought to light—the use he had made of money belonging to others, lost in rash speculations. It would have meant prison for him and a wrecked life for you, his child. But I—I was alone—it only hurt myself, no one else."

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"But what a price you paid to save us both!"

"Margaret, now that my honor is cleared, through you, if I dared—tell there was any hope—I would tell you that all this love, useless though it was, has meant to me. But as it is—well, I know there is some other man."

She started nervously and looked at him with widened eyes.

"You—you have seen Barton King? He has told you?"

"Yes—that all is over between you two, that there is another man."

"Yes, a man whom I pity and love."

"Then, alas, there is indeed no hope for me."

"Wait!" A strange and wonderful smile came into her face. "I will tell you what I dare not confide in him—a secret, my secret. Geoffrey, this man whom I visit—it is my own father—the man you shielded."

"But—but he is dead! He was killed in that railway disaster!"

"Supposed to have been; and thus he has been saved prosecution, for exposure at last would have been inevitable. He was injured, not killed, in that accident, struck upon the head by a piece of wreckage, and ever since then he has dwelt in mental twilight, his reason hopelessly afflicted. Geoffrey, this is the man in the background of my life—this is the only man I love—except"—her tone softened into one of trembling surrender—"except yourself, who so well deserve a woman's love—my love."

"What made you accept Barton King?"

"Can't you guess? He was persistent, my walking shadow through Europe, and he had a supposed claim upon my gratitude, for he lied to me, as he lied to you, Geoff, when he said that it was he who broke off the engagement."

"He told me that he was the man who had accepted my father's guilt in a card scandal. And this, he declared, was the secret cause that kept him down. Men looked askance at one whom they thought to be an acknowledged card cheat, and all advancement was barred to him. I believed him, until that locked diary, hidden for years in a secret drawer, was discovered by myself, and the paltry meanness that had been played upon my pity revealed, together with your silent heroism."—London Tit-Bits.

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

DISTRIBUTION OF RISK FIRST AIM OF WISE INVESTOR.

Investing Not So Easy as It Sounds

—Why Farm Investments are Not More Popular—Return Too Low—Reason Small Investor Should Try Something Else.

There is, in Canada, a growing amount of capital which is seeking investment. The experience of the United States during a similar period of its existence, when the lack of investment knowledge enabled sharpers of the "get-rich-quick" type to steal hundreds of millions of dollars from the savings of the thrifty, has prompted the publisher of this paper to devote in future some space each week to the publication of investment information. To this end they have secured the services of one of the foremost financial writers in Canada to fill this column each week with general information on financial subjects in the hope that it will prove useful in helping our readers to judge

of course, he is a farmer, who intends to operate it himself, and in this case a high return on the amount invested represents to no small extent the payment to the farmer of his own salary—though many do not realize this fact—and varies in proportion with his skill as an husbandman, as any farmer knows. Everyone knows the old adage, that it is foolish to put all one's eggs in one basket; the same applies to investments, but with greatly increased force. One should never, under any circumstances, so invest money that, should a fire, a failure, or other unforeseen accident occur, all would be lost. Our capital, even if it is very small, should be distributed over a diverse field. And in this distribution, it should be remembered to make the spread cover a wide field, not only in class of investment, but in location. In this manner, for example, the failure of crops in Central Ontario would not affect mortgages held in that part of the Province; depression in Canada would not affect municipal bonds. Many other examples can be easily thought of. Therefore, in investing always aim to divide the risk. This "distribution of risk," as it is called, is the first step of the wise man who aims to keep his "fortune" big or little.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, AUGUST 13.

Lesson VII.—Jehoiakim Burns the Prophet's Book, Jer. 36. Golden Text, Isa. 40. 8.

Verses 1-10.—Jeremiah's roll dictated to Baruch, and read to the people.

1. The fourth year of Jehoiakim—About B. C. 605. It is likely these events occurred after Jerusalem became subject to Nebuchadnezzar. Jeremiah had already prophesied this disaster and the prolonged captivity which was to follow. The people were in a state of fear, and it was an opportune moment for the prophet to repeat the warnings which he had uttered from time to time for many years.

2. Take thee a roll . . . and write—A similar command came to Isaiah, but in his case the roll was rather a tablet, covered with wax. Jeremiah's roll was made of pieces of skin stitched together, and attached to rollers of wood on each end. On this, in columns parallel to the rollers, he was to inscribe the words of his prophecies, uttered during the twenty-three years of his public career. These utterances are recorded in the chapters which precede this one. No doubt there is a certain amount of condensation as he would have to rely partly upon memory and partly upon fragmentary records.

3. It may be that the house of Judah will hear—The same offer of pardon as was made previously (compare Jer. 26. 3). The attack by Nebuchadnezzar ought to have intensified this appeal.

5. I am shut up—Not imprisoned (see verse 19), as in Jer. 33. 1 and elsewhere, but restrained by some cause, presumably by the people's

The Home

Notes of Particular Interest to Women Folks

TESTED RECIPES.

Haricot beans and Spanish onions served with baked bacon will make an excellent and economical dinner.

Vegetable Shape.—Take boiled potatoes, carrots, and cabbage in equal proportions. Mash these together with butter, salt, and pepper. Press all into a mould and bake in a cool oven for an hour.

Stewed Cheese.—Take four ounces of dry cheese which has become too dry and hard for table purposes. Set this in a stewpan with a gill of milk and half an ounce of butter, and stew the whole very gently till dissolved. When nearly cold, add a beaten egg. Put in a piedish and brown in the oven.

A Plain Batter Pudding.—For a quart basin take twelve tablespoonfuls of flour, a good pinch of salt, and by degrees mix with three beaten eggs. Finally, beat all thoroughly with one pint and a half of milk. Let stand for an hour. Then beat up again, pour into a well-greased mould, and boil one hour and a quarter.

Brown Scones.—Take half a pound of wholemeal flour and half a pound of white flour, add a teaspoonful of baking-powder and some salt. Mix together three ounces each of lard and butter, and then rub into the flour. Beat up an egg with a little milk, and with it make all into a soft dough. Roll out rather thick, cut into shapes, brush over with milk, and bake in a moderate oven.

Steamed Railway Pudding.—Cream together two ounces of fresh butter and one cupful of caster sugar, add to this the well-beaten yolk of an egg and a cupful of milk. Work well together and flavor with any essence desired. Mix a teaspoonful of baking-powder with two teaspoonfuls of flour, and gradually add to the mixture. Steam for one hour and a half in a greased basin. Turn out and sift caster sugar over.

Haricot beans cooked as follows are excellent. Boil one pint of haricot beans in cold water till you can rub them into meal between your finger and thumb (the beans must previously soak twelve hours). Strain off the water, add pepper and salt and one ounce of clarified dripping. Shake up well over the fire, and serve hot with chopped parsley scattered over. N. B.—Salt must never be added to beans while cooking.

Beef kidney is inexpensive and very tasty if cooked as follows: Cut the kidney into thin slices, flour these and fry a nice brown in dripping. When cooked, make a good gravy in the pan, putting in a small piece of butter, a quarter of a pint of boiling water, pepper and salt, and a tablespoonful of mushroom ketchup. Let the gravy boil up, stir well, add the slices of kidney, simmer gently for ten minutes, and serve on a thick round of toast.

Stewed Knuckle of Veal.—Wash

gravy and red-currant jelly. The heart should be cut in thin slices at table.

Spotted Dick.—Take a good large saucepan three parts full of water, and let it come to the boil. Take one pound of flour, and work it with the hands, half a pound of suet, a teaspoonful of baking-powder, and then add sufficient water to make a stiff paste. Roll out about half an inch thick and spread the fruit over the paste. Roll it up and wet the edges. Dip a pudding cloth in boiling water, wring it out, and flour it, turn the paste on to cloth and tie it up tightly, allowing room for the pudding to swell. Plunge the pudding into the fast-boiling water and cook it at a gallop for two hours and a half.

THINGS WORTH KNOWING.

Buy articles of the best quality. They are cheapest in the end.

Add a handful of chopped walnuts to your cranberry sauce before taking off the stove; it gives the sauce a delicious flavor.

When cooking onions, set a tin cup of vinegar on the stove, and let it boil, and no disagreeable odor will be noticed in the room.

Do not salt stock until you have done skimming it, as the salt prevents the scum from rising. Add a very little at a time.

When baby is troubled with cold hands fill a small sized water bag with warm water and let baby play with it. It amuses as it warms the little hands.

Stains and discolorations on tinware can be removed by dipping a damp cloth in common soda and rubbing briskly. Then wash thoroughly and wipe dry.

Many people complain that drinking milk always upsets their digestion. The reason is not that the milk itself is not wholesome, but that it has been taken too quickly.

When making work dresses in shirtwaist fashion make two waists for one skirt, and they will last about the same length of time; if waists are worn alternately they will fade alike.

Select lamp wicks that are soft and loosely woven; soak these in vinegar before using, and dry in a very cool oven. This is the surest way to obtain a good light without smoke.

The best way in which to clean hairbrushes is with spirits of ammonia, as its effect is immediate. No rubbing is required and cold water can be used just as successfully as warm.

To make a beefsteak tender smear a couple of teaspoonfuls of salad oil over it, place it between two plates, and leave for a few hours. This works wonders in softening the fibres.

While eating the body should be held naturally upright, as the digestive organs should not be crush-

one experience of the United States, during a similar period of its existence, when the lack of investment knowledge enabled sharpers of the "get-rich-quick" type to steal hundreds of millions of dollars from the savings of the thrifty, has prompted the publisher of this paper to devote in future some space each week to the publication of investment information. To this end they have secured the services of one of the foremost financial writers in the country to fill this column each week with general information on financial subjects in the hope that it will prove useful in helping our readers to judge for themselves the merits of investments. The following article is introductory in nature. During the next few months the various kinds of investments will be dealt with and their good and bad points criticized. For example the merits of mortgages will be contrasted with those of bonds and investment stocks of various sorts. The proper sort of investments for women will also come in for consideration. These will not be dry, technical articles but will be interesting and simple and may save you from putting your money into losing ventures at some future time. The impartial and reliable character of the information in this column may be depended upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no other interests to serve in connection with this matter.

(By "Investor.")

The man who remarked, "Almost any fool can make a fortune, but it takes a wise man to keep it," was much more than half in earnest when he spoke. Keeping a fortune, or even a modest amount of savings, does not mean merely keeping it safe. A well-chosen hole in the ground will do that. But, so to invest one's money that it not only remains safe, but also brings in a substantial income, is a problem which takes much thought.

To the average man, the term "investment" has no very clear meaning. As often as not, we hear men state that they have "invested" in a mining stock, when even the term "speculation"—which involves taking a certain amount of chance—would be much too mild a word. To others, investment at once brings up thoughts of mortgages. Yet between these two extremes—the well-secured farm mortgage on the one hand, and the highly speculative mining stock on the other—lies a great field of opportunity supplying a variety of investments to suit all tastes and all requirements.

WHAT ARE INVESTMENTS?

Now, as to what constitute investments.

Strictly speaking, an investment is anything which we may buy that will bring us in an income, and retain its value, i.e., can be disposed of without material loss. Thus, the purchase of a good farm which may be leased or worked so as to bring in a good return on its cost, is an investment. But this is a very small and relatively unimportant field for the investment of our money. Not everyone has sufficient capital to buy a farm, and, as a rule, the rental of a farm is not a high enough return on the investment to make it worth while. For one must remember that out of this return sufficient must be laid away each year to rebuild all buildings at the end of, say, thirty years. Part of the return from rent represents a payment for depreciation on buildings, etc., which, despite repairs every year, come that much nearer the time when they must be rebuilt. Perhaps if they are well constructed, thirty years is too short a time to allow, but it is never unwise to err on the side of safety.

There is, however, in addition to the small return and the risks of a dishonest or unfortunate leasee, one very sound reason why a person with limited capital should not invest in farm real estate, unless,

3. It may be that the house of Judah will hear—The same offer of pardon as was made previously (compare Jer. 26. 3). The attack by Nebuchadnezzar ought to have intensified this appeal.

5. I am shut up—Not imprisoned (see verse 19), as in Jer. 33. 1 and elsewhere, but restrained by some cause, presumably by the people's indignation over his recent predictions.

6. The fast-day—A day especially appointed in connection with the national danger.

9. In the ninth month—December. It was perhaps the first anniversary of the capture of the city. The only stated legal fast took place in the seventh month.

10. Gemariah—He was brother of the friendly Ahikam, mentioned in the last lesson. The place of reading described was one that would be most likely to bring the message within the hearing of all the people coming in from the cities of Judah at the new gate.

11-19—The roll also read in the presence of the princes.

11. Micaiah—It was in the door of his father's chamber that the book was read, and the son carried the news of what had taken place to 'his father, who was otherwise engaged in another chamber with the princes of Judah. For the position of these leading men, see last lesson.

12. He went down—From the temple to the king's house, which stood on lower ground. Elnathan was spoken of in the last lesson.

15. Sit down now, and read it—There are several evidences that the princes looked with favor upon Jeremiah and his attendant. Baruch's position was the one ordinarily assumed by an Oriental teacher (see Matt. 5. 1).

17. How didst thou write?—They desired to know precisely how much responsibility rested upon Baruch, and how much upon Jeremiah, in order that they might give a true account to the king.

20-26—The reading of the roll before the king.

21. Stood beside the king—Literally, "above the king," he being seated, while the princes were standing.

22. The winter-house—Both summer and winter houses were enjoyed by these people of the East. But they were almost always separate parts of the same house. In general, the inner, or protected portion of the house, was used in winter, while the external (often upper) and airy part of the house served for summer.

23. The brazier—A depression was built in the centre of the room, and this was filled with charcoal (much like a warming-pan) for heating purposes. Jehudi had unrolled only a few columns (leaves) when the king, in spite of the intercession of some of the princes, ruthlessly cut the roll into shreds with a scribe's knife (penknife), and threw it into the fire.

24. They were not afraid—The king's contempt for Jehovah's message inspired them with no terror. How different had been the conduct of Jehoiakim's father, Josiah, when the Book of the Law was found. With a sad heart he rent his garments. Through this act was proclaimed the nation's impenitence and the sealing of its doom. It was God's final proffer of mercy.

27-32—Jeremiah bidden to re-

ping. When cooked, make a good gravy in the pan, putting in a small piece of butter, a quarter of a pint of boiling water, pepper and salt, and a tablespoonful of mushroom ketchup. Let the gravy boil up, stir well, add the slices of kidney, simmer gently for ten minutes, and serve on a thick round of toast.

Stewed Knuckle of Veal.—Wash four pounds of the veal and put it on to simmer, let it cook for two hours in two quarts of cold water with salt and pepper. Peel and cut up an onion, wash four ounces of rice, and when the veal has simmered for one hour add these to it. Take care that all cooks slowly, adding at the last a tablespoonful of chopped parsley. To serve place the meat on a hot dish, arrange the rice round, thicken and color the gravy, and pour over the meat.

A Good Beef Stew.—Cut one pound and a half of beef skirting into neat pieces, free from fat, dip each in seasoned flour, using plenty of flour. Melt one ounce of dripping, and brown the meat in it. Take up the meat, add some flour to the fat, and stir till browned; gradually stir in one pint of gravy, add one onion, sprinkle with cloves, add one teaspoonful of vinegar, pepper and salt to taste. Place the meat in this, set the pan at the side of the fire and let it cook very gently for three hours. Serve on a hot dish garnished with sippets of toast.

A calf's heart makes a nice roast, and can be cooked in a stewpan, so that no oven need be heated. Clean the heart well, soak it in warm water so as to draw out the blood. While it is soaking make the stuffing as for veal. Take the heart, dry it with a clean cloth, cut off the "deaf ears" and stuff it full. Sew up the heart, and place it in the pot with two ounces of dripping, over a very slow fire; baste it frequently and turn occasionally. Cook for one hour and a quarter. Serve with a good thick

write the roll, and to add a threat concerning the destruction of the city.

29. The king of Babylon shall certainly come. This, of course, does not mean that the Babylonian king had not come already. His attack upon Jerusalem in the first instance, a year or so before this, was by no means as severe as that which Jeremiah here predicts. The fulfillment took place in a few years, in the reign of Jehoiakim's son, Jehoiachin, and still further in the wasting of the city at the end of the reign of Zedekiah.

30. None to sit upon the throne of David—Jehoiachin, within three months from his accession, was hurried away a captive to Babylon. No child of his succeeded to the throne.

His dead body shall be cast out—The assertion in 2 Kings 24. 6 that he "slept with his fathers" is in no way contradictory to this prophecy. The same account is silent concerning his burial. The fact that Baruch included this in Jeremiah's prophecies, after the death of Jehoiakim, shows that he felt no difficulty as to its fulfillment. Kings and Chronicles both give only brief accounts of these times.

fully as warm. To make a beefsteak tender smear a couple of teaspoonfuls of salad oil over it, place it between two plates, and leave for a few hours. This works wonders in softening the fibres.

While eating the body should be held naturally upright, as the digestive organs should not be crushed or twisted, and the breathing should be deep and regular. The food should be well masticated.

To remove tea, coffee, cocoa or chocolate stains soak in cold water first, then place the stain over a bowl and pour boiling water through it, holding the tea kettle at a height to ensure force.

A very good way to clean hands when they are very dirty is to rub a little lard well over them, then wash with soap and water. If this is done in cold weather the hands will not be so likely to crack.

Ground ginger used for plasters instead of mustard is just as good to "draw" and never blisters.

When wanted to use as a disinfectant carbolic acid will mix readily with water, if the latter is boiled.

Steam oysters until they are just heated through and serve them on toast that has been cut round and moistened with oyster juice. These are equal to any panned oysters prepared in the oven.

Instead of the ill-smelling moth balls, if whole cloves are sprinkled under carpets and rugs, among woollens and flannels, they will be found equally effective and the odor in the room will be pleasant and agreeable.

To broil salt fish, soak the fish overnight in skimmed milk. When required, wipe it dry and put it on a well-greased gridiron. When browned on one side, turn carefully so as not to blacken. Serve with fried potatoes.

Into a pail of hot water throw a handful of washing soda. After thoroughly sweeping rugs go over them with a cloth wrung out in this water. Apply this solution to rugs every week and you will find it is the best thing ever tried.

A fire is soon caused by the overturning of a paraffin lamp, which water has no power to extinguish. In every house where paraffin is burnt, a bucket of sand should be kept in a place accessible to all the inmates, for it will instantly extinguish burning oil.

A FINE MEMORY.

Blinks, after inviting to dinner his friend Jinks, who had just returned from abroad, was telling him what a fine memory his little son Bobby had.

"And do you suppose he will remember me?" said Jinks.

"Remember you? Why, he remembers every face that he ever saw."

An hour later they entered the house, and, after Jinks had shaken hands with Mrs. Blinks, he called Bobby over to him.

"And do you remember me, my little man?"

"Course I do. You're the same fellow that dad brought last summer, and ma was so cross about it that she didn't speak to him for a whole week."

It is not difficult for a girl to love almost any young man that her parents are willing to object to.

Bargain for the Kiddies

Saturday morning we place on sale about 40 pairs of Children's Roman Sandals and Slippers at $\frac{1}{2}$ price or less. This is the greatest BARGAIN we have ever offered in Children's fine footwear.

25 pair of Children's 5 Strap Jockey Sandals with Red Kid Top and Patent Colt Vamps. The famous classic \$2.00 and \$2.25 Shoes.
 Sizes 5 to $7\frac{1}{2}$ and 8 to $10\frac{1}{2}$ **Sale Price \$1.00**

15 pair Misses Chocolate Kid 2 Buckle Shoes, made with strong sewed soles. Classic \$2.00 Shoes.
 Sizes 11 to 2. **Sale Price \$1.00**

Suit Case Special 10 Imitation Leather Suit Cases made on steel frame
Special 98 Cents

THE **J. J. HAINES** SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.
 Largest Dealers in this Section of Canada.

Steam Coal For Threshing

—AT—

Steven's Coal Yard

CHAS. STEVENS.

Yard : Foot of West Street.

1-tf

Panhard's, and Gargoyle MOBILE OILS

These oils are the best on the market for autos and motor boats. If you have had any trouble with the oil you have been using give these oils a try.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

J. M. T. DRY BATTERIES

Every one tested and ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED—and they are no dearer than the poor kinds.
 J. M. T. Batteries 25c each.

Gasolene delivered promptly to your boat house in clean cans.

VINEGAR

I am selling only the best quality of

White Wine and Cider Vinegar

for pickling, at very much reduced prices. Give me a call for Vinegar.

Phone 180.

FRANK H. PERRY.

F. W. SMITH,
 ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
 Strictly Private and Confidential.
 Smith's Jewellery Store,
 Napanee.

30-3-m

JOHN T. GRANGE
 ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
 Grange Block, John Street,
 Strictly Private and Confidential.

FRED CHINNECK
 ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
 Chinneck's Jewellery Store
 Near Royal Hotel
 Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
 TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
 Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

Prints and Gingham

—at—

Sale Prices

15c per yard - now $12\frac{1}{2}$ c

$12\frac{1}{2}$ c per yard - now 10c

10c per yard - - now 8c

A.E. Lazier.

Kingston Business College

(Limited)
 Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Highest Grade Business School offers superior courses in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service and all commercial subjects.

Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

For Scranton Coal.

Call at office corner of Centre and Water Streets, or telephone 128.

P. GLEESON.

England Represented in Napanee.

It affords us great pleasure to announce to the citizens of Napanee and vicinity that The Medical Hall—Napanee's Largest Drug Store, has been chosen as one of the Canadian Depots, now being established throughout this country by the great English Firm of Lever Bros. Ltd. for the sale of their "Royal Vinolia Toilet Preparations." Read their ad in any leading daily newspaper and secure from us the special post card which entitles you to a full free trial of any article you choose. Fred L. Hooper.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

DESERONTO.

Master Thomas Earl Dettlor, Pearl street, has returned home after spending five weeks with his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jonnston, Toronto. The schooner Guido, which has been in dry dock here undergoing repairs, was placed in the water again last week and loaded lumber for Oswego.

Doubtless the residents in the neighborhood of the High School grounds were interested on Thursday evening last to see a few cricket enthusiasts, most of them having long since arrived at their majority, gambling over the green grass, and having a bit of practice with bat and ball. Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Carter took in the I. O. O. F. excursion to Toronto and Niagara Falls on Wednesday. Some fine bass are being caught in our bay just now. On Monday of this week Messrs. Frank Johnston and E.

No Express next week.

Half Holiday Excursions.

The Steamer Reindeer will run an excursion on each Wednesday half holiday to Glen Island and Picton. Fare 25 cents. 31-t

Fishing Tackle.

Trowing Lines from 15 cts. to \$2.50 all the new Baits, Steel Rods, this is Bass Month, see

BOYLE & SON.

Are You Looking for Bargains?

Then don't neglect coiling and examine our Steel, and Metal Ranges and Heaters. They are as good as the best; and as cheap as the cheapest.

43tf POTTER & BLANCHARD.

Barns Burned Near Tamworth.

The storm of Sunday last did considerable damage in this section to barns and other buildings. James Lynch lost a large barn, which was struck by lightning, also twenty-five tons of hay. Mr. Quinn, of Croydon, lost a valuable barn.

Hair Dye.

We have the "old fashioned hair restorer" that restores the hair to its natural color. It is not a nitrate of silver dye that shows on the hair so everybody can see that the hair has been dyed, but a "color restorer". It is put up in \$1.00 bottles, and can be procured in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store—The Rexall Agency.

Auction Sale.

Mr. James O'Brien will offer for sale by Public Auction, at his late residence, Thomas St. Napanee, on Saturday, August 26th, 1911 at one o'clock in the afternoon all his household goods and furniture consisting of piano, parlor suite, dining room suite, side-board, bed-room suites and bedding, etc.

Barns Burned

During the severe thunder storm on Sunday last a number of Camden Township farmers lost their barns and contents through being struck by lightning. Among those suffering were John Wartman near Newburgh, Fred Clancy, Sam Hughes and Clancy Moore. Mr. Moore lost three particularly fine horses in his barn.

Gasoline, high grade, Motor and Stove, at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

No Guess Work.

On May 9th last my dwelling with contents was destroyed by fire. I was insured in the Lennox and Addington Mutual Fire Insurance Co. My claim was satisfactorily adjusted and promptly paid and I would advise my associate farmers to insure in our Home Company, as our Directors are men of our own class, accessible and fair.

WM. THISTLEWAITE.

Centreville, July 1st, 1911.

34-b

The Northern Crown Bank.

The Northern Crown Bank have again completed a successful half years business showing Net profits for the half year after deducting expenses of management, payment of taxes, and making necessary provision for interest due depositors, and for bad and doubtful debts of \$116,909.79. The Balance carried forward at credit of profit and loss account is \$232,373.28.

Pianos.

The place to select your piano is from VanLoven Bros. stock at Paul's music store, Napanee. We have several makes, including the celebrated Gerhard Heintzman and Newcombe. You can see the different styles, hear the different tones, and take your choice. We trade for anything, we want twenty horses on deal and give very easy terms or payment. We also sell Organs sewing machines, separators, and the celebrated Fairbanks and Harris Gasoline engines. We have two large farms sale. Will be at Mr. Pauls store Saturdays.

VANLOVEN BROS.

no dearer than the poor kinds.
J. M. T. Batteries 25c each.

Gasolene delivered promptly to your boat house in clean cans.

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.

Phone. 13.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

The Best One Day's Outing

Is Trinity Church Excursion to Kingston and 1000 Islands.

Wednesday, August 23rd

The Grand Trunk Special train will leave Napanee at 7.45 a. m. reaching Kingston at 9 a. m.

The Steamer "Brockville" has been chartered for the occasion and will be waiting at the wharf to take those who wish down to 1000 Island Park, reaching there about 11 a. m. Two hours will be allowed at the Park, when the boat will leave for a trip down the American channel and up the Canadian channel to Kingston again in plenty of time, arriving at Napanee a few minutes after eight. Adults to 1000 Islands 1.10. Children half fare.

No Express next week.

Deseronto streets will be lighted wholly with Tungston lights, 100 of them.

Messrs. John Milling and son, Hugh, have purchased Messrs. J. F. Smith and Son's grocery, flour, feed and meat business.

Itch, Mange, Prairie Scratches, Barber's itch, and every form of contagious Itch on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by—T. B. Wallace

The Steamer Reindeer will run excursions to Picton each Friday afternoon during August, leaving Napanee at 1 p. m. Passengers may stop off at any intermediate dock and return same evening. Fare 25 cents.

The dates of harvest will be: For Manitoba, about August 15th, and in Saskatchewan from August 20th to 25th. If the weather turns warmer it may be slightly earlier, and if it should continue to be cold it might be a day or two later.

Sir Allan Aylesworth after six years of splendid public service to Canada, first as Postmaster-General and for the past five years as Minister of Justice, is retiring from the Government, and has definitely notified the North York Liberal Association that he will not again be a candidate.

Observers of the heavens will have an opportunity of witnessing a brilliant display of meteors this month when the earth passes into showers of the fast moving fiery bodies. From August 9th to 14th the display will be at its best and each evening in the eastern heavens the blazing meteors will be seen darting across the skies and leaving bright trails behind.

Poultry Wanted

LIVE OR DRESSED.

Also - Beef - Hides

Highest Market Price Paid.

FRED WILSON,

Central Meat Market

enthusiasts, most of them having long since arrived at their majority, gambling over the green grass, and having a bit of practice with bat and ball. Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Carter took in the I. O. O. F. excursion to Toronto and Niagara Falls on Wednesday.

Some fine bass are being caught in our bay just now. On Monday of this week Messrs. Frank Johnston and F. W. Robinson, of Toronto, and Earl Detlor went out, and in an hour landed ten nice ones. They were so tickled over their catch that they had Mr. Fairbairn photograph them, with a view to having the picture reproduced.

Bert and Harold Weiss, of Toronto, were visiting their sister, Mrs. N. D. Carter, on Saturday, the 29th July.

Mr. M. B. Rixen, of the Merchants Bank staff, Thamesville, is in town spending his holidays with his parents.

Quite a commotion was created on Tuesday afternoon on the wharf by the waving of a white flag out in the bay. A pretty stiff breeze was blowing at the time, and while the old sailors on land said there was no danger, the ladies became somewhat excited. However, a couple of sailors from the schooner, "Wm. Jamieson", lying at anchor in the bay, put out to the aid of the craft in a gasoline yawl. The launch was taken in tow and after considerable tossing, a landing was made at Warren's boat house. It was there learned that the steering gear had given out rendering the boat helpless. There were three gentlemen on board, who hailed from Napanee. They had been up to the lighthouse fishing when the mishap occurred. One of them got pretty wet and all seemed glad enough to be on land again. It's an ill wind that blows nobody good. The boys who went to the rescue were well paid for their trouble, and Tommy Warren was given the job of fixing the rudder.

Gasoline, high grade, Motor and Stove, at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

Odd Trousers



We are showing a full range of qualities and sizes in Men's Odd Trousers.

Special values in Work Trousers..... AT \$1.50

Other lines of good Tweeds and Worsted's at from \$1.75 to \$5

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,

Napanee, Ont.

You can see the different styles, hear the different tones, and take your choice. We trade for anything, we want twenty horses on deal and give very easy terms of payment. We also sell Organs sewing machines, separators, and the celebrated Fairbanks and Harris Gasoline engines. We have two large farms sale. Will be at Mr. Pauls store Saturdays.

VANLUVEN BROS.,
Moscow and Yarker.

A. S. Kimmery is selling immense quantities bran and shorts. Five Roses Flour \$2.05. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery, 80c bottle, Dodd's Kidney Pills, 35c box. Try our 15c. tea. Good black tea 25c. Package corn starch 5c, bulk starch 5c.

No Express next week.

Firemen's Demonstration.

The firemen's demonstration and convention, held at Port Hope on Tuesday and Wednesday, proved a highly successful event. The members of the Napanee Fire Brigade and Citizens Band went to Port Hope on the afternoon train on Tuesday and returned at midnight on Wednesday.

Tuesday the representatives from the different brigades met in convention when business appertaining to the welfare of the Eastern Ontario Volunteer Firemen's Association was transacted. The election of Officers resulted as follows:

R. Weddell, Trenton—President.
Fred J. Vanalstine, Napanee—Vice-President.

Chief Dunn, Port Hope—Sec'y Treas. Napanee was chosen as the next meeting of the Convention and Demonstration, and the date fixed was the second Tuesday and Wednesday in August, 1912.

Wednesday afternoon the firemen's sport programme was pulled off in the park which is located about half a mile north east of the town and was beautifully adapted for the events. The main feature of the sports was the contest for the beautiful trophy, donated by Mr. R. Weddell of Trenton and which was won by Napanee in Trenton one year ago. There were four contestants and the result is as follows:

Trenton, 34½ seconds.
Deseronto, 34½ seconds.
Napanee, 30½ seconds.
Cobourg, 30½ seconds.

The 100 yards dash, open, was won by E. Roach, Deseronto; G. Hanback, Cobourg, second—Time 11½ seconds.

100 yard dash, firemen, P. J. Johnston, E. Roach, Deseronto—Time 11 seconds.

Chief's race, 100 yards—P. J. Johnston, Deseronto; Wallace, Port Hope—Time 12 seconds.

100 yard dash, Port Hope band, Bandsman Bateman, T. Gifford—Time 12 3-5 seconds.

One mile race—H. McGorman, G. Strewhman—Time, 4 minutes, 38 seconds.

100 yard dash, Port Hope firemen—Wakly and McLennan—Time 12 3-5 seconds.

Tug-of-war—Cobourg vs Napanee—Cobourg.

Napanee firemen were awarded first prize for best appearing company on parade, and Deseronto was given the prize for company coming the longest distance.

Everything taken into consideration the tournament was highly successful, and as this is only the second meet of the association since its organization in 1910, larger thinger things may be looked for when the demonstration is held in Napanee next year.

Hotter Than Biazes

is that marvelous family liniment and pain-killer, Merrill's Wizard Lightning. Cures sore lungs and throat, colic, cramps, gas on the stomach, earache, toothache, rheumatic and neuralgic pain and female monthly pain, almost instantly. Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.

Will save you travelling expenses and commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look for us.

V. KOUBER, Napanee

PRESSED HAY AND STRAW

WOOD OF ALL KINDS.

The Best in Groceries
Flour, Feed, Etc.

S. CASEY DENISON.

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IMPROVE THEIR APPEARANCE

Have your Suit Pressed and put in First-Class Shape

Prices :

Suits Pressed 50c

Coats " 35c

Trousers 15c

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Napanee.

Sunday Services at 10:30 a.m., and 7 p.m.
Rev. G. W. McColl, B. A., Pastor.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Norris Briscoe are at F. F. Miller's bungalow.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Sanderson and child, Buffalo are renewing acquaintances in Napanee.

The Misses Rena and Gena Ostrander, of Picton, have been spending a couple of weeks visiting Miss Edna Laidley.

The old Hay Bay Methodist church will be a scene of festivities on Monday when the church will be re-opened. Dr. Carman and other leading Methodists will give addresses.

Dr. J. P. Vrooman spent a couple of days this week with his family at Port Carling.

In loving memory of Dennis W. Lucas who departed this life August 12th 1909.

Miss Clara Bowen left on Wednesday to visit friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Herman B. Demorest, Mrs. Church, and baby Church, of Syracuse, are guests of Mrs. Demorest, Dundas Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Douglas and family left on Tuesday to visit her father, Mr. Wm. Ferguson, Indian Head, Sask., who is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham, Dundas st., are taking the Quebec trip this week, per Steamer Alexandria.

Miss Marie Grange is spending the week at Mr. F. F. Miller's bungalow.

Mrs. W. A. Baker has gone to Ottawa for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Boice and little daughter, Bertie, of Watertown, are the guests of Mrs. Boice's parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. Vanaalstine, Mill street. Mr. Boice returned home on Tuesday, but Mrs. Boice and daughter will spend a month in town.

Mr. Earl Vanaalstine, Brockville, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanaalstine, Robert Street, on Sunday.

Mr. Peter Shave, of Carthage, N. Y., spent Sunday at Camden the guest of his mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thompson spent a couple of days in Trenton this

Mr. Jas. A. Ferguson spent last week in Oswego, N. Y.

Messrs. Miles Miller and Bruce Jemmett are spending a few days in Toronto.

Miss Mae Shorey left this week for Vancouver, B. C.

Mrs. Dooxey is spending a few days in New York.

Mr. Ray Grooms is home from Toronto for his holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Fox and son have returned to their home in East St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Vanaalstine and Mr. and Mrs. Fralick left on Sunday on their return auto trip to Chicago.

Mr. A. R. Davis, Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. T. W. Casey.

Mrs. Ostrom, Toronto, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Gilbert Casey.

Messrs. T. B. Wallace and F. F. Miller are in the west for a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Walker of Watertown spent Sunday and Monday with Mrs. Nelson Walker.

Miss Edna Brown of Syracuse is spending a couple of weeks at her home on the Deseronto Road.

Misses Ida and Elizabeth Woodcock, Syracuse, and Miss Anna Woodcock, Fredericton N. B. are spending their holidays with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Woodcock.

Miss Neta Smith is visiting her uncle in Detroit.

Mrs. Orton and Miss Leila Wright are taking in the Quebec trip on the new steamer, Geronia, this week.

Miss Jessie Neilson is spending a few days with friends at Conway.

Miss Minnie Grange returned to Winnipeg on Saturday.

Mr. Allan Neilson is spending a few days in Toronto.

Mr. Wm. Brandon left on Tuesday for the west.

Miss Edna Frizzell is visiting friends in Brockville.

Rev. W. W. Peck, Arnprior, is the guest of Dr. Simpson on his yacht.

Mrs. G. D. Hawley and Miss Edith Hawley are visiting friends in Kingston.

Mrs. Herbert Daly arrived home from England on Friday evening last.

The Misses Smith and Miss Nellie Herring are holidaying at 1000 Islands.

Mr. Will Tobey, and Miss Dorothy Tobey, Woodstock, are the guest of their grandmother, Mrs. Jas. Taylor.

Mr. Saad, of Montreal, returned home Wednesday after a visit of three weeks with his cousin, Michael Maker, Napanee.

Rev. Father O'Connor spent a few days last week in Peterborough.

Mrs. C. A. Wiseman and Mrs. E. J. Pollard will spend a few days next week with Mrs. Wiseman's sister at Chaumont, N. Y.

Mr. W. H. Hunter is on a trip through the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Haviland and family left on Wednesday for Toronto.

Miss Edith Vine is spending the week visiting her sister in Peterboro.

Miss Bella Henry is holidaying at Portland, Maine.

Messrs. M. Taylor, A. W. Boyes, W. Coates, C. D. Evvel and Samuel Wilson were at Niagara this week attending Grand Lodge I.O.O.F.

Miss Reta Craig left this week for Los Angeles, Cal., to take up nursing.

Mrs. Deming is visiting friends in Owen Sound and Toronto.

The engagement of Miss Daisy Florence Nicklin, of Acton, to Mr. F. S. Sellwood, Calgary, Alta, formerly of Napanee, is announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norris returned last week from the west.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Bell leave next week to visit friends at Waltrous, Sask.

DEATHS

GRANGE—At North Fredericksburgh, on Wednesday, August 9th, 1911, Robert Grange, aged 48 years, 2

STRATHCONA.

The farmers are through harvesting and cutting and threshing is the order of the day. Grain is turning out fairly well.

Mrs. R. Richards and family, of Toronto, are spending their holidays here the guests of Mrs. Geo. Dunlop.

Mrs. Ed Hanes is visiting friends in Belleville.

Quite a number of our citizens attended the Liberal convention in Napanee on Tuesday last.

H. E. Dunlop and R. L. Lott went to Verona on Saturday to play ball.

Our baseball club seems unable to get any games on with outside clubs. What is the matter boys?

Harold Summer, our genial station agent spent Sunday at his home, Ernestown station.

Mrs. and Miss Conger, of Napanee, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Rook on Sunday.

Mr. Luke Whalen, of Trafford, spent Wednesday in our village guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McGuire.

Mrs. A. W. Caton is seriously ill. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. L. Lott having purchased the house formerly owned by A. N. Blue is moving to our village.

Roland Cooper and A. Russell took a trip to the north country last week in search of huckleberries and were successful in securing a nice lot.

This part of the country is suffering by the hot dry weather. Late crops are very poor, also pasture.

Reciprocity is a live issue in our polling division and we hope to see it pass. We will try and give a good account of ourselves on the 21st of September.

Wm. Cooper left on Friday last for Belleville, where he has secured a lucrative situation.

Mr. Hooper, of Rochester, N. Y., spent a day or two the guest of his sons, Messrs. J. R. and L. Hooper.

The latest reason why Sir Wilfrid Laurier should not be supported, we have heard from our Conservative friends, is because he went to London in June last to ask the King to prevent Orangemen from walking on July 12th.

No spoiled pickles when you use Pure Fruit Vinegar. Sold at Hooper's, Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

Opening of Season

Brisco Opera House

MONDAY,

AUGUST 21st

WITH

"The County Sheriff"

ALEX. RAY, OPT. D.

EYE-SIGHT SPECIALIST

OF BELLEVILLE,

will be at

Campbell House, Napanee

TUESDAY EVENING,

AUGUST 22nd, FROM 8 to 10 P. M.

AND NEXT DAY,

Wednesday, August, 23rd,

From 8 o'clock in the Morning, until 3 o'clock in the Afternoon.

All forms of bad vision as well as obscure cases of eye-strain, resulting in persistent headaches and nerve strain, will receive Expert attention and correction.

SCIENTIFIC SIGHT TESTING.

Artistic Frame Fitting.

CONSULTATION FREE.

Charges Moderate.

Special Notice!

We have inaugurated a special delivery to hotels for the benefit of farmers, during the time of the progress of the sewer on front street. All orders will be delivered immediately. If you have any repair work we will send and get it from your rig and return it as soon as done.

M. S. MADOLE, Phone 13.



50,000 FARM LABORERS WANTED

FOR HARVESTING IN WESTERN CANADA

\$10 Going Trip \$18 Additional for Return on Following Conditions:

GOING DATES

AUGUST 3rd—From all stations on all lines on and South of the Grand Trunk Main Line, Toronto to Sarnia, including all stations on C.P.R. Toronto to Detroit and Branch Lines including Guelph sub-division from Guelph South and Brampton South.
AUGUST 12th—From all stations North of Grand Trunk Main Line, Toronto to Sarnia, including C.P.R. points, Bolton Jct. and west; also Grand Trunk points, Toronto to Calendar inclusive.
AUGUST 16th—From all stations in Ontario, Toronto and East, Orillia and Scotia Jct. and East on G.T.R. also Azilda and Eastern Ontario.
AUGUST 23rd—From all stations Toronto to North Bay inclusive and West.
AUGUST 25th—From all stations Toronto and East in Ontario and Quebec, also East of Orillia, Scotia Jct. and North Bay.

ONE-WAY SECOND-CLASS TICKETS WILL BE SOLD TO WINNIPEG ONLY

Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Governments will meet and engage laborers on arrival at Winnipeg. Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on Canadian Pacific where laborers are needed, east of Moose Jaw and Saskatoon, including branches, and at one cent a mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta.

A certificate is furnished with each ticket, and this certificate, when executed by farmer showing that laborer has worked thirty days or more, will be honored from that point for a second class ticket back to starting points in Ontario, at \$18.00, prior to Nov. 30th, 1911. Tickets are good only on special Farm Laborers trains, which will be run from Toronto and Ontario points to Winnipeg without change, making trip in about 36 hours, and will be issued to women as well as to men, but will not be issued at half fare to children. For full particulars see nearest C.P.R. Agent, or write—

R. L. THOMPSON, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto

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Price

T. B.

spend a month in town.
Mr. Earl Vanalstine, Brockville, was the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine, Robert Street, on Sunday.
Mr. Peter Shave, of Carthage, N. Y., spent Sunday at Camden the guest of his mother.
Mr. and Mrs. Walter Thompson spent a couple of days in Trenton this week visiting friends.
Miss Stella Douglas left on Wednesday for Buffalo where she will enter an hospital as a nurse.
Mr. Ed W. Grange, Ottawa, was in town on Tuesday in the interests of The Globe.
Miss Carrie C. Perry and Miss Edna Haviland visited Miss Marion Magee, Pines, a few days this week.
Miss Margaret Armstrong and Miss Winnie Perry are holidaying for a couple of weeks in Toronto and Stouffville.
The Misses Caroline, Margaret and Grace McConachie of South Napanee are visiting their sisters and brothers at Toronto, Brampton and Guelph.
Mrs. Mdy Daly accompanied by her niece, Miss Margaret Savage, of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived on Saturday to visit her brothers, Messrs. Henry and Jas. Savage. Miss Savage left on Thursday to visit friends in Kingston.

shake the bottle and take as directed and in 48 hours Four T's will hake your cold. Look for the four red T's. Price 25c.

Sold and recommended by T. B. Wallace, Druggist.

Napanee, is announced.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norris returned last week from the west.
Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Bell leave next week to visit friends at Waltrous, Sask.

DEATHS
GRANGE—At North Fredericksburgh, on Wednesday, August 9th, 1911, Robert Grange, aged 48 years, 2 months, 27 days.

ENTRANCE TO NORMAL.
SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES FROM LENNOX AND ADDINGTON.
Lennox and Addington.—B. R. Allen, M. J. Armstrong, F. M. Baldwin, (Hon.) F. R. Ballance, (Hon.) M. Blakely, (Hon.) W. K. Cambridge, W. L. Craig, S. Donovan, C. P. Fitzpatrick, M. Finnegan, G. L. Grange, E. Hall, E. G. Johnston, E. Laidley, (Hon.) V. McLaughlin, E. L. Morrow, L. Rockwell, K. C. Thompson, G. Taylor, B. N. Watson, E. I. Winter, M. Whiteman.

Granite Work.
We particularly invite the public to examine our work in the cemeteries and compare our lettering to that which is turned out by other shops. We have had long experience with first class work in this locality and are very careful with our foundations and are prepared to furnish prices on monuments regardless of size or quality.
C. J. PAPINEAU, M. PIZZARELLO,
Works opposite Campbell House.

Representative farmers, appointed by Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Governments will meet and engage laborers on arrival at Winnipeg.
Free transportation will be furnished at Winnipeg to points on Canadian Pacific where laborers are needed, east of Moose Jaw and Saskatoon, including branches, and at one cent a mile each way west thereof in Saskatchewan and Alberta.
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For full particulars see nearest C.P.R. Agent, or write—
R. L. THOMPSON, D.P.A., C.P.R., Toronto

Canadian National Exhibition

August 26th - TORONTO - September 11th

CORONATION YEAR LEADS THEM ALL

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Live Stock and Agriculture —Greatest show on continent! Special Prizes of \$500 each. Increased Prizes in all classes. | Art —Gems from European galleries—masters from best collections in Canada and United States. | Manufactures —Greatest display ever shown in America! Goods manufactured while you wait. |
|---|---|---|

THREE GREAT SPECIALS

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| Festival of Empire —Picturing the glories of the Coronation ceremonies, 1,500 performers in uniform. | Coldstream Guards Band —Musicians of the Royal Household, by special permission of the King. | War Beneath the Waves —Showing a battle between a Dreadnought and a Submarine. |
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HOSTS OF OTHER ATTRACTIONS
L.Y.R.A. Regatta—Athletic Sports—Boy Scouts Review—Vaudeville—Japanese Fireworks—Twelve Massed Military Bands—Trotting and Pacing Races, etc.

MAGNIFICENT DISPLAYS OF CORONATION FIREWORKS

For all Information write Manager J. O. ORR, City Hall, Toronto.



**Let's make a Jelly Roll—
With FIVE ROSES flour.**
Its *Strength* and *Fineness* hold your batter together in the long well-greased pan.
Bakes evenly.
Smooth Texture—soft, golden Crumb, spongy, porous, yielding.
No holes, nor lumps to vex you.
And when you turn it out on the damp napkin hot and *savory*, and you spread the under side with "jell"—
It doesn't get soggy nor crumbly.
Roll it gently, carefully.
Not a crack—not a break.
Perfect Smoothness—a Perfect Roll—*Yours*.
Bake anything, make anything.
Use FIVE ROSES—bread and pastry.
Melting puff paste—flaky pie crust—crinkly fritters—tooth some rolls.
FIVE ROSES for anything—everything.
Be flourwise.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached  Not Blended